# DIPHENHYDRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE- diphenhydramine hydrochloride injection A-S Medication Solutions

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## Diphenhydramine Hydrochloride Injection, USP Rx only

#### **DESCRIPTION**

Diphenhydramine Hydrochloride Injection is a sterile, nonpyrogenic solution for intravenous or deep intramuscular use as an antihistaminic agent. Each mL contains diphenhydramine hydrochloride 50 mg and benzethonium chloride 100 mcg in Water for Injection. pH 4.0-6.5; sodium hydroxide and/or hydrochloric acid added, if needed, for pH adjustment.

The chemical name of diphenhydramine hydrochloride is 2-(Diphenylmethoxy)-N,N-dimethylethylamine hydrochloride. The structural formula is as follows:

C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NO • HCI MW 291.82

Diphenhydramine hydrochloride occurs as a white crystalline powder and is freely soluble in water and alcohol.

#### CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Diphenhydramine hydrochloride is an antihistamine with anticholinergic (drying) and sedative side effects. Antihistamines appear to compete with histamine for cell receptor sites on effector cells.

Diphenhydramine hydrochloride in the injectable form has a rapid onset of action. Diphenhydramine is widely distributed throughout the body, including the CNS. A portion of the drug is excreted unchanged in the urine, while the rest is metabolized via the liver. Detailed information on the pharmacokinetics of Diphenhydramine Hydrochloride Injection is not available.

#### INDICATIONS AND USAGE

Diphenhydramine Hydrochloride Injection is effective in adults and pediatric patients, other than premature infants and neonates, for the following conditions when the oral

form is impractical:

#### **Antihistaminic**

For amelioration of allergic reactions to blood or plasma, in anaphylaxis as an adjunct to epinephrine and other standard measures after the acute symptoms have been controlled and for other uncomplicated allergic conditions of the immediate type when oral therapy is impossible or contraindicated.

## **Motion Sickness**

For active treatment of motion sickness.

## **Antiparkinsonism**

For use in parkinsonism, when oral therapy is impossible or contraindicated, as follows: parkinsonism in the elderly who are unable to tolerate more potent agents, mild cases of parkinsonism in other age groups and in other cases of parkinsonism in combination with centrally acting anticholinergic agents.

#### CONTRAINDICATIONS

#### Use in Neonates or Premature Infants

This drug should <u>not</u> be used in neonates or premature infants.

## **Use in Nursing Mothers**

Because of the higher risk of antihistamines for infants generally, and for neonates and prematures in particular, antihistamine therapy is contraindicated in nursing mothers.

#### Use as a Local Anesthetic

Because of the risk of local necrosis, this drug should not be used as a local anesthetic.

## Antihistamines are also Contraindicated in the Following Conditions

Hypersensitivity to diphenhydramine hydrochloride and other antihistamines of similar chemical structure.

## **WARNINGS**

Antihistamines should be used with considerable caution in patients with narrow-angle glaucoma, stenosing peptic ulcer, pyloroduodenal obstruction, symptomatic prostatic hypertrophy or bladder-neck obstruction.

Local necrosis has been associated with the use of subcutaneous or intradermal use of intravenous diphenhydramine.

#### **Use in Pediatric Patients**

In pediatric patients, especially, antihistamines in *overdosage* may cause hallucinations, convulsions or death.

As in adults, antihistamines may diminish mental alertness in pediatric patients. In the young pediatric patient, particularly, they may produce excitation.

## Use in the Elderly (approximately 60 years or older)

Antihistamines are more likely to cause dizziness, sedation and hypotension in elderly patients.

#### **PRECAUTIONS**

## General

Diphenhydramine hydrochloride has an atropine-like action and, therefore, should be used with caution in patients with a history of bronchial asthma, increased intraocular pressure, hyperthyroidism, cardiovascular disease or hypertension. Use with caution in patients with lower respiratory disease, including asthma.

## **Information for Patients**

Patients taking diphenhydramine hydrochloride should be advised that this drug may cause drowsiness and has an additive effect with alcohol.

Patients should be warned about engaging in activities requiring mental alertness, such as driving a car or operating appliances, machinery, etc.

## **Drug Interactions**

Diphenhydramine hydrochloride has additive effects with alcohol and other CNS depressants (hypnotics, sedatives, tranquilizers, etc.)

MAO inhibitors prolong and intensify the anticholinergic (drying) effects of antihistamines.

## Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility

Long-term studies in animals to determine mutagenic and carcinogenic potential have not been performed.

## **Pregnancy**

Teratogenic Effects—Pregnancy Category B

Reproduction studies have been performed in rats and rabbits at doses up to 5 times the human dose and have revealed no evidence of impaired fertility or harm to the fetus due to diphenhydramine hydrochloride. There are, however, no adequate and well-controlled studies in pregnant women. Because animal reproduction studies are not always predictive of human response, this drug should be used during pregnancy only if clearly needed.

#### **Pediatric Use**

Diphenhydramine should not be used in neonates and premature infants (see **CONTRAINDICATIONS**).

Diphenhydramine may diminish mental alertness, or in the young pediatric patient, cause excitation. Overdosage may cause hallucinations, convulsions or death (see **WARNINGS** and **OVERDOSAGE**).

See also **DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION** section.

#### **ADVERSE REACTIONS**

The most frequent adverse reactions are italicized.

#### General

Urticaria; drug rash; anaphylactic shock; photosensitivity; excessive perspiration; chills; dryness of mouth, nose and throat.

## Cardiovascular System

Hypotension, headache, palpitations, tachycardia, extrasystoles.

## **Hematologic System**

Hemolytic anemia, thrombocytopenia, agranulocytosis.

## **Nervous System**

Sedation, sleepiness, dizziness, disturbed coordination, fatigue, confusion, restlessness, excitation, nervousness, tremor, irritability, insomnia, euphoria, paresthesia, blurred vision, diplopia, vertigo, tinnitus, acute labyrinthitis, neuritis, convulsions.

## **Gastrointestinal System**

Epigastric distress, anorexia, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, constipation.

## **Genitourinary System**

Urinary frequency, difficult urination, urinary retention, early menses.

## **Respiratory System**

Thickening of bronchial secretions, tightness of chest and wheezing, nasal stuffiness.

#### **OVERDOSAGE**

Antihistamine overdosage reactions may vary from central nervous system depression to stimulation. Stimulation is particularly likely in pediatric patients. Atropine-like signs and symptoms, dry mouth; fixed, dilated pupils; flushing, and gastrointestinal symptoms may also occur.

Stimulants should **not** be used.

Vasopressors may be used to treat hypotension.

#### DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

THIS PRODUCT IS FOR INTRAVENOUS OR INTRAMUSCULAR ADMINISTRATION ONLY.

Diphenhydramine Hydrochloride Injection is indicated when the oral form is impractical.

DOSAGE SHOULD BE INDIVIDUALIZED ACCORDING TO THE NEEDS AND THE RESPONSE OF THE PATIENT.

## **Pediatric Patients, Other Than Premature Infants and Neonates**

5 mg/kg/24 hours or 150 mg/m<sup>2</sup>/24 hours. Maximum daily dosage is 300 mg. Divide into four doses, administered intravenously at a rate generally not exceeding 25 mg/min, or deep intramuscularly.

#### **Adults**

10 to 50 mg intravenously at a rate generally not exceeding 25 mg/min, or deep intramuscularly; 100 mg if required; maximum daily dosage is 400 mg.

Parenteral drug products should be inspected visually for particulate matter and discoloration prior to administration, whenever solution and container permit.

### **HOW SUPPLIED**

Product: 50090-1841

NDC: 50090-1841-0 1 mL in a VIAL / 25 in a PACKAGE

## diphenhydramine hydrochloride



## DIPHENHYDRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE

diphenhydramine hydrochloride injection

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I	Product Type	DRUG	(Source)	0376)
	Route of Administration	INTRAMUS CULAR, INTRAVENOUS		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety				
Ingredient Name	<b>Basis of Strength</b>	Strength		
<b>DIPHENHYDRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b> (UNII: TC2D6JAD40) (DIPHENHYDRAMINE - UNII:8GTS82S83M)	DIPHENHYDRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE	50 mg in 1 mL		

Inactive Ingredients				
Ingredient Name	Strength			
BENZETHONIUM CHLORIDE (UNII: PH41D05744)	100 ug in 1 mL			
WATER (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)				
SODIUM HYDROXIDE (UNII: 55X04QC32I)				
HYDROCHLORIC ACID (UNII: QTT17582CB)				

P	Packaging				
#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
1	NDC:50090- 1841-0	25 in 1 PACKAGE	05/21/2015		
1		1 mL in 1 VIAL; Type 0: Not a Combination Product			

Marketing Information			
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA080817	11/27/1972	

## **Labeler -** A-S Medication Solutions (830016429)

Establishment				
Na me	Address	ID/FEI	<b>Business Operations</b>	
A-S Medication Solutions		830016429	RELABEL(50090-1841)	

Revised: 2/2024 A-S Medication Solutions