METHOCARBAMOL- methocarbamol tablet Major Pharmaceuticals

Methocarbamol Tablets, USP

Rx only Solco Healthcare U.S., LLC

DESCRIPTION

Methocarbamol tablets, USP, a carbamate derivative of guaifenesin, are a central nervous system (CNS) depressant with sedative and musculoskeletal relaxant properties.

The chemical name of methocarbamol is 3-(2-meth-oxyphenoxy)-1,2-propanediol 1-carbamate and has the empirical formula $C_{11}H_{15}NO_5$. Its molecular weight is 241.24. The structural formula is shown below.

Methocarbamol is a white powder, sparingly soluble in water and chloroform, soluble in alcohol (only with heating) and propylene glycol, and insoluble in benzene and *n*-hexane.

Methocarbamol tablets, USP are available as 500 mg and 750 mg tablets for oral administration. Methocarbamol tablets, USP 500 mg and 750 mg contain the following inactive ingredients: povidone, sodium starch glycolate and magnesium stearate.

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

The mechanism of action of methocarbamol in humans has not been established, but may be due to general central nervous system (CNS) depression. It has no direct action on the contractile mechanism of striated muscle, the motor end plate or the nerve fiber.

Pharmacokinetics

In healthy volunteers, the plasma clearance of methocarbamol ranges between 0.20 and 0.80 L/h/kg, the mean plasma elimination half-life ranges between 1 and 2 hours, and the plasma protein binding ranges between 46% and 50%.

Methocarbamol is metabolized via dealkylation and hydroxylation. Conjugation of methocarbamol also is likely. Essentially all methocarbamol metabolites are eliminated in the urine. Small amounts of unchanged methocarbamol also are excreted in the urine.

Special populations

Elderly

The mean (\pm SD) elimination half-life of methocarbamol in elderly healthy volunteers (mean (\pm SD) age, 69 (\pm 4) years) was slightly prolonged compared to a younger (mean (\pm SD) age, 53.3 (\pm 8.8) years), healthy population (1.5 (\pm 0.4) hours versus 1.1 (\pm 0.27) hours, respectively). The fraction of bound methocarbamol was slightly decreased in the elderly versus younger volunteers (41 to 43% versus 46 to 50%, respectively).

Renally impaired

The clearance of methocarbamol in 8 renally-impaired patients on maintenance hemodialysis was reduced about 40% compared to 17 normal subjects, although the mean (\pm SD) elimination half-life in these two groups was similar: 1.2 (\pm 0.6) versus 1.1 (\pm 0.3) hours, respectively.

Hepatically impaired

In 8 patients with cirrhosis secondary to alcohol abuse, the mean total clearance of methocarbamol was reduced approximately 70% compared to that obtained in 8 age-and weight-matched normal subjects. The mean (\pm SD) elimination half-life in the cirrhotic patients and the normal subjects was 3.38 (\pm 1.62) hours and 1.11 (\pm 0.27) hours, respectively. The percent of methocarbamol bound to plasma proteins was decreased to approximately 40 to 45% compared to 46 to 50% in the normal subjects.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

Methocarbamol tablets, USP are indicated as an adjunct to rest, physical therapy, and other measures for the relief of discomfort associated with acute, painful musculoskeletal conditions. The mode of action of methocarbamol has not been clearly identified, but may be related to its sedative properties. Methocarbamol does not directly relax tense skeletal muscles in man.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Methocarbamol tablets, USP are contraindicated in patients hypersensitive to methocarbamol or to any of the tablet components.

WARNINGS

Since methocarbamol may possess a general CNS depressant effect, patients receiving Methocarbamol tablets, USP should be cautioned about combined effects with alcohol and other CNS depressants.

Safe use of Methocarbamol tablets, USP has not been established with regard to possible adverse effects upon fetal development. There have been reports of fetal and

congenital abnormalities following in utero exposure to methocarbamol. Therefore, Methocarbamol tablets, USP should not be used in women who are or may become pregnant and particularly during early pregnancy unless in the judgment of the physician the potential benefits outweigh the possible hazards (see **Precautions, Pregnancy**).

Use In Activities Requiring Mental Alertness

Methocarbamol may impair mental and/or physical abilities required for performance of hazardous tasks, such as operating machinery or driving a motor vehicle. Patients should be cautioned about operating machinery, including automobiles, until they are reasonably certain that methocarbamol therapy does not adversely affect their ability to engage in such activities.

PRECAUTIONS

Information for patients

Patients should be cautioned that methocarbamol may cause drowsiness or dizziness, which may impair their ability to operate motor vehicles or machinery.

Because methocarbamol may possess a general CNS-depressant effect, patients should be cautioned about combined effects with alcohol and other CNS depressants.

Drug interactions

See Warnings and Precautions for interaction with CNS drugs and alcohol.

Methocarbamol may inhibit the effect of pyridostigmine bromide. Therefore, methocarbamol should be used with caution in patients with myasthenia gravis receiving anticholinesterase agents.

Drug/laboratory test interactions

Methocarbamol may cause a color interference in certain screening tests for 5-hydroxyindoleacetic acid (5-HIAA) using nitrosonaphthol reagent and in screening tests for urinary vanillylmandelic acid (VMA) using the Gitlow method.

Carcinogenesis, mutagenesis, impairment of fertility

Long-term studies to evaluate the carcinogenic potential of methocarbamol have not been performed. No studies have been conducted to assess the effect of methocarbamol on mutagenesis or its potential to impair fertility.

Pregnancy

Teratogenic effects - Pregnancy Category C

Animal reproduction studies have not been conducted with methocarbamol. It is also not known whether methocarbamol can cause fetal harm when administered to a pregnant woman or can affect reproduction capacity. Methocarbamol tablets, USP should be given to a pregnant woman only if clearly needed.

Safe use of Methocarbamol tablets, USP has not been established with regard to

possible adverse effects upon fetal development. There have been reports of fetal and congenital abnormalities following in utero exposure to methocarbamol. Therefore, Methocarbamol tablets, USP should not be used in women who are or may become pregnant and particularly during early pregnancy unless in the judgment of the physician the potential benefits outweigh the possible hazards (see **Warnings**).

Nursing mothers

Methocarbamol and/or its metabolites are excreted in the milk of dogs; however, it is not known whether methocarbamol or its metabolites are excreted in human milk. Because many drugs are excreted in human milk, caution should be exercised when Methocarbamol tablets, USP are administered to a nursing woman.

Pediatric use

Safety and effectiveness of Methocarbamol tablets, USP in pediatric patients below the age of 16 have not been established.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

Adverse reactions reported coincident with the administration of methocarbamol include:

Body as a whole:

Anaphylactic reaction, angioneurotic edema, fever, headache

Cardiovascular system:

Bradycardia, flushing, hypotension, syncope, thrombophlebitis

Digestive system:

Dyspepsia, jaundice (including cholestatic jaundice), nausea and vomiting

Hemic and lymphatic system:

Leukopenia

Immune system:

Hypersensitivity reactions

Nervous system:

Amnesia, confusion, diplopia, dizziness or lightheadedness, drowsiness, insomnia, mild muscular incoordination, nystagmus, sedation, seizures (including grand mal), vertigo

Skin and special senses:

Blurred vision, conjunctivitis, nasal congestion, metallic taste, pruritus, rash, urticaria

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Solco Healthcare at 1-866-257-2597 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch.

OVERDOSAGE

Limited information is available on the acute toxicity of methocarbamol. Overdose of methocarbamol is frequently in conjunction with alcohol or other CNS depressants and includes the following symptoms: nausea, drowsiness, blurred vision, hypotension, seizures, and coma.

In post-marketing experience, deaths have been reported with an overdose of methocarbamol alone or in the presence of other CNS depressants, alcohol or psychotropic drugs.

Treatment

Management of overdose includes symptomatic and supportive treatment. Supportive measures include maintenance of an adequate airway, monitoring urinary output and vital signs, and administration of intravenous fluids if necessary. The usefulness of hemodialysis in managing overdose is unknown.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

Methocarbamol tablets, USP, 500 mg - Adults:

Initial dosage: 3 tablets q.i.d.

Maintenance dosage: 2 tablets q.i.d.

Methocarbamol tablets, USP: 750 mg - Adults:

Initial dosage: 2 tablets q.i.d.

Maintenance dosage: 1 tablet q.4h. or 2 tablets t.i.d.

Six grams a day are recommended for the first 48 to 72 hours of treatment. (For severe conditions 8 grams a day may be administered). Thereafter, the dosage can usually be reduced to approximately 4 grams a day.

HOW SUPPLIED

Methocarbamol tablets, USP

500 mg tablets are round standard convex, scored, white to off-white tablet, debossed S 225 on one side and plain on the reverse side.

They are supplied as follows:

Cartons of 100 tablets (10 tablets each blister pack x 10), NDC 0904-7057-61

Methocarbamol tablets, USP

750 mg tablets are modified capsule shape, white to off-white tablet, debossed S 226 on one side and plain on the reverse side.

They are supplied as follows:

Cartons of 100 tablets (10 tablets each blister pack x 10), NDC 0904-7058-61

Store at controlled room temperature, between 20°C and 25°C (68°F and 77°F).

[see USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Dispense in tight container.

Distributed by: Solco Healthcare U.S., LLC Somerset, NJ 08873, USA

Manufactured by: Prinston Laboratories

3241 Woodpark Blvd, Charlotte, NC 28206

Packaged and Distributed by:

MAJOR® PHARMACEUTICALS

Indianapolis, IN 46268 USA

Refer to package label for Distributor's NDC Number

Revised: 06/2022 9040321-05

Rx only

Package/Label Display Panel

MAJOR®

NDC 0904-7057-61

Unit Dose

Methocarbamol

Tablets, USP

500 mg

100 TABLETS (10 x 10)

Rx only





NDC 0904-7057-61

Unit Dose

Methocarbamol

Tablets, USP

500 mg

100 TABLETS (10 x 10)

Rx only

MAJOR°

NDC 0904-7057-61

Unit Dose

Methocarbamol

Tablets, USP

500 mg

Each tablet contains 500 mg of Methocarbamol, USP.

Dosage: See product insert for full prescribing information, precautions and warnings.

Store at controlled room temperature, between 20°C and 25°C (68°F and 77°F). [see USP Controlled Room Temperature].

Dispense in tight container.

Keep this and all drugs out of the reach of children. This Unit Dose package is not child resistant and is Intended for Institutional Use Only.

PN: 11739-1

Rev. 04/24

The drug product contained in this package is from NDC # 43547-405, Solco Healthcare LLC

Packaged and Distributed by: MAJOR' PHARMACEUTICALS Indianapolis, IN 46268 USA www.majorpharmaceuticals.com



Package/Label Display Panel

MAJOR®

NDC 0904-7058-61

Unit Dose

Methocarbamol

Tablets, USP

750 mg

100 TABLETS (10 x 10)

Rx only

MAJOR°



NDC 0904-7058-61

Unit Dose

Methocarbamol

Tablets, USP

750 mg

100 TABLETS (10 x 10)

Rx only

MAJOR°

NDC 0904-7058-61

Unit Dose

Methocarbamol

Tablets, USP

750 mg

Each tablet contains 750 mg of Methocarbamol, USP.

Dosage: See product insert for full prescribing information, precautions and warnings.

Store at controlled room temperature, between 20°C and 25°C (68°F and 77°F). [see USP Controlled Room Temperature].

Dispense in tight container.

Keep this and all drugs out of the reach of children. This Unit Dose package is not child resistant and is Intended for Institutional Use Only.

PN: 11740-1

Rev. 04/24

The drug product contained in this package is from NDC # 43547-226, Solco Healthcare LLC

Packaged and Distributed by: MAJOR' PHARMACEUTICALS Indianapolis, IN 46268 USA www.majorpharmaceuticals.com



(01)00309047058617

METHOCARBAMOL

methocarbamol tablet

Product	Inform	ation
FIUUUCL		ation

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION	Item Code	NDC:0904-7057(NDC:43547-
	DRUG	(Source)	405)
Route of Administration	ORAL		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
METHOCARBAMOL (UNII: 1250D7737X) (METHOCARBAMOL - UNII:1250D7737X)	METHOCARBAMOL	500 mg

Inactive Ingredients			
Ingredient Name	Strength		
POVIDONE, UNSPECIFIED (UNII: FZ 989GH94E)			
SODIUM STARCH GLYCOLATE TYPE A POTATO (UNII: 5856J3G2A2)			
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)			

Product Characteristics				
Color	WHITE (white to off-white)	Score	2 pieces	
Shape	ROUND	Size	15mm	
Flavor		Imprint Code	S;225	
Contains				

P	Packaging				
#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
1	NDC:0904-7057- 61	100 in 1 CARTON	12/15/2017		
1		1 in 1 BLISTER PACK; Type 0: Not a Combination Product			

Marketing Information				
Marketing Application Number or Monograph Marketing Start Marketing Education Citation Date Date				
ANDA	ANDA086989	12/15/2017		

METHOCARBAMOL

methocarbamol tablet

Product Information

	Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:0904-7058(NDC:43547- 226)
l	Route of Administration	ORAL		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety			
Ingredient Name Basis of Strength			
METHOCARBAMOL (UNII: 1250D7737X) (METHOCARBAMOL - UNII:1250D7737X)	METHOCARBAMOL	750 mg	

Inactive Ingredients			
Ingredient Name	Strength		
POVIDONE, UNSPECIFIED (UNII: FZ 989GH94E)			
SODIUM STARCH GLYCOLATE TYPE A POTATO (UNII: 5856J3G2A2)			
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)			

Product Characteristics					
Color	WHITE (white to off-white)	Score	no score		
Shape	CAPSULE (capsule-shaped)	Size	18mm		
Flavor		Imprint Code	S226		
Contains	Contains				

I	Packaging				
7	# Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
:	NDC:0904-7058- 61	100 in 1 CARTON	01/15/2013		
:	L	1 in 1 BLISTER PACK; Type 0: Not a Combination Product			

Marketing Information			
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA086988	01/15/2013	

Labeler - Major Pharmaceuticals (191427277)

Revised: 2/2025 Major Pharmaceuticals