## HYOSCYAMINE SULFATE SL- hyos cyamine sulfate tablet, orally disintegrating H.J. Harkins Company, Inc.

Disclaimer: This drug has not been found by FDA to be safe and effective, and this labeling has not been approved by FDA. For further information about unapproved drugs, click here.

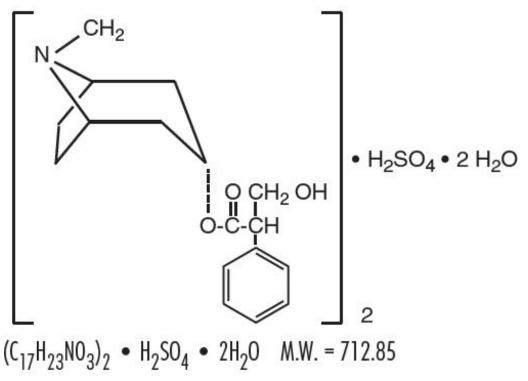
-----

## 1208

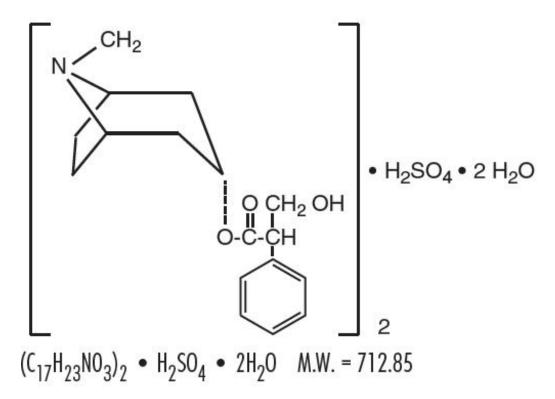
Each round, green, peppermint flavored tablet, for sublingual administration contains:

Hyoscyamine Sulfate, USP ..... 0.125 mg.

Hyoscyamine sulfate is one of the principal anticholinergic/antispasmodic components of belladonna alkaloids.



Inactive ingredients include: Green LKB #LB-620, lactose monohydrate, magnesium stearate (veg), mannitol USP, peppermint flavor, starch and stearic acid.



Hyoscyamine has actions similar to those of atropine, but is more potent in both its central and peripheral effects.

This product inhibits gastrointestinal propulsive motility and decreases gastric acid secretions. This product controls excessive pharyngeal, tracheal, and bronchial secretion. This product is absorbed totally and completely by sublingual administration as well as oral administration.

Once absorbed, this product disappears rapidly from the blood and is distributed throughout the entire body.

The majority of hyoscyamine sulfate is excreted in the urine unchanged within the first 12 hours and only traces of hyoscyamine sulfate are found in the breast milk.

This product may be used in functional intestinal disorders to reduce symptoms such as those seen in mild dysenteries and diverticulitis. It can also be used to control gastric secretion, visceral spasm and hypermotility in cystitis, pylorospasm and associated abdominal cramps.

Along with appropriate analgesics, this product is indicated in symptomatic relief of biliary and renal colic and as a drying agent in the relief of symptoms of acute rhinitis.

This product is effective as adjunctive therapy in the treatment of peptic ulcer and irritable bowel syndrome, acute enterocolitis and other functional gastrointestinal disorders.

Glaucoma, obstructive uropathy, obstructive diseases of the gastrointestinal tract, paralytic ileum, intestinal atony of elderly or debilitated patients, unstable cardiovascular status, severe ulcerative colitis, toxic megacolon, myasthenia gravis, and myocardial ischemia. This product is not recommended for use in children under twelve years of age.

Heat prostration can occur with drug use in the event of high environmental temperature.

Diarrhea may be an early symptom of incomplete intestinal obstruction, especially in patients with ileostomy or colostomy; in this instance, treatment would be inappropriate and possibly harmful. This product may cause drowsiness or blurred vision. Patients taking this product should be warned not to engage in activities requiring mental alertness such as operating a motor vehicle or other machinery or to perform hazardous tasks while taking this drug.

Use caution in patients with hiatal hernia associated with reflex esophagitis. Use extreme caution and only when needed in patients with autonomic neuropathy, hyperthyroidism, coronary heart disease,

congestive heart failure and cardiac arrhythmia. Investigate any tachycardia before giving any anticholinergic drugs since they may increase the heart rate.

Prolonged use of anticholinergics may decrease or inhibit salivary flow, thus contributing to the development of caries, periodontal disease, oral candidiasis, and discomfort.

Information for Patients: This medication should be taken 30 minutes to one hour before meals. This medication should be used with caution during exercise or hot weather; overheating may result in heat stroke. Hyoscyamine may cause drowsiness, dizziness or blurred vision; patients should observe caution before driving, using machinery or performing other tasks requiring mental alertness.

Drug Interactions: Absorption of other oral medications may be decreased during concurrent use with anticholinergics due to decreased gastrointestinal motility and delayed gastric emptying. Drug interactions may occur when anticholinergics are used with the following medications: antacids, antidiarrheals (adsorbent), other anticholinergics, antimyasthenics, cyclopropane, haloperidol, ketoconazole, metoclopramide, opioid (narcotic) analgesics, and potassium chloride.

Pregnancy:

Pregnancy Category C. Animal reproduction studies have not been conducted with this product. It is also not known whether this product can cause fetal harm when administered to a pregnant woman or can affect reproduction capacity.

Hyoscyamine crosses the placenta. This product should be given to a pregnant woman only if clearly needed.

Nursing Mothers: This product is excreted in human milk. This product should not be administered to a nursing mother.

Pediatric Use: This product is not recommended for use in children under twelve years of age. Infants and young children are especially susceptible to the toxic effects of anticholinergics. Close supervision is recommended for infants and children with spastic paralysis or brain damage since an increased response to anticholinergics has been reported in these patients and dosage adjustments are often required.

When anticholinergics are given to children where the environmental temperature is high, there is a risk of a rapid increase in body temperature because of these medications' suppression of sweat gland activity. A paradoxical reaction characterized by hyperexcitability may occur in children taking large doses of anticholinergics.

Geriatric Use: Geriatric patients may respond to usual doses of anticholinergics with excitement, agitation, drowsiness, or confusion.

Geriatric patients are especially susceptible to the anticholinergic side effects, such as constipation, dryness of mouth, and urinary retention (especially in males). If these side effects occur and continue or are severe, medication should probably be discontinued. Caution is also recommended when anticholinergics are given to geriatric patients, because of the danger of precipitating undiagnosed glaucoma.

Memory may become severely impaired in geriatric patients, especially those who already have memory problems, with the continued use of anticholinergics since these drugs block the actions of acetylcholine, which is responsible for many functions of the brain, including memory functions.

Not all of the following adverse reactions have been reported with hyoscyamine sulfate. The following adverse reactions have been reported for pharmacologically similar drugs with anticholinergic/antispasmodic action. Adverse reactions may include dryness of the mouth, urinary hesitancy and retention; blurred vision; tachycardia; palpitations; mydriasis; cycloplegia; increased ocular tension; loss of taste; headache; nervousness; drowsiness; weakness; dizziness; insomnia; nausea; vomiting; impotence; suppression of lactation; constipation; bloated feeling; allergic reactions or drug idiosyncrasies; urticaria and other dermal manifestations; ataxia; speech disturbance; some degree of

mental confusion and/or excitement (especially in elderly persons); and decreased sweating.

The signs and symptoms of overdose are headache, nausea, vomiting, blurred vision, dilated pupils, hot dry skin, dizziness, dryness of the mouth, difficulty in swallowing and CNS stimulation. Measures to be taken are immediate lavage of the stomach and injection of physostigmine 0.5 to 2 mg intravenously and repeated as necessary up to a total of 5 mg. Fever may be treated symptomatically (tepid water sponge baths, hypothermic blanket). Excitement to a degree which demands attention may be managed with sodium thiopental 2% solution given slowly intravenously or chloral hydrate (100- 200 mL of a 2% solution) by rectal infusion.

In the event of progression of the curare-like effect to paralysis of the respiratory muscles, artificial respiration should be instituted and maintained until effective respiratory action returns.

In rats, the LD50 for hyoscyamine is 375 mg/kg. Hyoscyamine is dialyzable.

Usual dosage: Adults and children over 12 years of age: 1 to 2 tablets sublingually. Dose may be repeated three or four times a day, thirty minutes to one hour before meals and at bedtime, the dosage being adjusted as needed and tolerated.

Note: Geriatric patients may be more sensitive to the effects of the usual adult dose.

Dispense in a tight, light resistant container as defined in USP/NF, with a child-resistant closure.

Store at controlled room temperature between 20°-25°C (68°-77°F), see USP Controlled Room Temperature.

KEEP THIS AND ALL MEDICATION OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. IN CASE OF ACCIDENTAL OVERDOSE, SEEK PROFESSIONAL ASSISTANCE OR CONTACT A POISON CONTROL CENTER IMMEDIATELY.

CAUTION: federal Law PROHIBITS the transfer of this drug to anyone other than the person who prescribed and prohibits dispensing without a prescription, unless OTC. See outsert for add'I Rx info. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN Store in a cool, dry place at 68-77 F unless printed attenuise.						
76519-1208-XX HYOSCYAMINE SULFATE SL 0.125mg TAB #XX Compare: Levsin SL Exp. 00/00 Lot#: AB00CD Mfg. ACELLAPHAR 42192-0339-01 ACCOUNT: 00-0000		HYOSCYAMINE SULFATE SL 0.125mg TAB           NDC: 76519-1208-XX         QTY: #XX           Exp. 00/00         Lot#: AB00CD           MFG NDC 42192-0339-01           HYOSCYAMINE SULFATE SL 0.125mg TAB           NDC: 76519-1208-XX         QTY: #XX				
Use As Directed by Physician		Exp. 00/00 MFG NDC 42192-0339-01 HYOSCYAMINE SULFATE SL 0.125mg TAB NDC: 76519-1208-XX QTY: #XX Exp. 00/00 Lot#: AB00CD MFG NDC 42192-0339-01				
		HYOSCYAMINE SULFATE SL 0.125mg TAB NDC: 76519-1208-XX QTY: #XX Exp. 00/00 Lot#: AB00CD MFG NDC 42192-0339-01 Repack: H.J. Harkins Co., Inc. Grover Beach, CA 93433				

## HYOSCYAMINE SULFATE SL

hyoscyamine sulfate tablet, orally disintegrating

<b>Product Informatio</b>	n						
Product Type		HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG Item Cod			(Source)	NDC:76519-1208	
Route of Administratio	n	SUBLINGUAL					
Active Ingredient/A	ctive Moi	ety					
Ingredient Name					Basis of Strength		Strengt
HYOSCYAMINE SULFAT	HYOSCYAMINE SULFATE (UNII: F2R8V82B84) (HYOSCYAMINE - UNII:PX44XO846X) HYOSCYAM					SULFATE	0.125 mg
Product Characteri	stics						
Color	green	Score			no score		
Shape	ROUND	Size				6 mm	
Flavor	PEPPERM	PEPPERMINT Imprint Cod			le 39		
Contains							
Packaging							
		Package Description			ng Start Date	Marketing	g End Dat
# Item Code		ruckuge Description			8		
	in 1 VIAL, PL		bination Produc		•		
	in 1 VIAL, PL.		bination Produc		•		
	in 1 VIAL, PL.		bination Produc		•		-
<b>1</b> NDC:76519-1208-0 10			bination Produc		•		
<ul> <li># Item Code</li> <li>1 NDC:76519-1208-0 10</li> <li>Marketing Infor</li> <li>Marketing Category</li> </ul>	mation			t 07/31/2018	3	Marketing	

Labeler - H.J. Harkins Company, Inc. (147681894)

Establishment					
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations		
H.J. Harkins Company, Inc.		147681894	relabel(76519-1208), repack(76519-1208), manufacture(76519-1208)		

Revised: 8/2018

H.J. Harkins Company, Inc.