VICETON- chloramphenicol tablet, coated Bimeda, Inc.

Viceton®

(chloramphenicol tablets)

CAUTION: Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

DESCRIPTION:

Chloramphenicol is a broad-spectrum antibiotic shown to have specific therapeutic activity against a wide variety of organisms. Its activity was first demonstrated in culture filtrates from a species of soil organism collected in Venezuela, later designated as **Streptomyces venezuelae**. The antibiotic was subsequently isolated from culture filtrates (1), identified chemically (2), and later synthesized (3).

Aqueous solutions of chloramphenicol are neutral in pH. Chloramphenicol is stable for several years at room temperature and forms colorless to yellowish-white crystals in the shape of elongated plates or fine needles. It is only slightly soluble in water, but soluble in alcohol and propylene glycol.

Chloramphenicol is exceptionally stable in the presence of high pH, although it is destroyed at pH's in excess of 10. Dissolved in distilled water, it can withstand boiling for five hours (1).

ACTIONS:

At low concentrations, chloramphenicol exerts a bacteriostatic effect on a wide range of pathogenic organisms, including many Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria, spirochetes, several rickettsiae and certain large viruses and Mycoplasma (PPLO) (4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13, and 13a). At high concentrations, it inhibits growth of animal and plant cells.

Chloramphenicol exerts its bacteriostatic action by inhibiting protein synthesis in susceptible organisms. Complete suppression of the assimilation of ammonia and of the incorporation of amino acids, particularly glutamic acid, together with an increased formation of ribonucleic acid (RNA), lead to an inhibition of bacterial growth (4, 14, 15, 16, and 17).

Chloramphenicol antagonizes the action of such antibiotics as penicillin and streptomycin, which act only on growing cells, but is synergistic to tetracycline, which also acts by inhibiting protein synthesis. (18) It is possible the chloramphenicol would produce similar synergism with other antibiotics which act by inhibiting protein synthesis.

In this respect, the experimentally demonstrated synergistic action between chloramphenical and gamma-globulin should be mentioned. Clinical observations in man and corresponding investigations in laboratory animals experimentally infected with various pathogenic bacteria have shown that a combination of chloramphenical with gamma-globulin or specific antisera has a greater therapeutic effect than would be expected from a mere addition of the individual effects (19,20, 21, and 22).

Many experiments have revealed that the development of resistance to chloramphenicol is rare compared with that occurring with other important antibiotics. (23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, and 34) Bacterial resistance may develop in some strains against chloramphenicol but has been encountered only infrequently in clinical usage.

Chloramphenicol achieves maximum serum levels very rapidly following oral, intravenous and intraperitoneal administration. Intramuscular injection with chloramphenicol, except certain soluble forms, results in a somewhat delayed absorption and lower serum levels than when given by the oral, intravenous, or intraperitoneal route.

Chloramphenicol diffuses readily into all body tissues, but at different concentrations. Highest concentrations are found in the liver and kidney of dogs indicating that these organs are the main route of inactivation and excretion of the metabolites. The lungs, spleen, heart and skeletal muscles contain concentrations similar to that of the blood (27, 35, 36, 37, 38, and 39).

Chloramphenicol reaches significant concentration in the aqueous and vitreous humors of the eye from the blood (4).

A significant difference from other antibiotics is its marked ability to diffuse into the cerebrospinal fluid. Within three to four hours after administration, the concentration in the cerebrospinal fluid has reached, on the average, 50% of the concentration in the serum. If the meninges are inflamed, the percentage may be even higher (4, 27, 29, 40, 41, 42, and 43).

Chloramphenicol diffuses readily into milk, pleural and ascitic fluids and crosses the placenta attaining concentrations of about 75% of that of the maternal blood (36 and 44).

Chloramphenicol is rather rapidly metabolized, mainly in the liver, by conjugation with glucuronic acid.

Approximately 55% of a single daily dose can be recovered from the urine of a treated dog. A small fraction of this is in the form of unchanged chloramphenicol (36).

A single intravenous dose of 150 mg/kg (approximately 68 mg/lb) in propylene glycol is the maximum dose tolerated by the dog. (45) No toxic effect was observed when dogs were administered orally, 200 mg/kg (approximately 91 mg/lb) daily for over four months. (40) In the mouse, the LD-50 is 150-250 mg/kg (68 to 114 mg/lb) body weight by intravenous injection and 1,500 mg/kg (approximately 681 mg/lb) by the oral administration (1 and 46).

INDICATIONS:

Chloramphenicol Tablets are recommended for oral treatment of the following conditions in dogs:

- Bacterial pulmonary infections caused by susceptible microorganisms such as: Staphylococcus aureus, Streptococcus pyogenes and Brucella bronchiseptica.
- Infections of the urinary tract caused by susceptible microorganisms such as: Escherichia coli, Proteus vulgaris, Corynebacterium renale, Streptococcus spp., and hemolytic Staphylococcus.
- Enteritis caused by susceptible microorganisms such as: *E. coli, Proteus* spp., *Salmonella* spp., and *Pseudomonas* spp.
- Infections associated with canine distemper caused by susceptible microorganisms such as: *B. bronchiseptica*, *E. coli*, *P. aeruginosa*, *Proteus* spp., *Shigella* spp. and

Neisseria catarrhalis.

Additional adjunctive therapy should be used when indicated. Most susceptible infectious disease organisms will respond to chloramphenical therapy in three to five days when the recommended dosage regimen is followed. If no response to chloramphenical therapy is obtained in three to five days, discontinue its use and review the diagnosis. Also, a change of therapy should be considered.

Laboratory tests should be conducted including *in vitro* culturing and susceptibility tests on samples collected prior to treatment.

CONTRAINDICATIONS:

Because of potential antagonism, chloramphenicol should not be administered simultaneously with penicillin or streptomycin.

WARNING:

NOT FOR USE IN ANIMALS WHICH ARE RAISED FOR FOOD PRODUCTION. CHLORAMPHENICOL PRODUCTS SHOULD NOT BE ADMINISTERED IN CONJUNCTION WITH OR 2 HOURS PRIOR TO THE INDUCTION OF GENERAL ANESTHESIA WITH PENTOBARBITAL BECAUSE OF PROLONGED RECOVERY.

CHLORAMPHENICOL SHOULD NOT BE ADMINISTERED TO DOGS MAINTAINED FOR BREEDING PURPOSES. SOME EXPERIMENTS INDICATE THAT CHLORAMPHENICOL CAUSES IN EXPERIMENTAL ANIMALS, PARTICULARLY IN FEMALES, SIGNIFICANT DISORDERS IN MORPHOLOGY AS WELL AS IN FUNCTION OF THE GONADS.

HAZARDS AND PRECAUTIONS:

- 1. This antibiotic contains a chemical structure (nitrobenzene group) that is characteristic of a group of drugs long known to depress hematopoietic activity of the bone marrow (54).
- 2. *In vitro*-tissue culture studies using canine bone marrow cells have demonstrated that extremely high concentrations of chloramphenicol inhibit both uptake of iron by the nucleated red cells and incorporation of iron into heme (55).
- 3. Chloramphenicol products should not be administered in conjunction with or two hours prior to the induction of general anesthesia with pentobarbitol because of prolonged recovery time.
- 4. Chloramphenicol products should not be administered to dogs maintained for breeding purposes. Some experiments indicate that chloramphenicol causes, in experimental animals, particularly females, significant disorders in morphology as well as in function of the gonads.

ADVERSE REACTIONS:

Certain individual dogs may exhibit transient vomiting or diarrhea after an oral dose of 25 mg/lb body weight (49).

The Safety Data Sheet (SDS) contains more detailed occupational safety information. To report suspected adverse drug events, for technical assistance or to obtain a copy of the SDS, contact Bimeda, Inc. at 1-888-524-6332. For additional information about adverse drug experience reporting for animal drugs, contact FDA at 1-88-FDA-VETS or online at www.fda.gov/reportanimalae.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION:

Dogs-25 mg/lb body weight every 6 hours for oral administration.

Keep out of reach of children.

Store at or below 25°C (77°F) in a dry place.

HOW SUPPLIED:

250 mg.....Bottles of 500's, 1000's
500 mg....Bottles of 500's
1 gram....Bottles of 100's

Approved by FDA under NADA # 055-059

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Chloramphenicol should not be administered to dogs maintained for breeding purposes. experiments indicate chloramphenicol causes in experimental animals, particularly in females, significant disorders in morphology as well as in function of the gonads.

Manufactured by:

Bimeda, Inc., Le Sueur, MN 56058, USA www.bimeda.com

Viceton® is a Registered Trademark of Bimeda, Inc.



C Bimeda

Viceton (chloramphenicol tablets)

FOR ORAL USE IN DOGS ONLY

1 Gram Tablets

Contents: 100 Tablets

Antibiotic

Net

NOT FOR USE IN HUMANS KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION: Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

Federal law prohibits the use of this drug in food-producing animals. Approved by FDA under NADA # 055-059

INDICATIONS: Viceton (chloramphenicol tablets) is indicated for treatment of the following conditions in dogs caused by chloramphenicol susceptible microorganisms: Bacterial gastroenteritis associated with bacterial diarrhea, bacterial pulmonary infections and bacterial infections of the urinary tract.

DOSAGE: Dogs-25 mg/lb body weight every 6 hours via oral administration.

WARNING: Not for use in animals which are raised for food production. Chloramphenicol products should not be administered in conjunction with or 2 hours prior to the induction of general anesthesia with pentobarbital because of prolonged recovery.

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and bacterial infections of the urinary tract.

Read package insert carefully before use.

via oral administration.

of prolonged recovery.

Read package insert carefully before use. Store at or below 25°C (77°F) in a dry place.

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1VIC007 8VIC008 Rev. 02/22



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Viceton (chloramphenicol tablets)

FOR ORAL USE IN DOGS ONLY 250 mg Tablets

Antibiotic

NOT FOR USE IN HUMANS KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION: Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

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Store at or below 25°C (77°F) in a dry place. LOT:

EXP:

Contents: 500 Tablets

Chloramphenicol should not be administered to dogs maintained for breeding purposes. Some experiments indicate that chloramphenicol causes in experimental animals, particularly in females, significant disorders in morphology as well as in function of the gonads.

Manufactured by:

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Viceton® is a Registered Trademark of Birneda, Inc.

1VIC008 8VIC009 Rev. 02/22



C Bimeda

Viceton (chloramphenicol tablets)

FOR ORAL USE IN DOGS ONLY

500 mg Tablets

Antibiotic

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LOT:

EXP:

chloramphenicol tablet, coated

Product Information

PRESCRIPTION ANIMAL DRUG NDC:61133-2212 **Product Type** Item Code (Source)

Route of Administration ORAL

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name

Basis of Strength Strength

CHLORAMPHENICOL (UNII: 66974FR9Q1) (CHLORAMPHENICOL - UNII: 66974FR9Q1) CHLORAMPHENICOL

250 mg

Product Characteristics Color vellow Score 2 pieces Shape ROUND Size 10mm Flavor **Imprint Code**

Contains

P	Packaging				
#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
1	NDC:61133-2212-1	500 in 1 BOTTLE			

Marketing Information				
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
NADA	NADA055059	10/23/2017		

VICETON

chloramphenicol tablet, coated

Product Information				
Product Type	PRESCRIPTION ANIMAL DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:61133-2213	
Route of Administration	ORAL			

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name Basis of Strength Strength

CHLORAMPHENICOL (UNII: 66974FR9Q1) (CHLORAMPHENICOL - UNII: 66974FR9Q1) CHLORAMPHENICOL 500 mg

Product Characteristics

yellow 2 pieces Color Score

Shape	ROUND	Size	12mm
Flavor		Imprint Code	
Contains			

P	Packaging				
#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
1	NDC:61133-2213-1	500 in 1 BOTTLE			

Marketing Information				
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
NADA	NADA055059	01/01/2018		

VICETON

chloramphenicol tablet, coated

Product Information			
Product Type	PRESCRIPTION ANIMAL DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:61133-2210
Route of Administration	ORAL		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name Basis of Strength Strength

CHLORAMPHENICOL (UNII: 66974FR9Q1) (CHLORAMPHENICOL - UNII:66974FR9Q1) CHLORAMPHENICOL 1 g

Product Characteristics				
Color	yellow	Score	2 pieces	
Shape	OVAL	Size	10mm	
Flavor		Imprint Code		
Contains				

P	Packaging					
#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date		
1	NDC:61133-2210-1	100 in 1 BOTTLE				

Marketing Information				
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
NADA	NADA055059	01/01/2018		

Labeler - Bimeda, Inc. (060492923)

Registrant - Bimeda, Inc. (060492923)

Establishment				
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations	
Bimeda, Inc.		060492923	manufacture	

Revised: 12/2024 Bimeda, Inc.