Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

HIGHLIGHTS OF PRESCRIBING INFORMATION
These highlights do not include all the information needed to use NORGESTIMATE AND
ETHINYL ESTRADIOL TABLETS USP safely and effectively. See full prescribing informatio
NORGESTIMATE AND ETHINYL ESTRADIOL TABLETS USP. NORGESTIMATE and ETHINYL
ESTRADIOL Tablets USP, for oral use initial U.S. Approval: 1989

#### WARNING: CIGARETTE SMOKING AND SERIOUS CARDIOVASCULAR EVENTS

Contraindications, Pregnancy (4)

Removed 06/2023

Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP are combinations of norgestimate, a progestin, and ethinyl estradiol, an estrogen, indicated for use by females of reproductive potential to prevent preparancy. (1.1) Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP is indicated for the treatment of moderate annexy. (1.1) Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP is indicated for the treatment of moderate acnex uniques in females at least 15 years of age, who have no known contraindications to oral contraceptive therapy and have achieved menarche.

females at least 15 years of age, who have no known contraindications to oral contraceptive therapy and have achieved menarche.

Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP should be used for the treatment of acne only if the patient desires an oral contraceptive for birth control. (1.2)

\*\*DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION\*\*

Take one tablet daily by mouth at the same time every day. (2.1)

Take tablets in the order directed on the blister pack. (2.1)

\*\*DO not skip or delay tablet intake. (2.1)

\*\*DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS\*\*

Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets consist of 28 round, biconvex, coated tablets in the following order (3):

7 white tablets each containing 0.18 mg norgestimate and 0.035 mg ethinyl estradiol

7 blue tablets each containing 0.215 mg norgestimate and 0.035 mg ethinyl estradiol

7 preen tablets (inert)

\*\*CONTRAINDICATIONS\*\*

ONTRAINDICATIONS
 A high risk of arterial or venous thrombotic diseases (4)
 Undiagnosed abnormal uterine bleeding (4)
 Breast cancer (4)
 Co-administration with Hepatitis C drug combinations containing ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ritonavir, with or without dasabuvir (4)

- with or without dasabuvir (4)

  WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

   Thromboembolic Disorders and Other Vascular Problems: Stop norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets if a thrombotic event occurs. Stop at least 4 weeks before and through 2 weeks after major surgery. Start no earlier than 4 weeks after delivery, in women who are not breastfeeding, (5.1)

   User disease: Discortinue norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets if joundice occurs. (5.2)

   High blood pressure: If used in women with well-controlled hypertension, monitor blood pressure and stop norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets if blood pressure rises significantly, (5.4)

   Carbohydrate and lipid metabolic; effects: Monitor prediabetic and diabetic women taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets. Consider an alternate contraceptive method for women with uncontrolled dyslipidemia. (5.6)

   Headache: Evaluate significant change in headaches and discontinue norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets if indicated. (5.7)

   Bleeding Irregularities and Amerorhea: Evaluate irregular bleeding or amenorrhea. (5.8)

<u>NOVERSE REACTIONS</u>.

The most common adverse reactions reported during clinical trials (≥2%) were.

Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets: headache/migraine, breast issues (including breast pain, enlargement, and discharge), vaginal infection, abdominal/gastrointestinal pain, mood disorders (including mood alteration and depression), genital discharge, changes in weight (including weight increased or decreased). (6.1)

decreased). (6.1)

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc. at 1-800399-2561 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch.

DRUG INTERACTIONS.

Drugs or herbal products that induce certain enzymes including CVP3A4, may decrease the effectiveness of COCs or increase breakthrough bleeding. Counsel patients to use a back-up or alternative method of contraception when enzyme inducers are used with COCs. (7.1)

SUSE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS.

Lactating women: Not recommended; can decrease milk production. (8.2)

See 17 for PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION and FDA-approved patient labeling.
Revised: 10/2024

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#### **FULL PRESCRIBING INFORMATION**

# WARNING: CIGARETTE SMOKING AND SERIOUS CARDIOVASCULAR

Cigarette smoking increases the risk of serious cardiovascular events from combination oral contraceptive (COC) use. This risk increases with age, particularly in women over 35 years of age, and with the number of cigarettes smoked. For this reason, COCs are contraindicated in women who are over 35 years of age and smoke [see CONTRAINDICATIONS (4)].

#### 1 INDICATIONS AND USAGE

#### 1.1 Oral Contraceptive

Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP are indicated for use by females of reproductive potential to prevent pregnancy [see CLINICAL STUDIES (14)].

Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP is indicated for the treatment of moderate acne vulgaris in females at least 15 years of age, who have no known contraindications to oral contraceptive therapy and have achieved menarche. Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP should be used for the treatment of acne only if the patient desires an oral contraceptive for birth control [see CLINICAL STUDIES (14)].

## 2 DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

#### 2.1 Recommended Dosage and Administration

Take one tablet by mouth at the same time each day with or without food. Table  ${\bf 1}$ provides the recommended dosage and administration instructions for norgestimate

Starting COCs in women not	Day 1 Start:
currently using hormonal	<ul> <li>Take first active tablet without</li> </ul>
contraception (Day 1 Start or	regard to meals on the first day of
Sunday Start) Important:	menses.  • Take subsequent active tablets
Consider the possibility of ovulation and	once daily at the same time each day for
conception prior to initiation of this	a total of 21 days.
product.	Take one <b>green</b> inactive tablet
Tablet Color:	daily for 7 days and at the same time of
	Iday that active tablets were taken.
ablets USP active tablets are white (Day 1 to Day 7), light blue (Day 8 to Day 14)	
and blue (Day 15 to Day 21).	cycle pack (i.e., on the day after taking
Norgestimate and ethinyl estradio	
tablets USP have green inactive tablets	,
Day 22 to Day 28).	
	Sunday Start:
	Take first active tablet without
	regard to meals on the first Sunday after the onset of menses. <b>Due to the</b>
	potential risk of becoming
	pregnant, use additional non-
	hormonal contraception (such as
	condoms and spermicide) for the
	first seven days of the patient's first cycle pack of norgestimate
	and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP.
	Take subsequent active tablets
	once daily at the same time each day for
	a total of 21 days.
	Take one <b>green</b> inactive tablet
	daily for the following 7 days and at the same time of day that active tablets
	were taken.
	Begin each subsequent pack on
	the same day of the week as the first
	cycle pack (i.e., on the Sunday after
	taking the last inactive tablet) and
	additional non-hormonal contraceptive is not needed.
Switching to norgestimate and	
	Start on the same day that a new pack
ethinyl estradiol tablets USP from	Start on the same day that a new pack
ethinyl estradiol tablets USP from another oral contraceptive Switching from another	Start on the same day that a new pack of the previous oral contraceptive wou have started.  Start norgestimate and ethinyl
ethinyl estradiol tablets USP from another oral contraceptive Switching from another contraceptive	Start on the same day that a new pack of the previous oral contraceptive wou have started.
ethinyl estradiol tablets USP from another oral contraceptive Switching from another contraceptive method to norgestimate and	Start on the same day that a new pack of the previous oral contraceptive wou have started. Start norgestimate and ethinyl
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ethinyl estradiol tablets USP from another oral contraceptive Switching from another contraceptive method to norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP	Start on the same day that a new pack of the previous oral contraceptive wou have started.  Start norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP:  On the day when next application would have been scheduled  On the day when next insertion
ethinyl estradiol tablets USP from another oral contraceptive Switching from another contraceptive method to norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP  Transdermal patch  Vaginal ring	Start on the same day that a new pack of the previous oral contraceptive wou have started.  Start norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP:  On the day when next application would have been scheduled On the day when next insertion would have been scheduled
	Start on the same day that a new pack of the previous or al contraceptive wou have started.  Start norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP:  On the day when next application would have been scheduled On the day when next insertion would have been scheduled  To the day when next injection the day when next injection would have been scheduled
ethinyl estradiol tablets USP from another oral contraceptive Switching from another contraceptive method to norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP  • Transdermal patch  • Vaginal ring  • Injection	Start on the same day that a new pack of the previous oral contraceptive wou have started.  Start norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP:  On the day when next application would have been scheduled On the day when next insertion would have been scheduled On the day when next injection would have been scheduled
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ethinyl estradiol tablets USP from another oral contraceptive Switching from another contraceptive method to norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP  Transdermal patch  Vaginal ring  Injection	Start on the same day that a new pack of the previous or al contraceptive wou have started.  Start norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP:  • On the day when next application would have been scheduled • On the day when next insertion would have been scheduled • On the day when next injection would have been scheduled • On the day of removal lift the IUD is not removed on first day of the services.
ethinyl estradiol tablets USP from another oral contraceptive Switching from another contraceptive method to norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP  Transdermal patch  Vaginal ring  Injection	Start on the same day that a new pack of the previous or al contraceptive wou have started.  Start norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP:  • On the day when next application would have been scheduled • On the day when next insertion would have been scheduled • On the day when next injection would have been scheduled • On the day of removal lift the IUD is not removed on first day of the services.
ethinyl estradiol tablets USP from another oral contraceptive Switching from another contraceptive method to norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP  Transdermal patch  Vaginal ring  Injection	Start on the same day that a new pack of the previous or al contraceptive wou have started.  Start norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP:  • On the day when next application would have been scheduled  • On the day when next insertion would have been scheduled  • On the day when next injection would have been scheduled  • On the day of removal if the IUD is not removed on first day the patient's menstrual cycle, additiona non-hormonal contraceptive (such as condoms and spermicide) is needed fe
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ethinyl estradiol tablets USP from another oral contraceptive Switching from another contraceptive method to norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP  Transdermal patch  Vaginal ring  Injection  Intrauterine contraceptive	Start on the same day that a new pack of the previous oral contraceptive wou have started.  Start norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP:  On the day when next application would have been scheduled On the day when next insertion would have been scheduled On the day when next injection would have been scheduled On the day of removal If the IUD is not removed on first day of the patient's menstrual cycle, additional non-hormonal contraceptive (such as condoms and spermicide) is needed for the first seven days of the first cycle pack.
ethinyl estradiol tablets USP from another oral contraceptive Switching from another contraceptive method to norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP  • Transdermal patch  • Vaginal ring  • Injection  • Intrauterine contraceptive	Start on the same day that a new pack of the previous or al contraceptive wou have started.  Start norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP:  • On the day when next application would have been scheduled  • On the day when next insertion would have been scheduled  • On the day when next injection would have been scheduled  • On the day of removal  if the IUD is not removed on first day the patient's menstrual cycle, additional non-hormonal contraceptive (such as condoms and spermicide) is needed for the first seven days of the first cycle pack.  • On the day of removal
ethinyl estradiol tablets USP from another oral contraceptive Switching from another contraceptive method to norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP  Transdermal patch  Vaginal ring  Injection  Intrauterine contraceptive	Start on the same day that a new pact of the previous oral contraceptive work have started.  Start norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP:  On the day when next application would have been scheduled On the day when next insertion would have been scheduled On the day when next injection would have been scheduled On the day of removal If the IUD is not removed on first day the patient's menstrual cycle, addition-non-normonal contraceptive (such as condoms and spermicide) is needed fit the first seven days of the first cycle pack.

#### Starting Norgestimate and Ethinyl Estradiol Tablets USP after Abortion or Miscarriage

#### First-trimester:

- After a first-trimester abortion or miscarriage, norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP may be started immediately. An additional method of contraception is not needed if norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP is started immediately.
- If norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP is not started within 5 days after termination of the pregnancy, the patient should use additional non-hormonal contraception (such as condoms and spermicide) for the first seven days of her first cycle pack of norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP.

#### Second-trimester:

Do not start until 4 weeks after a second-trimester abortion or miscarriage, due
to the increased risk of thromboembolic disease. Start norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol
tablets USP, following the instructions in Table 1 for Day 1 or Sunday start, as desired. If
using Sunday start, use additional non-hormonal contraception (such as condoms and
spermicide) for the first seven days of the patient's first cycle pack of norgestimate and
ethinyl estradiol tablets USP. [see CONTRAINDICATIONS (4) and WARNINGS AND
PRECAUTIONS (5.1)

#### $\underline{\textbf{Starting Norgestimate and Ethinyl Estradiol Tablets USP after Childbirth}}$

- Do not start until 4 weeks after delivery, due to the increased risk of thromboembolic disease. Start contraceptive therapy with norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP following the instructions in Table 1 for women not currently using hormonal contraception.
- Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP are not recommended for use in lactating women [see USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS (8.2)].
- If the woman has not yet had a period postpartum, consider the possibility of ovulation and conception occurring prior to use of norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP [see CONTRAINDICATIONS (4), WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (5.1), USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS (8.1 and 8.2)].

#### 2.2 Recommendations Regarding Missed Doses

Contraceptive failure may occur when active tablets are missed. Table 2 describes instructions for norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP dosing and use of additional non-hormonal contraception (such as condoms) when active tablets are missed.

<ul> <li>If one active tablet is missed in Weeks 1, 2, or 3</li> </ul>	Take the tablet as soon as possible. Continue taking one tablet a day until the
	pack is finished.
If two active tablets are missed in Week 1 or Week 2	Take the two missed tablets as soon as possible and the next two active tablets the next day. Continue taking one tablet a day until the pack is finished. Additional non-hormonal contraception (such as condoms and spermicide) should be used as back-up if the patient has sex within 7 days after missing tablets.
<ul> <li>If two active tablets are missed in the third week or three or more active tablets are missed in a row in Weeks 1, 2, or 3</li> </ul>	<u>Sunday start</u> : Continue taking one tablet a day until Sunday, then throw out the
	rest of the pack and start a new pack that same day. <b>Additional non-</b>
	hormonal contraception (such as condoms and spermicide) should be
	used as back-up if the patient has sex within 7 days after missing
	tablets.

## 2.3 Dosage Recommendations if Vomiting or Diarrhea Occurs

In case of severe vomiting or diarrhea, absorption may not be complete and additional contraceptive measures should be taken. If vomiting or diarrhea occurs within 3 to 4 hours after taking an active tablet, handle this as a missed tablet.

## 2.4 Norgestimate and Ethinyl Estradiol Tablets USP Use for Acne

The timing of initiation of dosing with norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP for acne should follow the guidelines for use of norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP as an oral contraceptive. Consult the DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION section (2.1) for instructions.

## 3 DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS

- 7 white, round, film coated tablets, debossed with "E25" on one side and "LU" on the other side of the tablet contains  $0.18~\mathrm{mg}$  norgestimate and  $0.035~\mathrm{mg}$  ethinyl estradiol
- 7 light blue, round, film coated tablets, debossed with "E26" on one side and "LU" on the other side of the tablet contains 0.215 mg norgestimate and 0.035 mg ethinyl estradiol
- 7 blue, round, film coated tablets, debossed with on "E27" one side and "LU" on the other side of the tablet contains 0.25 mg norgestimate and 0.035 mg ethinyl estradiol
- 7 green round, biconvex, film coated tablets (non-hormonal placebo) debossed with 'LU' on one side and "E24" on the other side contains inert ingredients

### 4 CONTRAINDICATIONS

Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets are contraindicated in females who are known to have or develop the following conditions:

- $\bullet\,\,$  A high risk of arterial or venous thrombotic diseases. Examples include women who are known to:
- o Smoke, if over age 35 [see BOXED WARNING AND WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (5.1)]
- o Have deep vein thrombosis or pulmonary embolism, now or in the past [see WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (5.1)]
- o Have inherited or acquired hyper coagulopathies [see WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (5.1)]
  - o Have cerebrovascular disease [see WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (5.1)]
  - o Have coronary artery disease [see WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (5.1)]
  - o Have thrombogenic valvular or thrombogenic rhythm diseases of the heart

(for example, subacute bacterial endocarditis with valvular disease, or atrial fibrillation) [see WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (5.1)]

- o Have uncontrolled hypertension [see WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (5.4)]
- o Have diabetes mellitus with vascular disease [see WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (5.6)]
- o Have headaches with focal neurological symptoms or migraine headaches with aura [see WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (5.7)]
- Women over age 35 with any migraine headaches [see WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (5.7)]
- Liver tumors, benign or malignant, or liver disease [see WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (5.2)]
- Undiagnosed abnormal uterine bleeding [see WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (5.8)]
- Current diagnosis of, or history of, breast cancer, which may be hormonesensitive [see WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (5.10)]
- Use of Hepatitis C drug combinations containing ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ritonavir, with or without dasabuvir, due to the potential for ALT elevations [see WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (5.3)]

#### **5 WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS**

#### 5.1 Thromboembolic Disorders and Other Vascular Problems

- Stop norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets if an arterial thrombotic event or venous thromboembolic (VTE) event occurs.
- Stop norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets if there is unexplained loss of vision, proptosis, diplopia, papilledema, or retinal vascular lesions. Evaluate for retinal vein thrombosis immediately [see ADVERSE REACTIONS (6.2)].
- If feasible, stop norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets at least 4 weeks before and through 2 weeks after major surgery or other surgeries known to have an elevated risk of VTE as well as during and following prolonged immobilization.
- Start norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets no earlier than 4 weeks after delivery, in women who are not breastfeeding. The risk of postpartum VTE decreases after the third postpartum week, whereas the risk of ovulation increases after the third postpartum week.
- The use of COCs increases the risk of VTE. However, pregnancy increases the risk of VTE as much or more than the use of COCs. The risk of VTE in women using COCs is 3 to 9 cases per 10,000 woman-years. The risk of VTE is highest during the first year of use of COCs and when restarting hormonal contraception after a break of 4 weeks or longer. The risk of thromboembolic disease due to COCs gradually disappears after use is discontinued.
- Use of COCs also increases the risk of arterial thromboses such as strokes and
  myocardial infarctions, especially in women with other risk factors for these events.
   COCs have been shown to increase both the relative and attributable risks of
  cerebrovascular events (thrombotic and hemorrhagic strokes). This risk increases with
  age, particularly in women over 35 years of age who smoke.
  - Use COCs with caution in women with cardiovascular disease risk factors.

#### 5.2 Liver Disease

#### Impaired Liver Function

Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets are contraindicated in women with liver disease, such as acute viral hepatitis or severe (decompensated) cirrhosis of liver [see CONTRAINDICATIONS (4)]. Acute or chronic disturbances of liver function may necessitate the discontinuation of COC use until markers of liver function return to normal and COC causation has been excluded. Discontinue norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets if jaundice develops.

### **Liver Tumors**

Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets are contraindicated in women with benign and malignant liver tumors [see CONTRAINDICATIONS (4)]. Hepatic adenomas are associated with COC use. An estimate of the attributable risk is 3.3 cases/100,000 COC users. Rupture of hepatic adenomas may cause death through intra-abdominal hemorrhage.

Studies have shown an increased risk of developing hepatocellular carcinoma in long-term (>8 years) COC users. However, the risk of liver cancers in COC users is less than one case per million users.

## 5.3 Risk of Liver Enzyme Elevations with Concomitant Hepatitis C Treatment

During clinical trials with the Hepatitis C combination drug regimen that contains ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ritonavir, with or without dasabuvir, ALT elevations greater than 5 times the upper limit of normal (ULN), including some cases greater than 20 times the ULN, were significantly more frequent in women using ethinyl estradiol-containing medications, such as COCs. Discontinue norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets prior to starting therapy with the combination drug regimen ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ritonavir, with or without dasabuvir [see CONTRAINDICATIONS (4)]. Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets can be restarted approximately 2 weeks following completion of treatment with the Hepatitis C combination drug regimen.

## 5.4 High Blood Pressure

Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets are contraindicated in women with uncontrolled hypertension or hypertension with vascular disease [see CONTRAINDICATIONS (4)]. For women with well-controlled hypertension, monitor blood pressure and stop norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets if blood pressure rises significantly.

An increase in blood pressure has been reported in women taking COCs, and this increase is more likely in older women with extended duration of use. The incidence of hypertension increases with increasing concentrations of progestin.

### 5.5 Gallbladder Disease

Studies suggest a small increased relative risk of developing gallbladder disease among COC users. Use of COCs may worsen existing gallbladder disease. A past history of COC-related cholestasis predicts an increased risk with subsequent COC use. Women with a history of pregnancy-related cholestasis may be at an increased risk for COC related cholestasis.

### 5.6 Carbohydrate and Lipid Metabolic Effects

Carefully monitor prediabetic and diabetic women who take norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets. COCs may decrease glucose tolerance.

Consider alternative contraception for women with uncontrolled dyslipidemia. A small proportion of women will have adverse lipid changes while on COCs.

Women with hypertrigly ceridemia, or a family history thereof, may be at an increased risk of pancreatit is when using COCs.

### 5.7 Headache

If a woman taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets develops new headaches that are recurrent, persistent, or severe, evaluate the cause and discontinue norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets if indicated.

Consider discontinuation of norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets in the case of increased frequency or severity of migraine during COC use (which may be prodromal of a cerebrovascular event).

#### 5.8 Bleeding Irregularities and Amenorrhea

#### Unscheduled Bleeding and Spotting

Unscheduled (breakthrough or intracyclic) bleeding and spotting sometimes occur in patients on COCs, especially during the first three months of use. If bleeding persists or occurs after previously regular cycles, check for causes such as pregnancy or malignancy. If pathology and pregnancy are excluded, bleeding irregularities may resolve over time or with a change to a different contraceptive product.

In clinical trials of norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets, the frequency and duration of breakthrough bleeding and/or spotting was assessed in 1,647 patients (21,275 evaluable cycles) and 4,826 patients (35,546 evaluable cycles), respectively. A total of 231 (4.8%) women discontinued norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets, at least in part, due to bleeding or spotting. Based on data from the clinical trials, 13 to 38% of women using norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets experienced unscheduled bleeding per cycle in the first year. The percent of women who experienced breakthrough/unscheduled bleeding tended to decrease over time.

#### Amenorrhea and Oligomenorrhea

Women who use norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets may experience amenorrhea. Some women may experience amenorrhea or oligomenorrhea after discontinuation of COCs, especially when such a condition was pre-existent.

If scheduled (withdrawal) bleeding does not occur, consider the possibility of pregnancy. If the patient has not adhered to the prescribed dosing schedule (missed one or more active tablets or started taking them on a day later than she should have), consider the possibility of pregnancy at the time of the first missed period and take appropriate diagnostic measures. If the patient has adhered to the prescribed regimen and misses two consecutive periods, rule out pregnancy.

#### 5.9 Depression

Carefully observe women with a history of depression and discontinue norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets if depression recurs to a serious degree.

#### 5.10 Malignant Neoplasms

#### Breast Cancer

Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets are contraindicated in females who currently have or have had breast cancer because breast cancer may be hormonally sensitive [see CONTRAINDICATIONS (4)].

Epidemiology studies have not found a consistent association between use of combined oral contraceptives (COCs) and breast cancer risk. Studies do not show an association between ever (current or past) use of COCs and risk of breast cancer. However, some studies report a small increase in the risk of breast cancer among current or recent users (<6 months since last use) and current users with longer duration of COC use [see POSTMARKETING EXPERIENCE (6.2)]

#### Cervical Cancer

Some studies suggest that COC use has been associated with an increase in the risk of cervical cancer or intraepithelial neoplasia. However, there continues to be controversy about the extent to which such findings may be due to differences in sexual behavior and other factors.

## 5.11 Effect on Binding Globulins

The estrogen component of COCs may raise the serum concentrations of thyroxinebinding globulin, sex hormone-binding globulin, and cortisol-binding globulin. The dose of replacement thyroid hormone or cortisol therapy may need to be increased.

### 5.12 Monitoring

A woman who is taking COCs should have a yearly visit with her healthcare provider for a blood pressure check and for other indicated healthcare.

### 5.13 Hereditary Angioedema

In women with hereditary angioedema, exogenous estrogens may induce or exacerbate symptoms of angioedema.

### 5.14 Chloasma

Chloasma may occasionally occur, especially in women with a history of chloasma gravidarum. Women with a tendency to chloasma should avoid exposure to the sun or ultraviolet radiation while taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets.

### **6 ADVERSE REACTIONS**

- Serious cardiovascular events and stroke [see BOXED WARNING AND WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (5.1)]
- Vascular events [see WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (5.1)]
- Liver disease [see WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (5.2)]

### 6.1 Clinical Trial Experience

Because clinical trials are conducted under widely varying conditions, adverse reaction rates observed in the clinical trials of a drug cannot be directly compared to rates in the clinical trials of another drug and may not reflect the rates observed in clinical practice.

The safety of norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets was evaluated in 4,826 healthy women of child-bearing potential who participated in 6 clinical trials and received at least dose of norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets for contraception. Two trials were randomized active-controlled trials and 4 were uncontrolled open-label trials. In 3 trials, subjects were followed for up to 24 cycles; in 2 trials, subjects were followed for up to 12 cycles; and in 1 trial, subjects were followed for up to 6 cycles.

## Common Adverse Reactions ( $\ge 2\%$ of subjects)

The most common adverse reactions reported by at least 2% of the 4,826 women were the following in order of decreasing incidence: headachermigraine (33.6%), breast issues (including breast pain, enlargement, and discharge) (8.0%), vaginal infection (7.1%), abdominal/gastrointestinal pain (5.6%), mood disorders (including mood alteration and depression) (3.8%), genital discharge (3.2%), and changes in weight (including weight fluctuation, increased or decreased) (2.5%).

### Adverse Reactions Leading to Study Discontinuation

Over the trials, between 9 to 27% of subjects discontinued the trial due to an adverse reaction. The most common adverse reactions ( $\geq$ 1%) leading to discontinuation were:

metrorrhagia (4.3%), nausea/vomiting (2.8%), headache/migraine (2.4%), mood disorders (including depression and mood altered) (1.1%), and weight increased (1.1%).

#### Serious Adverse Reactions

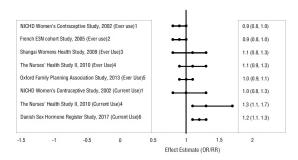
Breast cancer (1 subject), carcinoma of the cervix in situ (1 subject), hypertension (1 subject), and migraine (2 subjects).

#### 6.2 Postmarketing Experience

Five studies that compared breast cancer risk between ever-users (current or past use) of COCs and never-users of COCs reported no association between ever use of COCs and breast cancer risk, with effect estimates ranging from 0.90-1.12 (Figure 1).

Three studies compared breast cancer risk between current or recent COC users (<6 months since last use) and never users of COCs (Figure 1). One of these studies reported no association between breast cancer risk and COC use. The other two studies found an increased relative risk of 1.19 - 1.33 with current or recent use. Both of these studies found an increased risk of breast cancer with current use of longer duration, with relative risks ranging from 1.03 with less than one year of COC use to approximately 1.4 with more than 8-10 years of COC use.

Figure 1: Relevant Studies of Risk of Breast Cancer with Combined Oral Contraceptives



 $RR = relative \ risk; \ OR = odds \ ratio; \ HR = hazard \ ratio. "ever COC" \ are females \ with current or past COC use; "never COC use" \ are females \ that never used COCs.$ 

The following additional adverse reactions have been reported from worldwide postmarketing experience with norgestimate/ethinyl estradiol. Because these reactions are reported voluntarily from a population of uncertain size, it is not always possible to reliably estimate their frequency or establish a causal relationship to drug exposure.

#### Infections and Infestations

Urinary tract infection;

## Neoplasms Benign, Malignant and Unspecified (Incl. Cysts and Polyps)

Breast cancer, benign breast neoplasm, hepatic adenoma, focal nodular hyperplasia, breast cyst;

### Immune System Disorders

Anaphylactic reaction, Hypersensitivity;

## Metabolism and Nutrition Disorders

Dyslipidemia;

## Psychiatric Disorders

Anxiety, insomnia;

## Nervous System Disorders

Syncope, convulsion, paresthesia, dizziness;

## Eye Disorders

Visual impairment, dry eye, contact lens intolerance;

## Ear and Labyrinth Disorders

Vertigo;

### Cardiac Disorders

Tachycardia, palpitations;

### Vascular Events

Deep vein thrombosis, pulmonary embolism, retinal vascular thrombosis, hot flush, venous thrombosis (including Budd Chiari Syndrome and hepatic vein thrombosis);

### Arterial Events

Arterial thromboembolism, myocardial infarction, cerebrovascular accident;

## Respiratory, Thoracic and Mediastinal Disorders

Dyspnea;

## **Gastrointestinal Disorders**

Pancreatitis, abdominal distension, diarrhea, constipation;

### Hepatobiliary Disorders

Hepatitis;

## Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue Disorders

Angioedema, erythema nodosum, hirsutism, night sweats, hyperhidrosis, photosensitivity reaction, urticaria, pruritus, acne;

## Musculoskeletal, Connective Tissue, and Bone Disorders

Muscle spasms, pain in extremity, myalgia, back pain;

## Reproductive System and Breast Disorders

Ovarian cyst, suppressed lactation, vulvovaginal dryness;

## General Disorders and Administration Site Conditions

Chest pain, asthenic conditions.

## 7 DRUG INTERACTIONS

Consult the labeling of concurrently used drugs to obtain further information about interactions with hormonal contraceptives or the potential for enzyme alterations.

No drug-drug interaction studies were conducted with norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol

#### 7.1 Effects of Other Drugs on Combined Oral Contraceptives

#### Substances decreasing the plasma concentrations of COCs

Drugs or herbal products that induce certain enzymes, including cytochrome P450 3A4 (CYP3A4), may decrease the plasma concentrations of COCs and potentially diminish the effectiveness of COCs or increase breakthrough bleeding. Some drugs or herbal products that may decrease the effectiveness of hormonal contraceptives include phenytoin, barbiturates, carbamazepine, bosentan, felbamate, griseofulvin, oxcarbazepine, rifampicin, topiramate, rifabutin, rufinamide, aprepitant, and products containing St. John's wort. Interactions between hormonal contraceptives and other drugs may lead to breakthrough bleeding and/or contraceptive failure. Counsel women to use an alternative method of contraception or a back-up method when enzyme inducers are used with COCs, and to continue back-up contraception for 28 days after discontinuing the enzyme inducer to ensure contraceptive reliability.

## Colesevelam:

Colesevelam, a bile acid sequestrant, given together with a COC, has been shown to significantly decrease the AUC of EE. The drug interaction between the contraceptive and colesevelam was decreased when the two drug products were given 4 hours apart.

#### Substances increasing the plasma concentrations of COCs

Co-administration of atorvastatin or rosuvastatin and certain COCs containing ethinyl estradiol (EE) increase AUC values for EE by approximately 20 to 25%. Ascorbic acid and acetaminophen may increase plasma EE concentrations, possibly by inhibition of conjugation. CYP3A4 inhibitiors such as itraconazole, voriconazole, fluconazole, grapefruit juice, or ketoconazole may increase plasma hormone concentrations.

# Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)/Hepatitis C virus (HCV) protease inhibitors non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors, and HIV/AIDS medications containing strong inhibitors or inducers of CYP3A

Significant changes (increase or decrease) in the plasma concentrations of estrogen and/or progestin have been noted in some cases of co-administration with HIV protease inhibitors (decrease [e.g., nelfinavir, ritonavir, darunavir/ritonavir, (fos)amprenavir/ritonavir, lopinavir/ritonavir, and tipranavir/ritonavir) or increase [e.g., indinavir and atazanavir/ritonavir])/HCV protease inhibitors (decrease [e.g., boceprevir and telaprevir)) or with non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors (decrease [e.g., nevirapine] or increase [e.g., etravirine]) or with HIV/AIDS medications containing strong inhibitors (e.g., cobicistat and ritonavir) or inducers of CYP3A.

#### 7.2 Effects of Combined Oral Contraceptives on Other Drugs

- COCs containing EE may inhibit the metabolism of other compounds (e.g., cyclosporine, prednisolone, theophylline, tizanidine, and voriconazole) and increase their nlasma concentrations
- COCs have been shown to decrease plasma concentrations of acetaminophen, clofibric acid, morphine, salicylic acid, temazepam and lamotrigine. Significant decrease in plasma concentration of lamotrigine has been shown, likely due to induction of lamotrigine glucuronidation. This may reduce seizure control; therefore, dosage adjustments of lamotrigine may be necessary.

Women on thyroid hormone replacement therapy may need increased doses of thyroid hormone because the serum concentration of thyroid-binding globulin increases with use of COCs.

#### 7.3 Interference with Laboratory Tests

The use of contraceptive steroids may influence the results of certain laboratory tests, such as coagulation factors, lipids, glucose tolerance, and binding proteins.

### 7.4 Concomitant Use with HCV Combination Therapy - Liver Enzyme Elevation

Do not co-administer norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets with HCV drug combinations containing ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ritonavir, with or without dasabuvir, due to potential for ALT elevations [see Warnings and Precautions (5.3)].

## **8 USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS**

## 8.1 Pregnancy

## Risk Summary

There is no use for contraception in pregnancy, therefore, norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP should be discontinued during pregnancy. Epidemiologic studies and meta-analyses have not found an increased risk of genital or non-genital birth defects (including cardiac anomalies and limb reduction defects) following exposure to CHCs before conception or during early pregnancy.

In the U.S. general population, the estimated background risk of major birth defects and miscarriage in clinically recognized pregnancies is 2 to 4 percent and 15 to 20 percent, respectively.

### 8.2 Lactation

### Risk Summary

Contraceptive hormones and/or metabolites are present in human milk. CHCs can reduce milk production in breastfeeding females. This reduction can occur at any time but is less likely to occur once breastfeeding is well-established. When possible, advise the nursing female to use other forms of contraception until she discontinues breastfeeding. The developmental and health benefits of breast-feeding should be considered along with the mother's clinical need for norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP and any potential adverse effects on the breast-fed child from norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP or from the underlying maternal condition.

## 8.4 Pediatric Use

Safety and efficacy of norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets have been established in women of reproductive age. Efficacy is expected to be the same for post pubertal adolescents under the age of 18 and for users 18 years and older. Use of this product before menarche is not indicated.

There was no significant difference between norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets and placebo in mean change in total lumbar spine (L1 to L4) and total hip bone mineral density between baseline and Cycle 13 in 123 adolescent females with anorexia nervosa in a double-blind, placebo-controlled, multicenter, one-year treatment duration clinical trial for the Intent To Treat (ITT) population.

### 8.5 Geriatric Use

Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets have not been studied in postmenopausal women and are not indicated in this population.

### 8.6 Hepatic Impairment

The pharmacokinetics of norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets has not been studied in subjects with hepatic impairment. However, steroid hormones may be poorly metabolized in patients with hepatic impairment. Acute or chronic disturbances of liver function may necessitate the discontinuation of COC use until markers of liver function return to normal and COC causation has been excluded. [see CONTRAINDICATIONS (4) AND WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (5.2).]

#### 8.7 Renal Impairment

The pharmacokinetics of norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets has not been studied in women with renal impairment.

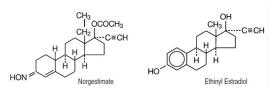
#### 10 OVERDOSAGE

There have been no reports of serious ill effects from overdosage of oral contraceptives, including ingestion by children. Overdosage may cause withdrawal bleeding in females and nausea.

#### 11 DESCRIPTION

Each of the following products is a combination oral contraceptive containing the progestational compound norgestimate and the estrogenic compound ethinyl estradiol. Norgestimate is designated as (18,19-Dinor-17-pregn-4-en-20-yn-3-one,17-(acetyloxy)-13-ethyl, oxime,(17 $\alpha$ ) (+)-) and ethinyl estradiol is designated as (19-nor-17 $\alpha$ -pregna,1,3,5(10)-trien-20-yne-3,17-diol).

- Each active white tablet contains 0.18 mg of norgestimate and 0.035 mg of ethinyl estradiol. Inactive ingredients include anhydrous lactose, croscarmellose sodium, hypromellose, lactose monohydrate, magnesium stearate, microcrystalline cellulose, polyethylene glycol, povidone and titanium dioxide.
- Each active light blue tablet contains 0.215 mg of norgestimate and 0.035 mg of ethinyl estradiol. Inactive ingredients include anhydrous lactose, FD & C Blue No. 2 Aluminum Lake, croscarmellose sodium, hypromellose, lactose monohydrate, magnesium stearate, microcrystalline cellulose, polyethylene glycol, povidone and titanium dioxide
- Each active blue tablet contains 0.25 mg of norgestimate and 0.035 mg of ethinyl estradiol. Inactive ingredients include anhydrous lactose, FD & C Blue No. 2 Aluminum Lake, croscarmellose sodium, hypromellose, lactose monohydrate, magnesium stearate, microcrystalline cellulose, polyethylene glycol, povidone and titanium dioxide.
- Each green placebo tablet contains only inert ingredients, as follows: FD & C Blue No. 2 Aluminum Lake, croscarmellose sodium, iron oxide yellow, hypromellose, lactose monohydrate, magnesium stearate, microcrystalline cellulose, polyethylene glycol and titanium dioxide.



#### 12 CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

#### 12.1 Mechanism of Action

· Oral Contraception

COCs lower the risk of becoming pregnant primarily by suppressing ovulation.

Acne is a skin condition with a multifactorial etiology, including androgen stimulation of sebum production. While the combination of ethinyl estradiol and norgestimate increases sex hormone-binding globulin (SHBG) and decreases free testosterone, the relationship between these changes and a decrease in the severity of facial acne in otherwise healthy women with this skin condition has not been established.

### 12.2 Pharmacodynamics

No specific pharmacodynamic studies were conducted with norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets.

### 12.3 Pharmacokinetics

Norgestimate (NGM) and EE are rapidly absorbed following oral administration. NGM is rapidly and completely metabolized by first pass (intestinal and/or hepatic) mechanisms to norelgestromin (NGMN) and norgestrel (NG), which are the major active metabolites

Peak serum concentrations of NGMN and EE are generally reached by 2 hours after administration of norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets. Accumulation following multiple dosing of the 250 mcg NGM / 35 mcg EE dose is approximately 2-fold for NGMN and EE compared with single dose administration. The pharmacokinetics of NGMN is and EE compared with single dose administration. The pharmacokinetics of NGMN s dose-proportional following NGM doses of 180 mcg to 250 mcg. Steady-state concentration of EE is achieved by Day 7 of each dosing cycle. Steady-state concentrations of NGMN and NG are achieved by Day 21. Non-linear accumulation (approximately 8 fold) of NG is observed as a result of high-affinity binding to SHBG, which limits its biological activity (Table 3).

Table 3: Summary of NGMN, NG and EE pharmacokinetic parameters.Mean (SD) Pharmacokinetic Parameters of Norgestimate and Ethinyl Estradiol Tablets During a Three Cycle Study

Analyte	Cycle	Day	C <sub>max</sub>	t <sub>max</sub> (h)	AUC <sub>0 to 24h</sub>	t <sub>1/2</sub> (h)
NGMN	3	7	1.80 (0.46)	1.42 (0.73)	15.0 (3.88)	NC
		14	2.12 (0.56)	1.21 (0.26)	16.1 (4.97)	NC
		21	2.66 (0.47)	1.29 (0.26)	21.4 (3.46)	22.3 (6.54)
NG	3	7	1.94 (0.82)	3.15 (4.05)	34.8 (16.5)	NC
		14	3.00 (1.04)	2.21 (2.03)	55.2 (23.5)	NC
		21	3.66 (1.15)	2.58 (2.97)	69.3 (23.8)	40.2 (15.4)
EE	3	7	124 (39.5)	1.27 (0.26)	1130 (420)	NC
		14	128 (38.4)	1.32 (0.25)	1130 (324)	NC
		21	126 (34.7)	1.31 (0.56)	1090 (359)	15.9 (4.39)

 $C_{\text{max}}$  = peak serum concentration,  $t_{\text{max}}$  × time to reach peak serum concentration,  $AUC_{020}$  = area under serum concentration vs time curve from 0 to 24 hours,  $t_{1/2}$  = elimination half-life, NC = not calculated.

NGMN and NG:  $C_{max} = ng/mL$ ,  $AUC_{0to24h} = h \cdot ng/mL$ EE:  $C_{max} = pg/mL$ ,  $AUC_{0to24h} = h \cdot pg/mL$ 

### Food Effect:

The effect of food on the pharmacokinetics of norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets has not been studied.

NGMN and NG are highly bound (>97%) to serum proteins. NGMN is bound to albumin and not to SHBG, while NG is bound primarily to SHBG. EE is extensively bound (>97%) to serum albumin and induces an increase in the serum concentrations of SHBG.

#### Metabolism

NGM is extensively metabolized by first-pass mechanisms in the gastrointestinal tract and/or liver. NGM's primary active metabolite is NGMN. Subsequent hepatic metabolism of NGMN occurs and metabolites include NG, which is also active, and various hydroxylated and conjugated metabolites. Although NGMN and its metabolites inhibit a variety of P450 enzymes in human liver microsomes, under the recommended dosing regimen, the *in vivo* concentrations of NGMN and its metabolites, even at the peak serum levels, are relatively low compared to the inhibitory constant (K<sub>i</sub>). EE is also metabolized to various hydroxylated products and their glucuronide and sulfate conjugates.

#### **Excretion**

The metabolites of NGMN and EE are eliminated by renal and fecal pathways. Following administration of  $^{14}\text{C}$ -norgestimate, 47% (45 to 49%) and 37% (16 to 49%) of the administered radioactivity was eliminated in the urine and feces, respectively. Unchanged NGM was not detected in the urine. In addition to 17-deacetyl norgestimate, a number of metabolites of NGM have been identified in human urine following administration of radiolabeled NGM. These include 18, 19-Dinor-17-pregn-4-en-20-yn-3-one,17-hydroxy-13-ethyl,(17 $\alpha$ )-(-):18,19-Dinor-5β 17-pregnan-20-yn,3 $\alpha$ ,17 $\beta$ -dihydroxy-13-ethyl,(17 $\alpha$ ), various hydroxylated metabolites and conjugates of these metabolites.

#### 13 NONCLINICAL TOXICOLOGY

#### 13.1 Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility

[see WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (5.2, 5.10)

#### 14 CLINICAL STUDIES

#### 14.1 Contraception

In four clinical trials with norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets, 4,756 women aged 15 to 41 years were studied for 24 cycles, providing a total of 45,244 cycles of exposure. The racial demographic was about 87 to 90% Caucasian, 6 to 10% African-American, with the remainder Asian ( $\leq$ 1%) or Other (2 to 5%). There were no exclusions on the basis of weight; the weight range for women treated was 80 - 310 lbs, with a mean weight of about 132 lbs. The pregnancy rate was approximately 1 pregnancy per 100 women-years.

#### 14.2 Acne

Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets were evaluated for the treatment of acne vulgars in two randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, multicenter, six- (28 day) cycle studies. Two hundred twenty- one patients received norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets and 234 patients received placebo. Mean age at enrollment for both groups was 28 years. At the end of 6 months, the mean total lesion count changed from 55 to 31 (42% reduction) in patients treated with norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets and from 54 to 38 (27% reduction) in patients similarly treated with placebo. Table 4 summarizes the changes in lesion count for each type of lesion. Based on the investigator's global assessment conducted at the final visit, patients treated with norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets showed a statistically significant improvement in total lesions compared to those treated with placebo.

Table 4: Acne Vulgaris Indication. Combined Results: Two Multicenter, Placebo-Controlled Trials. Observed Means at Six Months (LOCF)\* and at Baseline. Intent-to-Treat Population.

	Norgestimate a	nd Ethinyl Estradiol Tablets			Difference in Counts between Norgestimate and Ethinyl Estradiol Tablets and Placebo at 6 Months
		(N=221)	(1	N=234)	
# of Lesions	Counts	% Reduction	Counts	% Reduction	
INFLAMMATORY LESIONS					
Baseline Mean	19		19		
Sixth Month Mean	10	48%	13	30%	3 (95% CI: -1.2, 5.1)
NONINFLAMMATORY LESION:	S				
Baseline Mean	36		35		
Sixth Month Mean	22	34%	25	21%	3 (95% CI: -0.2, 7.8)
TOTAL LESIONS					
Baseline Mean	55		54		7 (95% CI: 2.0, 11.9)
Sixth Month Mean	31	42%	38	27%	
* LOCE, Last Observation Carried	Famous			•	•

## 16.1 How Supplied

Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets USP are available in a blister pack (NDC 68180-838-71) containing 28 tablets packed in a pouch (NDC 68180-838-71). Such three pouches are packaged in a carton (NDC 68180-838-73).

Each blister (28 tablets) contains in the following order:

16 HOW SUPPLIED/STORAGE AND HANDLING

- 7 white, round, film coated tablets, debossed with "E25" on one side and "LU" on
  the other side of the tablet contains 0.18 mg norgestimate and 0.035 mg ethinyl
  estradiol
- 7 light blue, round, film coated tablets, debossed with "E26" on one side and "LU" on the other side of the tablet contains 0.215 mg norgestimate and 0.035 mg ethinyl estradiol
- 7 blue round, film coated tablets, debossed with on "E27" one side and "LU" on
  the other side of the tablet contains 0.25 mg norgestimate and 0.035 mg ethinyl
  estradiol
- 7 green, round, biconvex, film coated tablets (non-hormonal placebo) debossed with "LU" on one side and "E24" on the other side contains inert ingredients

### 16.2 Storage Conditions

- Store at 25°C (77°F); excursions permitted to 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F). [see USP controlled room temperature].
  - Protect from light.
  - Keep out of the reach of children.

## 17 PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION

See FDA-approved patient labeling (Patient Information and Instructions for Use).

Counsel patients about the following information:

- Cigarette smoking increases the risk of serious cardiovascular events from COC use, and that women who are over 35 years old and smoke should not use COCs [see BOXED WARNING].
- Increased risk of VTE compared to non-users of COCs is greatest after initially starting a COC or restarting (following a 4-week or greater pill-free interval) the same or a different COC [see WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (5.1)].
- Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets do not protect against HIV infection (AIDS) and other sexually transmitted infections.

- Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets are not to be used during pregnancy; if pregnancy occurs during use of norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets instruct the patient to stop further use [see USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATION (8.1)].
- Take one tablet daily by mouth at the same time every day. Instruct patients what to do in the event tablets are missed [see DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION (2.2)].
- Use a back-up or alternative method of contraception when enzyme inducers are used with norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets [see DRUG INTERACTIONS (7.1)].
- COCs may reduce breast milk production; this is less likely to occur if breastfeeding is well established [see USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS (8.2)]
- Women who start COCs postpartum, and who have not yet had a period, should use an additional method of contraception until they have taken an active tablet for 7 consecutive days [see DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION (2.1.)].
- Amenorrhea may occur. Consider pregnancy in the event of amenorrhea at the time of the first missed period. Rule out pregnancy in the event of amenorrhea in two or more consecutive cycles [see WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS (5.8)].

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India

Revised: November 2024

#### Patient Information

Norgestimate and Ethinyl Estradiol Tablets USP

(nor JES ti mate and ETH in il es tra DYE ole)

What is the most important information i should know about norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets?

Do not use norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets if you smoke cigarettes and are over 35 years old. Smoking increases your risk of serious cardiovascular side effects from hormonal birth control pills, including death from heart attack, blood clots or stroke. This risk increases with age and the number of cigarettes you smoke.

#### What are norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets?

Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablet is a birth control pill (oral contraceptive) used by women to prevent pregnancy.

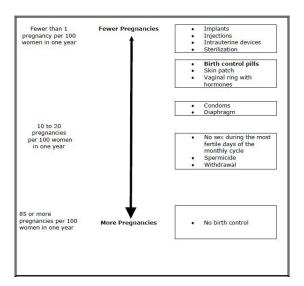
Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablet is also used to treat moderate acne vulgaris in females 15 years of age and older, who have no known history of allergies or problems taking birth control pills, and have started their menstrual cycle ("period"). Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets should only be used to treat acne in women who want to take birth control pills to prevent pregnancy.

### How do norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets work for contraception?

Your chance of getting pregnant depends on how well you follow the directions for taking your birth control pils. The better you follow the directions, the less chance you have of getting pregnant.

Based on the results of clinical studies, about 1 out of 100 women may get pregnant during the first year they use norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets.

The following chart shows the chance of getting pregnant for women who use different methods of birth control. Each box on the chart contains a list of birth control methods that are similar in effectiveness. The most effective methods are at the top of the chart. The box on the bottom of the chart shows the chance of getting pregnant for women who do not use birth control and are trying to get pregnant.



Who should not take norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets? Do not take norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets if you:

- smoke and are over 35 years of age
- had blood clots in your arms, legs, lungs, or eyes
- had a problem with your blood that makes it clot more than normal
- have certain heart valve problems or irregular heart beat that increases your risk

of having blood clots

- had a stroke
- had a heart attack
- have high blood pressure that cannot be controlled by medicine
- have diabetes with kidney, eve, nerve, or blood vessel damage
- have certain kinds of severe migraine headaches with aura, numbness, weakness or changes in vision, or any migraine headaches if you are over 35 years of age
  - · have liver problems, including liver tumors
- take any Hepatitis C drug combination containing ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ritonavir, with or without dasabuvir. This may increase levels of the liver enzyme "alanine aminotransferase" (ALT) in the blood.
  - · have any unexplained vaginal bleeding
  - are pregnant
  - had breast cancer

If any of these conditions happen while you are taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets, stop taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets right away and talk to your healthcare provider. Use non-hormonal contraception when you stop taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets.

What should I tell my healthcare provider before taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets?

#### Tell your healthcare provider if you:

- · are pregnant or think you may be pregnant
- · are depressed now or have been depressed in the past
- had yellowing of your skin or eyes (jaundice) caused by pregnancy (cholestasis of pregnancy)
- are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets may decrease the amount of breast milk you make. A small amount of the hormones in norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets may pass into your breast milk. Talk to your healthcare provider about the best birth control method for you while breastfeeding.

**Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take,** including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins and herbal supplements.

Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablet may affect the way other medicines work, and other medicines may affect how well norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets works.

Know the medicines you take. Keep a list of them to show your healthcare provider and pharmacist when you get a new medicine.

#### How should I take norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets?

Read the Instructions for Use at the end of this Patient Information.

What are the possible serious side effects of norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets?

 Like pregnancy, norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets may cause serious side effects, including blood clots in your lungs, heart attack, or a stroke that may lead to death. Some other examples of serious blood clots include blood clots in the legs or eyes.

Serious blood clots can happen especially if you smoke, are obese, or are older than 35 years of age. Serious blood clots are more likely to happen when you:

- first start taking birth control pills
- restart the same or different birth control pills after not using them for a month or more

Call your healthcare provider or go to a hospital emergency room right away if you have:

- leg pain that will not go away
- sudden severe shortness of breath
- sudden change in vision or blindness
- chest pain
- a sudden, severe headache unlike your usual headaches
- weakness or numbness in your arm or leg
- · trouble speaking

## Other serious side effects include:

- · liver problems, including:
  - rare liver tumors
- jaundice (cholestasis), especially if you previously had cholestasis of pregnancy. Call your healthcare provider if you have yellowing of your skin or eyes.
- - gallbladder problems
- $\bullet$   $\,$  changes in the sugar and fat (cholesterol and triglycerides) levels in your blood
- · new or worsening headaches including migraine headaches
- irregular or unusual vaginal bleeding and spotting between your menstrual periods, especially during the first 3 months of taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets.
  - depression
  - · possible cancer in your breast and cervix
- Sever allergic reactions that may include swelling of your skin especially around your mouth, eyes, and in your throat (angioedema). Call your healthcare provider if you have a swollen face, lips, mouth tongue or throat, which may lead to difficulty swallowing or breathing. Your chance of having angioedema is higher if you have a history of angioedema.
- dark patches of skin around your forehead, nose, cheeks and around your mouth, especially during pregnancy (chloasma). Women who tend to get chloasma should avoid spending a long time in sunlight, tanning booths, and under sun lamps while taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets. Use sunscreen if you have to be in the sunlight.

What are the most common side effects of norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets?

- headache (migraine)
- · breast pain or tenderness, enlargement or discharge
- stomach pain, discomfort, and gas

- · vaginal infections and discharge
- · mood changes, including depression
- nervousness
- · changes in weight
- skin rash

These are not all the possible side effects of norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets. For more information, ask your healthcare provider or pharmacist.

You may report side effects to the FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or you may also report side effects to Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc. at 1-800-399-2561.

# What else should i know about taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets?

- If you are scheduled for any lab tests, tell your healthcare provider you are taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets. Certain blood tests may be affected by norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets.
- Norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets do not protect against HIV infection (AIDS) and other sexually transmitted infections.

#### How should I store norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets?

- Store norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets at room temperature between  $68^{\circ}F$  to  $77^{\circ}F$  ( $20^{\circ}C$  to  $25^{\circ}C$ ).
- Keep norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets and all medicines out of the reach of children.
- Store away from light

## General information about the safe and effective use of norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets

Medicines are sometimes prescribed for purposes other than those listed in a Patient Information leaflet. Do not use norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets for a condition for which it was not prescribed. Do not give norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets to other people, even if they have the same symptoms that you have.

This Patient Information summarizes the most important information about norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets. You can ask your pharmacist or healthcare provider for information about norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets that is written for health professionals.

For more information, call Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc. at 1-800-399-2561 or you can visit the Lupin website at www.lupinpharmaceuticals.com.

#### Do birth control pills cause cancer?

It is not known if hormonal birth control pills causes breast cancer. Some studies, but not all, suggest that there could be a slight increase in the risk of breast cancer among current users with longer duration of use.

If you have breast cancer now, or have had it in the past, do not use hormonal birth control because some breast cancers are sensitive to hormones.

Women who use birth control pills may have a slightly higher chance of getting cervical cancer. However, this may be due to other reasons such as having more sexual partners.

#### What if I want to become pregnant?

You may stop taking the pill whenever you wish. Consider a visit with your healthcare provider for a pre-pregnancy checkup before you stop taking the pill.

## What should I know about my period when taking norgestimate and ethinyl osteroical tablete?

Your periods may be lighter and shorter than usual. Some women may miss a period. Irregular vaginal bleeding or spotting may happen while you are taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets, especially during the first few months of use. This usually is not a serious problem. It is important to continue taking your pills on a regular schedule to prevent a pregnancy.

## What are the ingredients in norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets?

Active ingredients: Each white, light-blue, and blue pill contains norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol.

### Inactive ingredients:

White pills: anhydrous lactose, croscarmellose sodium, hypromellose, lactose monohydrate, magnesium stearate, microcrystalline cellulose, polyethylene glycol, povidone and titanium dioxide.

Light-blue pills: anhydrous lactose, FD & C Blue No. 2 Aluminum Lake, croscarmellose sodium, hypromellose, lactose monohydrate, magnesium stearate, microcrystalline cellulose, polyethylene glycol, povidone and titanium dioxide.

Blue pills: anhydrous lactose, FD & C Blue No. 2 Aluminum Lake, croscarmellose sodium, hypromellose, lactose monohydrate, magnesium stearate, microcrystalline cellulose, polyethylene glycol, povidone and titanium dioxide.

Green pills: FD & C Blue No. 2 Aluminum Lake, croscarmellose sodium, iron oxide yellow, hypromellose, lactose monohydrate, magnesium stearate, microcrystalline cellulose, polyethylene glycol and titanium dioxide.

### Instructions For Use

## Norgestimate and Ethinyl Estradiol Tablets USP

## (nor JES ti mate and ETH in il es tra DYE ole)

# Important Information about taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets

- Take  ${\bf 1}$  pill every day at the same time. Take the pills in the order directed on your blister.
- Do not skip your pills, even if you do not have sex often. If you miss pills (including starting the pack late) you could get pregnant. The more pills you miss, the more likely you are to get pregnant.
- If you have trouble remembering to take norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol
  tablets, talk to your healthcare provider. When you first start taking norgestimate and
  ethinyl estradiol tablets, spotting or light bleeding in between your periods may occur.
  Contact your healthcare provider if this does not go away after a few months.
- You may feel sick to your stomach (nauseous), especially during the first few
  months of taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets. If you feel sick to your
  stomach, do not stop taking the pill. The problem will usually go away. If your nausea
  does not go away, call your healthcare provider.
- Missing pills can also cause spotting or light bleeding, even when you take the
  missed pills later. On the days you take 2 pills to make up for missed pills (see what
  should I do if I miss any norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets pills?
   below), you could also feel a little sick to your stomach.
- It is not uncommon to miss a period. However, if you miss a period and have not taken norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets according to directions, or miss 2 periods in a row, or feel like you may be pregnant, call your healthcare provider. If you have a positive pregnancy test, you should stop taking norgestimate and ethinyl

#### estradiol tablets.

- If you have vomiting or diarrhea within 3 to 4 hours of taking your pill, take another pill of the same color from your extra blister. If you do not have an extra blister, take the next pill in your blister. Continue taking all your remaining pills in order. Start the first pill of your next blister the day after finishing your current blister. This will be 1 day earlier than originally scheduled. Continue on your new schedule.
- If you have vomiting or diarrhea for more than 1 day, your birth control pills may not work as well. Use an additional birth control method, like condoms and a spermicide, until you check with your healthcare provider.
- Stop taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets at least 4 weeks before you
  have major surgery and do not restart after the surgery without asking your healthcare
  provider. Be sure to use other forms of contraception (like condoms and spermicide)
  during this time period.

#### Before you start taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets:

- Decide what time of day you want to take your pill. It is important to take it at the same time every day and in the order as directed on your blister.
- Have backup contraception (condoms and spermicide) available and if possible, an extra full pack of pills as needed.

## When should I start taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets?

# 

- There are 2 ways to start taking your birth control pills. You can either start on a Sunday (Sunday Start) or on the first day (Day 1) of your natural menstrual period (Day 1 Start). Your healthcare provider should tell you when to start taking your birth control pill.
- If you use the Sunday Start, use non-hormonal back-up contraception such as condoms and spermicide for the first  ${\bf 7}$  days that you take norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets. You do not need back-up contraception if you use the Day 1 Start.

# If you start taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets and you are switching from another birth control pill:

- Start your new norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets pack on the same day that you would start the next pack of your previous birth control method.
  - Do not continue taking the pills from your previous birth control pack.

# If you start taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets and previously used a vaginal ring or transdermal patch:

 Start using norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets on the day you would have reapplied the next ring or patch.

# If you start taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets and you are switching from a progestin-only method such as an implant or injection:

• Start taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets on the day of removal of your implant or on the day when you would have had your next injection.

# If you start taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets and you are switching from an intrauterine device or system (IUD or IUS):

- Start taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets on the day of removal of your IUD or IUS.
- You do not need back-up contraception if your IUD or IUS is removed on the first day (Day 1) of your period. If your IUD or IUS is removed on any other day, use nonhormonal back-up contraception such as condoms and spermicide for the first 7 days that you take norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets.

### Keep a calendar to track your period:

If this is the first time you are taking birth control pills, read, "When should I start taking norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets?" above. Follow these instructions for either a Sunday Start or a Day 1 Start.

### Sunday Start

You will use a **Sunday Start** if your healthcare provider told you to take your first pill on a Sunday

- Take pill 1 on the Sunday after your period starts.
- If your period starts on a Sunday, take pill "1" that day and refer to Day 1 Start instructions below.
- Take  ${\bf 1}$  pill every day in the order on the blister at the same time each day for  ${\bf 28}$  days.
- After taking the last pill on Day 28 from the blister, start taking the first pill from a new pack, on the same day of the week as the first pack (Sunday). Take the first pill in the new pack whether or not you are having your period.
- Use non-hormonal back-up contraception such as condoms and spermicide for the first **7** days of the first cycle that you take norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets.

### Day 1 Start

You will use a  $\bf Day\ 1$  Start if your doctor told you to take your first pill ( $\bf Day\ 1$ ) on the first day of your period.

- Take  ${\bf 1}$  pill every day in the order of the blister pack, at the same time each day, for  ${\bf 28}$  days.
- After taking the last pill on Day 28 from the blister, start taking the first pill from a new pack, on the same day of the week as the first pack. Take the first pill in the new pack whether or not you are having your period.

#### 

## Instructions for using your blister:

## Each new blister has 28 pills

- 7 white pills with hormone, for Days 1 to 7
- 7 light blue pills with hormone, for Days 8 to 14
- 7 blue pills with hormones, for Days 15 to 21
- 7 green pills (without hormones), for Days 22 to 28.

### Step 1.

### SET THE DAY on your BLISTER

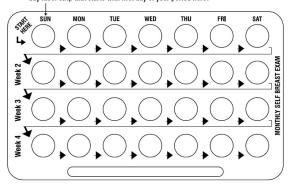
### Sunday Start:

Each blister has been preprinted with the days of the week, starting with Sunday (**Sun**), to facilitate a Sunday-Start regimen.

### Day 1 Star

- $\bullet~$  Six different day label strips of the week have been provided with this pack in order to accommodate a Day-1 Start regimen.
- Pick the day label strip that starts with the first day of your period. Place this day label strip over the area that has the days of the week (starting with Sunday) pre-printed on the blister (Refer figure below).

If your period begins on a day other than Sunday, place the day label strip that starts with first day of your period here.



#### Step 2.

Remove pill "1" by pushing down on the pill. The pill will come out through a hole in the back of the strip.

#### Step 3.

Swallow the pill. You will take 1 pill every day, at the same time each day.

#### Step 4.

Wait 24 hours to take your next pill. Continue to take  ${\bf 1}$  pill each day until all the pills have been taken.

#### Step 5.

**Take your pill at the same time every day.** It is important to take the correct pill each day and not miss any pills.

To help you remember, take your pill at the same time as another daily activity, like turning off your alarm clock or brushing your teeth.

#### Step 6.

When your blister is empty, you will start a new blister on the day after pill "28." Remember to take your first pill in every refill on the same day of the week, no matter when your next period starts.

What should I do if I miss any norgestimate and ethinyl estradiol tablets pills?

## If you miss 1 pill in Weeks 1, 2, or 3, follow these steps:

- Take it as soon as you remember. Take the next pill at your regular time. This means you may take  ${\bf 2}$  pills in  ${\bf 1}$  day.
- Then continue taking 1 pill every day until you finish the pack.
- You do not need to use a back-up birth control method if you have sex.

  If you miss 2 pills in Week 1 or Week 2 of your pack, follow these steps:

### you miss 2 pills in Week 1 or Week 2 of your pack, follow these steps:

- Take the 2 missed pills as soon as possible and the next 2 pills the next day.
- Then continue to take **1** pill every day until you finish the pack.
- Use a non-hormonal birth control method (such as a condom and spermicide) as a back-up if you have sex during the first  $\bf 7$  days after missing your pills.

If you miss 2 pills in a row in Week 3, or you miss 3 or more pills in a row during Weeks 1, 2, or 3 of the pack, follow these steps:

### • If you are a Day 1 Starter:

- Throw out the rest of the pill pack and start a new pack that same day.
- You may not have your period this month but this is expected. However, if you
  miss your period 2 months in a row, call your healthcare provider because you might be
  pregnant.
- You could become pregnant if you have sex during the first 7 days after you
  restart your pills. You MUST use a non-hormonal birth control method (such as a
  condom and spermicide) as a back-up if you have sex during the first 7 days after you
  restart your pills.

### If you are a Sunday Starter:

- Keep taking 1 pill every day until Sunday. On Sunday, throw out the rest of the pack and start a new pack of pills that same day.
- Use a non-hormonal birth control method (such as a condom and spermicide) as a back-up if you have sex during the first  ${\bf 7}$  days after you restart your pills.

If you have any questions or are unsure about the information in this leaflet, call your healthcare provider.

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Pithampur (M.P.) - 454 775

India

This Patient Information and Instructions for Use has been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

Revised: November 2024

ID#:

## Carton Label

#### NDC 68180-838-73

Norgestimate and Ethinyl Estradiol Tablets USP, 0.18 mg/0.035 mg, 0.215 mg/0.035 mg and 0.25 mg/0.035 mg

Blister pack containing 28 tablets packed in a Pouch. Such three Pouches are packaged in a Carton.

Rx only

KEEP THIS AND ALL MEDICATION OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. THIS PACKAGE IS NOT CHILD RESISTANT.

Pharmacist: Each unit contains information intended for the patients. This informational piece is to be provided to the patient with each prescription.



#### Pouch Label

#### NDC 68180-838-71

Norgestimate and Ethinyl Estradiol Tablets USP, 0.18 mg/0.035 mg, 0.215 mg/0.035 mg and 0.25 mg/0.035

Blister pack containing 28 tablets packed in a Pouch.

#### Rx only

KEEP THIS AND ALL MEDICATION OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. THIS PACKAGE IS NOT CHILD RESISTANT.

Pharmacist: Each unit contains information intended for the patients. This informational piece is to be provided to the patient with each prescription.



## Blister Label

## NDC 68180-838-71

Norgestimate and Ethinyl Estradiol Tablets USP, 0.18 mg/0.035 mg, 0.215 mg/0.035 mg and 0.25 mg/0.035

28 Tablets

Rx only

KEEP THIS AND ALL MEDICATION OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. THIS PACKAGE IS NOT CHILD RESISTANT.

 ${\bf Pharmacist: Each unit \ contains \ information \ intended \ for \ the \ patients. \ This \ informational \ piece \ is \ to \ be \ provided \ to \ the \ patient \ with \ each \ prescription.}$ 

## Lidding Foil Side





norgestimate and	ethinyl estradiol ki	t					
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Inactive Ingrece ANHYDROUS LACTOC ELLULOSE, MICROCROSCAMBLUOSE, MICROCROSCAMBLUOSES (I LACTOSE MONOHY MAGNESIUM STEAR POLYETHYLENE GL' POVIDONE (UNIX STEAR POLYETHYLENE GL' POVIDONE (UNIX STEAR FLAVOR COIOT Shape Flavor Contains  Marketing I Marketing I Marketing I Marketing I Marketing I	Ilients Ing DSE (UNII: 3SY5LH9PM CRYSTALLINE (UNII: SODIUM (UNII: M280 DBATE (UNII: FW0570 DBATE (UNII: FW0570 ATE (UNII: 70977M613 WORDERSTEIN TO SPECIFIED SPSG1944E) (UNII: 15FIX9V2]P) Cteristics WHITE ROUND  Information Application No. 10 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	redient Nam (x) OPIR32D61U) LIHH48) OBISX) O) (UNII: 3W/QOSE Imprii	owia)	Da	ng Start	no score 5mm E25;LU	eting End
Inactive Ingrece ANHYDROUS LACTOC ELLULOSE, MICROCROSCAMBLUOSE, MICROCROSCAMBLUOSES (I LACTOSE MONOHY MAGNESIUM STEAR POLYETHYLENE GL' POVIDONE (UNIX STEAR POLYETHYLENE GL' POVIDONE (UNIX STEAR FLAVOR COIOT Shape Flavor Contains  Marketing I Marketing I Marketing I Marketing I Marketing I	Ilients Ing DSE (UNII: 3SY5LH9PM CRYSTALLINE (UNII: SODIUM (UNII: M280 DBATE (UNII: FW0570 DBATE (UNII: FW0570 ATE (UNII: 70977M613 WORDERSTEIN TO SPECIFIED SPSG1944E) (UNII: 15FIX9V2]P) Cteristics WHITE ROUND  Information Application No. 10 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	redient Nam (x) OPIR32D61U) LIHH48) OBISX) O) (UNII: 3W/QOSE Imprii	owia)	Da	ng Start	no score 5mm E25;LU	eting End
Inactive Ingrece ANHYDROUS LACTOC CELLULOSE, MICROCROSCAMBLUOSE, MICROCROSCAMBLUOSES (I LACTOSE MONOHY) MAGNESIUM STEAR POLYETHYLENE GIVEN THE COLOR STATEMENT OF THE COLOR STATEMENT O	Ilients Ing DSE (UNII: 3SY5LH9PM CRYSTALLINE (UNII: SODIUM (UNII: M280 DBATE (UNII: FW0570 DBATE (UNII: FW0570 ATE (UNII: 70977M613 WORDERSTEIN TO SPECIFIED SPSG1944E) (UNII: 15FIX9V2]P) Cteristics WHITE ROUND  Information Application No. 10 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	redient Nam k) OP1R32D61U) L1HH48) L1HH48) O) (UNII: 3W/QOSC Score Size Imprii	ww.t.A)	08/08/2019	ng Start	no score 5mm E25;LU	eting End
Inactive Ingrec ANHYDROUS LACTO CELLULOSE, MICRO CELLULOSE, MICRO CELLULOSE, MICRO CELLULOSE, MICRO POPURE SIMPROMELLOSE (I) MAGNESIUM STEAR POLYETHYLENE GL; POVIDONE (UMI: FZ TITANIUM DIOXIDE  Product Charac Color Shape Flavor Contains  Marketing Category ANDA  Part 2 of 4  NORGESTIM	IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	redient Nam  K)  OP1R32D61U)  L1HH48)  885X)  O)  (UNII: 3WJQOSC  Score  Size  Imprii  Imperior Monitation	ww.t.A)	08/08/2019	ng Start	no score 5mm E25;LU	eting End
Inactive Ingrec ANHYDROUS LACTO CELLULOSE, MICRO CELLULOSE, MICRO CELLULOSE, MICRO CROSCARMELLOSE (I) LACTOSE MONDELLOSES (I) LACTOSE MONDELLOSES (I) LACTOSE MONDELLOSES (I) DOVIDONE (I) MICRO COLOR TITANIUM DIOXIDE  Product Charac Color Shape Flavor Contains  Marketing Category ANDA  Part 2 of 4  NORGESTIM	Ilients Ing DSE (UNII: 3575149PM DCRYSTALINE (UNII: SODIUM (UNII: M280 UNII: 3NW2973WO) DRATE (UNII: EWQ570 ATE (UNII: 70977M61 PORTATE (UNII: 70977M61 PORTATE (UNII: 15FIX9V2/P)  CAPTION OF THE PORTATE (UNII: 15FIX9V2/P)  CAPTION OF THE PORTATE (UNII: 15FIX9V2/P)  CAPTION OF THE PORTATE (UNII: 15FIX9V2/P)  APPLICATION OF THE PORTATE (UNII: 15FIX9V2/P)  APPLICATION OF THE PORTATE (UNII: 15FIX9V2/P)  AND APPLICATION OF THE PORTATE (UNII: 15FIX9V2/P)  AND APPLICATION OF THE PORTATE (UNII: 15FIX9V2/P)  AND APPLICATION OF THE PORTATE (UNII: 15FIX9V2/P)  ATE AND ETITED OF THE PORTATE (UNII: 15FIX9V2/P)	redient Nam  K)  OP1R32D61U)  L1HH48)  885X)  O)  (UNII: 3WJQOSC  Score  Size  Imprii  Imperior Monitation	ww.t.A)	08/08/2019	ng Start	no score 5mm E25;LU	eting End
Inactive Ingrec ANHYDROUS LACTO CELLULOSE, MICRO CROSCAMBELLOSES (INCROMSTANDAMELLOSES (	IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	redient Nam  K)  OP1R32D61U)  L1HH48)  885X)  O)  (UNII: 3WJQOSC  Score  Size  Imprii  Imperior Monitation	ww.t.A)	08/08/2019	ng Start	no score 5mm E25;LU	eting End
Inactive Ingrec ANHYDROUS LACT CELLULOSE, MICRO CROSCARMELLOSE (ILLACTOSE MONDELLOSES (ILLACTOSE MONDELLOSE MONDELLOSE MONDELLOSES (ILLACTOSE MONDELLOSE MONDELLOSE MONDELLOSE MONDELLOSE (ILLACTOSE MONDELLOSE MONDELLOSE MONDELLOSE MONDELLOSE MONDELLOSES	Ilients Ing DSE (UNII: 3575149PM DCRYSTALINE (UNII: SODIUM (UNII: M280 UNII: 3NW2973WO) DRATE (UNII: EWQ570 ATE (UNII: 2507476 UNII: 3767476 UNII: 3767476 ROUND APPLICATION CANDA205588	redient Nam  K)  OP1R32D61U)  L1HH48)  885X)  O)  (UNII: 3WJQOSC  Score  Size  Imprii  Imperior Monitation	ww.t.A)	08/08/2019	ng Start	no score 5mm E25;LU	eting End
Inactive Ingrec ANHYDROUS LACT CELLULOSE, MICRO CECLULOSE, MICRO CECLULOSE, MICRO CECLULOSE, MICRO CROSCARMELLOSE HYPROMELLOSE (I) ALACTOSE MONDELLOSES (I) ALACTOSE MONDELLOSES (I) ALACTOSE MONDELLOSES (I) ANDIE TELLO POPULYETHYLE (I) COLO POPULYETHYLE (I) FLAVO COLO POPULYETHYLE (I) FLAVO COLO FLAVO FLAVO COLO FLAVO ANDA  PARKETING Category ANDA  PART 2 of 4  NORGESTIM norgestimate and	Ilients Ing DSE (UNII: 3575149PM DCRYSTALINE (UNII: SODIUM (UNII: M280 UNII: 3NW2973WO) DRATE (UNII: EWQ570 ATE (UNII: 2507476 UNII: 3767476 UNII: 3767476 ROUND APPLICATION CANDA205588	redient Nam  K)  OP1R32D61U)  L1HH48)  885X)  O)  (UNII: 3WJQOSC  Score  Size  Imprii  Imperior Monitation	ww.t.A)	08/08/2019	ng Start	no score 5mm E25;LU	eting End
Inactive Ingrec ANHYDROUS LACT CELLULOSE, MICRO CECLULOSE, MICRO CECLULOSE, MICRO CECLULOSE, MICRO CROSCARMELLOSE HYPROMELLOSE (I) ALACTOSE MONDELLOSES (I) ALACTOSE MONDELLOSES (I) ALACTOSE MONDELLOSES (I) ANDIE TELLO POPULYETHYLE (I) COLO POPULYETHYLE (I) FLAVO COLO POPULYETHYLE (I) FLAVO COLO FLAVO FLAVO COLO FLAVO ANDA  PARKETING Category ANDA  PART 2 of 4  NORGESTIM norgestimate and	Ilients Ing DSE (UNII: 3575149PM DCRYSTALINE (UNII: SODIUM (UNII: M280 UNII: 3NW2973WO) DRATE (UNII: EWQ570 ATE (UNII: 2507476 UNII: 3767476 UNII: 3767476 ROUND APPLICATION CANDA205588	redient Nam  K)  OP1R32D61U)  L1HH48)  885X)  O)  (UNII: 3WJQOSC  Score  Size  Imprii  Imperior Monitation	ww.t.A)	08/08/2019	ng Start	no score 5mm E25;LU	eting End
Inactive Ingrec ANHYDROUS LACT CELLULOSE, MICRO CROSCARMELLOSE HYPROMELLOSE OF MAGNESIUM STEAR POLYETHYLENE GL POVIDONE (UNIE 12 TITANIUM DIOXIDE  Product Charac Color Shape Flavor Contains  Marketing Category ANDA  Part 2 of 4  NORGESTIM norgestimate and Product Inform Route of Adminis	Ilients Ing DSE (UNII: 3575149PM DCRYSTALINE (UNII: SODIUM (UNII: M280 UNII: 3NW2973WO) DRATE (UNII: EWQ570 ATE (UNII: 2507476 UNII: 3767476 UNII: 3767476 ROUND APPLICATION CANDA205588	redient Nam  K)  OPIR32D61U)  L1HH48)  885X)  O)  (UNII: 3WJQOSC  Size  Imprii  Imperior Motitation  HINYL ES  ablet	ww.t.A)	08/08/2019	ng Start	no score 5mm E25;LU	eting End
Inactive Ingrec ANHYDROUS LACT CELLULOSE, MICRO CROSCARMELLOSE HYPROMELLOSE (I) LACTOSE MONDELLOSE (I) MAGNESIUM STEAR POLYETHYLENE GL. POUDONE (UMI: FZ TITANIUM DIOXIDE  Product Charac Color Shape Flavor Contains  Marketing Category ANDA  Part 2 of 4  NORGESTIM norgestimate and Product Inform Route of Adminis	Ilients Ing DSE (UNII: 3575LH9PM DERYSTALLINE (UNII: SODIUM (UNII: M280 UNII: 3NWX9973WO) DRATE (UNII: EWQ570 ATE (UNII: 15PX972)P)  Col. unspecified B896H94E) (UNII: 15FX9V2)P)  Col. unspecified B996H94E) AND  Application No. Application	redient Nam  K)  OPIR32D61U)  L1HH48)  885X)  O)  (UNII: 3WJQOSC  Size  Imprii  Imperior Motitation  HINYL ES  ablet	ww.t.A)	08/08/2019	ng Start te	no score 5mm E25;LU	eting End

Inactive Ingredients	
Ingredient Name	Strength
CELLULOSE, MICROCRYSTALLINE (UNII: OP1R32D61U)	
CROSCARMELLOSE SODIUM (UNII: M280L1HH48)	
FD&C BLUE NO. 2 (UNII: L06K8R7DQK)	
FERRIC OXIDE YELLOW (UNII: EX43802MRT)	
HYPROMELLOSES (UNII: 3NXW29V3WO)	
LACTOSE MONOHYDRATE (UNII: EWQ57Q8I5X)	
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)	
POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL, UNSPECIFIED (UNII: 3WJQ0SDW1A)	
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (UNII: 15FIX9V2JP)	

Product Characteristics					
Color	GREEN	Score	no score		
Shape	ROUND (biconvex)	Size	5mm		
Flavor		Imprint Code	E24;LU		
Contains					

Marketing Information					
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date		
ANDA	ANDA205588	08/08/2019			

Marketing Information					
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date		
ANDA	ANDA205588	08/08/2019			

Labeler - Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (089153071)

Registrant - LUPIN LIMITED (675923163)

Establishment					
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations		
LUPIN LIMITED		650582310	MANUFACTURE(68180-838) , PACK(68180-838)		

Revised: 10/2024 Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc.