HYDROXYZINE HYDROCHLORIDE- hydroxyzine hydrochloride tablet, film coated

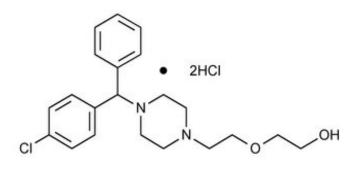
Rising Pharma Holdings, Inc.

Hydroxyzine Hydrochloride Tablets, USP

Rx only

DESCRIPTION

Hydroxyzine hydrochloride, USP has the chemical name of 2-[2-[4-(*p*-Chloro-α-phenylbenzyl)-1-piperazinyl]ethoxy]ethanol dihydrochloride.



C₂₁H₂₇ClN₂O₂ . 2HCl M.W. 447.83

Hydroxyzine hydrochloride, USP occurs as a white, odorless powder which is very soluble in water.

Each tablet for oral administration contains 10 mg, 25 mg, or 50 mg hydroxyzine hydrochloride, USP. Inactive ingredients include: microcrystalline cellulose, colloidal silicon dioxide, crospovidone, lactose anhydrous, sodium starch glycolate, magnesium stearate, and purified water.

Instacoat aqua III white inactive ingredients include: hypromellose, polydextrose, triacetin, polyethylene glycol, and titanium dioxide.

FDA approved dissolution test specifications differ from USP.

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Hydroxyzine hydrochloride is unrelated chemically to the phenothiazines, reserpine, meprobamate or the benzodiazepines. Hydroxyzine is not a cortical depressant, but its action may be due to a suppression of activity in certain key regions of the subcortical area of the central nervous system.

Primary skeletal muscle relaxation has been demonstrated experimentally. Bronchodilator activity, and antihistaminic and analgesic effects have been demonstrated experimentally and confirmed clinically. An antiemetic effect, both by the apomorphine test and the veriloid test, has been demonstrated. Pharmacological and clinical studies indicate that hydroxyzine in therapeutic dosage does not increase gastric secretion or acidity and in most cases has mild antisecretory activity.

Hydroxyzine is rapidly absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract and hydroxyzine's clinical effects are usually noted within 15 to 30 minutes after oral administration.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

For symptomatic relief of anxiety and tension associated with psychoneurosis and as an adjunct in organic disease states in which anxiety is manifested.

Useful in the management of pruritus due to allergic conditions such as chronic urticaria and atopic and contact dermatoses and in histamine-mediated pruritus.

As a sedative when used as a premedication and following general anesthesia, **hydroxyzine may potentiate meperidine and barbiturates**, so their use in preanesthetic adjunctive therapy should be modified on an individual basis. Atropine and other belladonna alkaloids are not affected by the drug. Hydroxyzine is not known to interfere with the action of digitalis in any way and it may be used concurrently with this agent.

The effectiveness of hydroxyzine as an antianxiety agent for long term use, that is more than 4 months, has not been assessed by systematic clinical studies. The physician should reassess periodically the usefulness of the drug for the individual patient.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Oral hydroxyzine hydrochloride is contraindicated in patients with known hypersensitivity to hydroxyzine hydrochloride products, and in patients with known hypersensitivity to cetirizine hydrochloride or levocetirizine hydrochloride.

Hydroxyzine is contraindicated in patients with a prolonged QT interval.

Hydroxyzine, when administered to the pregnant mouse, rat, and rabbit induced fetal abnormalities in the rat and mouse at doses substantially above the human therapeutic range. Clinical data in human beings are inadequate to establish safety in early pregnancy. Until such data are available, hydroxyzine is contraindicated in early pregnancy.

Hydroxyzine is contraindicated for patients who have shown a previous hypersensitivity to any component of this medication.

WARNINGS

Nursing Mothers

It is not known whether this drug is excreted in human milk. Since many drugs are so excreted, hydroxyzine should not be given to nursing mothers.

PRECAUTIONS

THE POTENTIATING ACTION OF HYDROXYZINE MUST BE CONSIDERED WHEN THE DRUG IS USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM DEPRESSANTS SUCH AS NARCOTICS, NON-NARCOTIC ANALGESICS AND BARBITURATES. Therefore, when central nervous system depressants are administered concomitantly with hydroxyzine their dosage should be reduced.

QT Prolongation/Torsade de Pointes (TdP): Cases of QT prolongation and Torsade de Pointes have been reported during post-marketing use of hydroxyzine. The majority of reports occurred in patients with other risk factors for QT prolongation/TdP (preexisting heart disease, electrolyte imbalances or concomitant arrhythmogenic drug use). Therefore, hydroxyzine should be used with caution in patients with risk factors for QT prolongation, congenital long QT syndrome, a family history of long QT syndrome, other conditions that predispose to QT prolongation and ventricular arrhythmia, as well as recent myocardial infarction, uncompensated heart failure, and bradyarrhythmias.

Caution is recommended during the concomitant use of drugs known to prolong the QT interval. These include Class 1A (e.g., quinidine, procainamide) or Class III (e.g., amiodarone, sotalol) antiarrhythmics, certain antipsychotics (e.g., ziprasidone, iloperidone, clozapine, quetiapine, chlorpromazine), certain antidepressants (e.g., citalopram, fluoxetine), certain antibiotics (e.g., azithromycin, erythromycin, clarithromycin, gatifloxacin, moxifloxacin); and others (e.g., pentamidine, methadone, ondansetron, droperidol).

Since drowsiness may occur with use of this drug, patients should be warned of this possibility and cautioned against driving a car or operating dangerous machinery while taking hydroxyzine. Patients should also be advised against the simultaneous use of other CNS depressant drugs, and cautioned that the effects of alcohol may be increased.

Geriatric Use

A determination has not been made whether controlled clinical studies of hydroxyzine included sufficient numbers of subjects aged 65 and over to define a difference in response from younger subjects. Other reported clinical experience has not identified differences in responses between the elderly and younger patients. In general, dose selection for an elderly patient should be cautious, usually starting at the low end of the dosing range, reflecting the greater frequency of decreased hepatic, renal or cardiac function, and of concomitant disease or other drug therapy.

The extent of renal excretion of hydroxyzine has not been determined. Because elderly patients are more likely to have decreased renal function, care should be taken in dose selections.

Sedating drugs may cause confusion and over sedation in the elderly; elderly patients generally should be started on low doses of hydroxyzine and observed closely.

Acute Generalized Exanthematous Pustulosis (AGEP)

Hydroxyzine may rarely cause acute generalized exanthematous pustulosis (AGEP), a serious skin reaction characterized by fever and numerous small, superficial, non-follicular, sterile pustules, arising within large areas of edematous erythema. Inform patients about the signs of AGEP, and discontinue hydroxyzine at the first appearance of a skin rash, worsening of pre-existing skin reactions which hydroxyzine may be used

to treat, or any other sign of hypersensitivity. If signs or symptoms suggest AGEP, use of hydroxyzine should not be resumed and alternative therapy should be considered. Avoid cetirizine or levocetirizine in patients who have experienced AGEP or other hypersensitivity reactions with hydroxyzine, due to the risk of cross-sensitivity.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

Side effects reported with the administration of hydroxyzine hydrochloride are usually mild and transitory in nature.

Anticholinergic: Dry mouth.

Central Nervous System: Drowsiness is usually transitory and may disappear in a few days of continued therapy or upon reduction of dose. Involuntary motor activity including rare instances of tremor and convulsions have been reported, usually with doses considerably higher than those recommended. Clinically significant respiratory depression has not been reported at recommended doses.

Cardiac System: QT prolongation, Torsade de Pointes.

In postmarketing experience, the following additional undesirable effects have been reported:

Body as a Whole: Allergic reaction.

Nervous System: Headache.

Psychiatric: Hallucination.

Skin and Appendages: Oral hydroxyzine is associated with Acute Generalized Exanthematous Pustulosis (AGEP) and fixed drug eruptions in postmarketing reports; pruritus, rash, urticaria.

OVERDOSAGE

The most common manifestation of hydroxyzine overdosage is hypersedation. Other reported signs and symptoms were convulsions, stupor, nausea and vomiting. As in the management of overdosage with any drug, it should be borne in mind that multiple agents may have been taken.

If vomiting has not occurred spontaneously, it should be induced. Immediate gastric lavage is also recommended. General supportive care, including frequent monitoring of the vital signs and close observation of the patient, is indicated. Hypotension, though unlikely, may be controlled with intravenous fluids and levarterenol or metaraminol. Do not use epinephrine as hydroxyzine counteracts its pressor action.

Hydroxyzine overdose may cause QT prolongation and Torsade de Pointes. ECG monitoring is recommended in cases of hydroxyzine overdose.

There is no specific antidote. It is doubtful that hemodialysis would be of any value in the treatment of overdosage with hydroxyzine. However, if other agents such as barbiturates have been ingested concomitantly, hemodialysis may be indicated. There is no practical method to quantitate hydroxyzine in body fluids or tissue after its ingestion or administration.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

For symptomatic relief of anxiety and tension associated with psychoneurosis and as an adjunct in organic disease states in which anxiety is manifested: adults, 50 to 100 mg q.i.d.; children under 6 years, 50 mg daily in divided doses; children over 6 years, 50 to 100 mg daily in divided doses.

For use in the management of pruritus due to allergic conditions such as chronic urticaria and atopic and contact dermatoses and in histamine-mediated pruritus: adults, 25 mg t.i.d. or q.i.d.; children under 6 years, 50 mg daily in divided doses; children over 6 years, 50 to 100 mg daily in divided doses.

As a sedative when used as a premedication and following general anesthesia: 50 to 100 mg for adults and 0.6 mg/kg of body weight in children.

When treatment is initiated by the intramuscular route of administration, subsequent doses may be administered orally.

As with all potent medication, the dosage should be adjusted according to the patient's response to therapy.

HOW SUPPLIED

Hydroxyzine Hydrochloride Tablets USP, 10 mg are available as round, film-coated, white tablets, debossed with "5" on one side and plain on the other side, containing 10 mg hydroxyzine hydrochloride, USP packaged in bottles of 100 (NDC 16571-113-01) 500 (NDC 16571-113-50) tablets.

Hydroxyzine Hydrochloride Tablets USP, 25 mg are available as round, film-coated, white tablets, debossed with "50" on one side and plain on the other side, containing 25 mg hydroxyzine hydrochloride, USP packaged in bottles of 100 (NDC 16571-114-01), 500 (NDC 16571-114-50) and 1,000 (NDC 16571-114-10) tablets.

Hydroxyzine Hydrochloride Tablets USP, 50 mg are available as round, film-coated, white tablets, debossed with "49" on one side and plain on the other side, containing 50 mg hydroxyzine hydrochloride, USP packaged in bottles of 100 (NDC 16571-115-01), 500 (NDC 16571-115-50) and 1,000 (NDC 16571-115-10) tablets.

Dispense in a tight container as defined in the USP, with a child-resistant closure (as required).

Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F) [See USP Controlled Room Temperature].

KEEP THIS AND ALL MEDICATIONS OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.

Manufactured by:

Graviti Pharmaceuticals Pvt Ltd

Telangana-502307, INDIA

Distributed by:

Rising Pharma Holdings, Inc.

East Brunswick, NJ 08816

Mfg. Lic. No.: 12/SRD/TS/2017/F/G.

Issued: 07/2023

PACKAGE LABEL.PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 16571-113-01

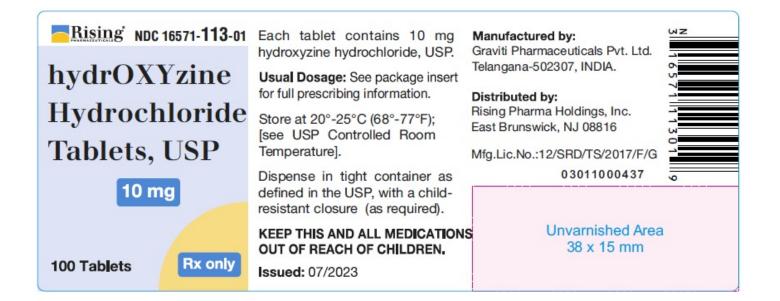
Rising Pharma Holdings, Inc.

hydrOXYzine Hydrochloride Tablets, USP

10 mg

Rx Only

100 Tablets



PACKAGE LABEL.PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 16571-114-01

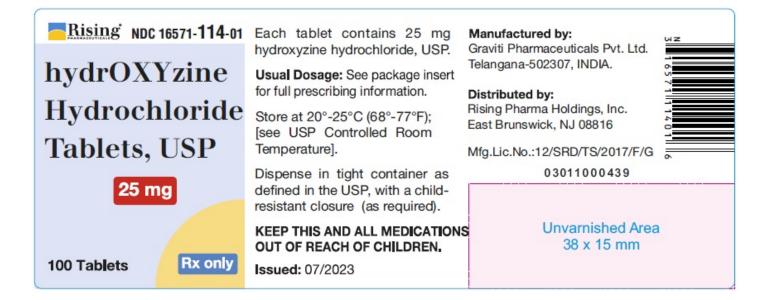
Rising Pharma Holdings, Inc.

hydrOXYzine Hydrochloride Tablets, USP

25 mg

Rx Only

100 Tablets



PACKAGE LABEL.PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 16571-115-01

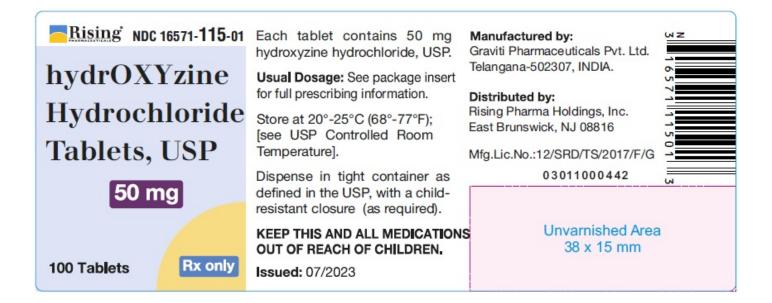
Rising Pharma Holdings, Inc.

hydrOXYzine Hydrochloride Tablets, USP

50 mg

Rx Only

100 Tablets



HYDROXYZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

hydroxyzine hydrochloride tablet, film coated

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item C	Code (Source)	NDC:1	6571-113
Route of Administration	ORAL				
Active Ingredient/Active	Moiety				
Ingree	dient Name		Basis of Stren	gth	Strength
HYDROXYZINE DIHYDROCHLORI UNII:30S50YM8OG)	DE (UNII: 76755771U3) (HYDROXYZ	INE -	HYDROXYZ INE DIHYDROCHLORIDE		10 mg
Inactive Ingredients					
	Ingredient Name			St	rength
MICROCRYSTALLINE CELLULOSE	E (UNII: OP1R32D61U)				
SILICON DIOXIDE (UNII: ETJ7Z6XBU4)					
CROSPOVIDONE (UNII: 2S7830E56	51)				
ANHYDROUS LACTOSE (UNII: 3SY	5LH9PMK)				
SODIUM STARCH GLYCOLATE TY	(PE A (UNII: H8AV0SQX4D)				
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70	097M6I30)				
WATER (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)					
HYPROMELLOSE 2910 (3 MPA.S) (UNII: 0VUT3PMY82)				
HYPROMELLOSE 2910 (6 MPA.S) (UNII: 0WZ8WG20P6)				
HYPROMELLOSE 2910 (50 MPA.	S) (UNII: 1IVH67816N)				
POLYDEXTROSE (UNII: VH2XOU12	IE)				
TRIACETIN (UNII: XHX3C3X673)					
POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL, UNSPE	CIFIED (UNII: 3WJQ0SDW1A)				
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (UNII: 15FIX9V	2JP)				
Product Characteristics					

Color	WHITE	Score	no score
Shape	ROUND	Size	4mm
Flavor		Imprint Code	5
Contains			

Packaging

	#	ltem Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
		NDC:16571-113- 01	100 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/22/2023	
	2	NDC:16571-113- 50	500 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/22/2023	
I					

Marketing Information						
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date			
ANDA	ANDA217652	08/22/2023				

Product Information							
Product Type HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG Item Code (Source) NDC:16571-11							
Route of Administration							
Active Ingredient/Act	ive Moietv						
-	gredient Name			Basis of Stre	nath	Strengt	
HYDROXYZINE DIHYDROCHL UNII:30S50YM8OG)	-	771U3) (HYDROXYZ	INE -	HYDROXYZ INE DIHYDROCHLORIDE		25 mg	
Inactive Ingredients							
					St	rength	
		D610)					
SILICON DIOXIDE (UNII: ETJ7Z6XBU4) CROSPOVIDONE (UNII: 2S7830E561)							
ANHYDROUS LACTOSE (UNII:	-						
SODIUM STARCH GLYCOLAT		AV0SOX4D)					
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNI							
WATER (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)							
HYPROMELLOSE 2910 (3 MI	PA.S) (UNII: 0VUT3P	MY82)					
HYPROMELLOSE 2910 (6 MI	PA.S) (UNII: 0WZ 8W0	G20P6)					
HYPROMELLOSE 2910 (50 N	IPA.S) (UNII: 1IVH67	7816N)					
POLYDEXTROSE (UNII: VH2XC	0U12IE)						
TRIACETIN (UNII: XHX3C3X673	3)						
POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL, UI	NSPECIFIED (UNII: 3	3WJQ0SDW1A)					
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (UNII: 15F	IX9V2JP)						
Product Characteristi							
Color	WHITE Score no score						
Shape	ROUND	Size		6mi	m		
Flavor		Imprint Code		50			
Contains							

#	ltem Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
	NDC:16571-114- 01	100 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/22/2023	
2	NDC:16571-114- 50	500 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/22/2023	
3	NDC:16571-114- 10	1000 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/22/2023	

Marketing I	nformat	ion							
Marketing Category	Applica	Application Number or Monograph Citation Date					art Marketing End Date		
ANDA	ANDA21765	2		08/22	/2023				
			-						
nydroxyzine hydro		ROCHLORIDI	=						
Product Inform	mation								
Product Type		HUMAN PRESCRIPTIC	ON DRUG	ltem C	Code (Source)	NDC:1	.6571-115		
Route of Adminis	stration	ORAL							
Active Ingredie	ont/Activo	Majaty							
Active Ingredi	-	dient Name			Basis of Str	onath	Strengt		
	-	DE (UNII: 76755771U		INF -	HYDROXYZ INE	ength			
UNII:30S50YM8OG)	DROCHLON				DIHYDROCHLORID	E	50 mg		
Inactive Ingre	dients								
		Ingredient Na E (UNII: OP1R32D61U)				5	trength		
SILICON DIOXIDE (
ANHYDROUS LACT									
		YPE A (UNII: H8AV0SC)X4D)						
MAGNESIUM STEA			(
WATER (UNII: 059QF	-	,							
HYPROMELLOSE 2	910 (3 MPA.S) (UNII: 0VUT3PMY82)							
HYPROMELLOSE 2	910 (6 MPA.S) (UNII: 0WZ 8WG 20P6	5)						
HYPROMELLOSE 2	910 (50 MPA	S) (UNII: 1IVH67816N)						
POLYDEXTROSE (U	NII: VH2XOU12	IE)							
TRIACETIN (UNII: XH	IX3C3X673)								
POLYETHYLENE GL	YCOL, UNSP	ECIFIED (UNII: 3WJQ0	SDW1A)						
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	UNII: 15FIX9	/2JP)							
Product Chara	cteristics								
Color	WHI	TE Sco	re		n	o score			
Shape	ROU	JND Size	9		71	mm			
-		Imn	rint Code		49	9			
Flavor			The couc						

Packaging						
ltem Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date			
NDC:16571-115- 01	100 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/22/2023				
NDC:16571-115- 50	500 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/22/2023				
NDC:16571-115- 10	1000 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/22/2023				
arketing	Information					
Marketing	Application Number or Monograph	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End			
Category	Citation	Date	Date			
	Item Code	Item CodePackage DescriptionNDC:16571-115- D1100 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination ProductNDC:16571-115- S0500 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination ProductNDC:16571-115- 101000 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination ProductNDC:16571-115- L01000 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination ProductNDC:16571-115- L01000 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	Item CodePackage DescriptionMarketing Start DateNDC:16571-115- 01100 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product08/22/2023NDC:16571-115- 500 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product08/22/2023NDC:16571-115- 1000 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product08/22/2023NDC:16571-115- 1000 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product08/22/2023NDC:16571-115- 1000 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product08/22/2023			

Labeler - Rising Pharma Holdings, Inc. (116880195)

Registrant - Graviti Pharmaceuticals Private Limited (650884781)

Establishment			
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
Graviti Pharmaceuticals Private Limited		650884781	MANUFACTURE(16571-113, 16571-114, 16571-115) , ANALYSIS(16571-113, 16571-114, 16571-115)

Revised: 9/2023

Rising Pharma Holdings, Inc.