METHOCARBAMOL- methocarbamol tablet, film coated RA CHEM PHARMA LIMITED

Methocarbamol Tablets, USP

DESCRIPTION

Methocarbamol Tablets, USP, a carbamate derivative of guaifenesin, is a central nervous system (CNS) depressant with sedative and musculoskeletal relaxant properties.

The chemical name of methocarbamol is 3-(2-methoxyphenoxy)-1,2-propanediol 1-carbamate and has the empirical formula $C_{11}H_{15}NO_5$. Its molecular weight is 241.24. The structural formula is shown below.

Methocarbamol is a white powder, sparingly soluble in water and chloroform, soluble in alcohol (only with heating) and propylene glycol, and insoluble in benzene and n-hexane.

Methocarbamol tablet USP, 500 mg is available as a white, round, scored, film-coated tablet, debossed "ASC" over the score on one side and "500" on the other side. Methocarbamol tablet USP, 750 mg is available as white, capsule-shaped, film-coated tablet, debossed "ASC" on one side and "750" on the other side.

Each tablet for oral administration contains 500 mg or 750 mg methocarbamol. Inactive ingredients include colloidal silicon dioxide, croscarmellose sodium, lecithin, magnesium stearate, microcrystalline cellulose, povidone, polyvinyl alcohol, polyethylene glycol, sodium lauryl sulfate, talc and titanium dioxide.

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

The mechanism of action of methocarbamol in humans has not been established, but may be due to general central nervous system (CNS) depression. It has no direct action on the contractile mechanism of striated muscle, the motor end plate or the nerve fiber.

Pharmacokinetics

In healthy volunteers, the plasma clearance of methocarbamol ranges between 0.20 and 0.80 L/h/kg, the mean plasma elimination half-life ranges between 1 and 2 hours, and the plasma protein binding ranges between 46% and 50%.

Methocarbamol is metabolized via dealkylation and hydroxylation. Conjugation of methocarbamol also is likely. Essentially all methocarbamol metabolites are eliminated in the urine. Small amounts of unchanged methocarbamol also are excreted in the urine.

Special populations

Elderly

The mean (\pm SD) elimination half-life of methocarbamol in elderly healthy volunteers (mean (\pm SD) age, 69 (\pm 4) years) was slightly prolonged compared to a younger (mean (\pm SD) age, 53.3 (\pm 8.8) years), healthy population (1.5 (\pm 0.4) hours versus 1.1 (\pm 0.27) hours, respectively). The fraction of bound methocarbamol was slightly decreased in the elderly versus younger volunteers (41 to 43% versus 46 to 50%, respectively).

Renally impaired

The clearance of methocarbamol in 8 renally-impaired patients on maintenance hemodialysis was reduced about 40% compared to 17 normal subjects, although the mean (\pm SD) elimination half-life in these two groups was similar: 1.2 (\pm 0.6) versus 1.1 (\pm 0.3) hours, respectively.

Hepatically impaired

In 8 patients with cirrhosis secondary to alcohol abuse, the mean total clearance of methocarbamol was reduced approximately 70% compared to that obtained in 8 age-and weight-matched normal subjects. The mean (\pm SD) elimination half-life in the cirrhotic patients and the normal subjects was 3.38 (\pm 1.62) hours and 1.11 (\pm 0.27) hours, respectively. The percent of methocarbamol bound to plasma proteins was decreased to approximately 40 to 45% compared to 46 to 50% in the normal subjects.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

Methocarbamol is indicated as an adjunct to rest, physical therapy, and other measures for the relief of discomfort associated with acute, painful musculoskeletal conditions. The mode of action of methocarbamol has not been clearly identified, but may be related to its sedative properties. Methocarbamol does not directly relax tense skeletal muscles in man.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Methocarbamol is contraindicated in patients hypersensitive to methocarbamol or to any of the tablet components.

WARNINGS

Since methocarbamol may possess a general CNS depressant effect, patients receiving methocarbamol should be cautioned about combined effects with alcohol and other CNS depressants.

Safe use of methocarbamol has not been established with regard to possible adverse effects upon fetal development. There have been reports of fetal and congenital abnormalities following in utero exposure to methocarbamol. Therefore, methocarbamol should not be used in women who are or may become pregnant and particularly during early pregnancy unless in the judgment of the physician the potential benefits outweigh the possible hazards (see **PRECAUTION**, **Pregnancy**).

Use In Activities Requiring Mental Alertness

Methocarbamol may impair mental and/or physical abilities required for performance of hazardous tasks, such as operating machinery or driving a motor vehicle. Patients should be cautioned about operating machinery, including automobiles, until they are reasonably certain that methocarbamol therapy does not adversely affect their ability to engage in such activities.

PRECAUTIONS

Information for patients

Patients should be cautioned that methocarbamol may cause drowsiness or dizziness, which may impair their ability to operate motor vehicles or machinery. Because methocarbamol may possess a general CNS-depressant effect, patients should be cautioned about combined effects with alcohol and other CNS depressants.

Drug Interactions

See **WARNINGS** and **PRECAUTIONS** for interaction with CNS drugs and alcohol.

Methocarbamol may inhibit the effect of pyridostigmine bromide. Therefore, methocarbamol should be used with caution in patients with myasthenia gravis receiving anticholinesterase agents.

Drug/laboratory Test Interactions

Methocarbamol may cause color interference in certain screening tests for 5-hydroxyindoleacetic acid (5-HIAA) using nitrosonaphthol reagent and in screening tests for urinary vanillylmandelic acid (VMA) using the Gitlow method.

Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility

Long-term studies to evaluate the carcinogenic potential of methocarbamol have not been performed. No studies have been conducted to assess the effect of methocarbamol on mutagenesis or its potential to impair fertility.

Pregnancy

Teratogenic effects

Pregnancy Category C

Animal reproduction studies have not been conducted with methocarbamol. It is also not known whether methocarbamol can cause fetal harm when administered to a pregnant woman or can affect reproduction capacity. Methocarbamol should be given to a pregnant woman only if clearly needed.

Safe use of Methocarbamol has not been established with regard to possible adverse effects upon fetal development. There have been reports of fetal and congenital abnormalities following in utero exposure to methocarbamol. Therefore, Methocarbamol should not be used in women who are or may become pregnant and particularly during early pregnancy unless in the judgment of the physician the potential benefits outweigh the possible hazards (see **WARNINGS**).

Nursing mothers

Methocarbamol and/or its metabolites are excreted in the milk of dogs; however, it is not known whether methocarbamol or its metabolites are excreted in human milk. Because many drugs are excreted in human milk, caution should be exercised when methocarbamol is administered to a nursing woman.

Pediatric use

Safety and effectiveness of methocarbamol in pediatric patients below the age of 16 have not been established.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

Adverse reactions reported coincident with the administration of methocarbamol include:

Body as a whole: Anaphylactic reaction, angioneurotic edema, fever, headache Cardiovascular system: Bradycardia, flushing, hypotension, syncope, thrombophlebitis Digestive system: Dyspepsia, jaundice (including cholestatic jaundice), nausea and vomiting

Hemic and lymphatic system: Leukopenia Immune system: Hypersensitivity reactions Nervous system: Amnesia, confusion, diplopia, dizziness or lightheadedness, drowsiness, insomnia, mild muscular incoordination, nystagmus, sedation, seizures (including grand mal), vertigo Skin and special senses: Blurred vision, conjunctivitis, nasal congestion, metallic taste, pruritus, rash, urticarial.

OVERDOSAGE

Limited information is available on the acute toxicity of methocarbamol. Overdose of methocarbamol is frequently in conjunction with alcohol or other CNS depressants and includes the following symptoms: nausea, drowsiness, blurred vision, hypotension, seizures, and coma.

In post-marketing experience, deaths have been reported with an overdose of methocarbamol alone or in the presence of other CNS depressants, alcohol or psychotropic drugs.

Treatment

Management of overdose includes symptomatic and supportive treatment. Supportive measures include maintenance of an adequate airway, monitoring urinary output and vital signs, and administration of intravenous fluids if necessary. The usefulness of hemodialysis in managing overdose is unknown.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

Methacarbamol 500 mg - Adults:

Initial dosage: 3 tablets q.i.d

Maintenance dosage: 2 tablets q.i.d

750 mg - Adults:

Initial dosage: 2 tablets q.i.d.

Maintenance dosage: 1 tablet q.4h, or 2 tablets t.i.d.

Six grams a day are recommended for the first 48 to 72 hours of treatment. (For severe conditions 8 grams a day may be administered.) Thereafter, the dosage can usually be reduced to approximately 4 grams a day.

HOW SUPPLIED

Methocarbamol tablets, USP 500 mg are white, round, scored, film-coated tablets, debossed "ASC" over the score on one side and "500" on the other side. They are supplied as follows:

100 counts: NDC 17511-505-01 500 counts: NDC 17511-505-05

Methocarbamol tablets, USP 750 mg are white, capsule-shaped, film-coated tablets, debossed "ASC" on one side and 750 on the other. They are supplied as follows:

100 counts: NDC 17511-506-01 500 counts: NDC 17511-506-05

Store between 20°C and 25°C (68°F and 77°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Dispense in a tight container.

Manufactured For:

DBL Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Jackson Heights, NY 11372

For more information, call ACI Healthcare USA, Inc. at 1-754-702-5116.

Manufactured By:

RA CHEM PHARMA LIMITED

Hyderabad 500076, TELANGANA, INDIA.

Distributed By:

ACI Healthcare USA, Inc.

10100 W. Sample Road, Suite 406 Coral Springs, FL 33065

Issued June 2018

Package Label for Methocarbamol 500mg & 750mg Tablet





Usual Dosage: Two to four tablets four times daily. See package insert for full prescribing information.

Store at controlled room temperature, between 20°C and 25°C (68°F and 77°F). [See USP Controlled Room Temperature].

Dispense in tight container.

KEEP THIS AND ALL MEDICATIONS OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN

M. L. No .: 23/RR/AP/2007/F/R

MEBLR003/00

Methocarbamol
Tablets, USP

100 tablets

Each film-coated tablet contains: Methocarbamol.... 750 mg



Manufactured For: DBL Pharmaceuticals Inc Jackson Heights, NY 11372

Manufactured By:

RA CHEM PHARMA LIMITED
Hyderabad 500076, TELANGANA, INDIA.

Distributed By:

ACI Healthcare USA, Inc. 10100 W. Sample Road, Suite 406 Coral Springs, FL 33065





ACI Healthcare USA, Inc.

Usual Dosage: Two to four tablets four times daily. See package insert for full prescribing information.

Store at controlled room temperature, between 20°C and 25°C (68°F and 77°F). [See USP Controlled Room Temperature].

Dispense in tight container.

KEEP THIS AND ALL MEDICATIONS OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN

M. L. No.: 23/RR/AP/2007/F/R

MEBLR004/00



R only

Manufactured For: DBL Pharmaceuticals Inc Jackson Heights NY 11372

Manufactured By: RA CHEM PHARMA LIMITED Hyderabad 500076, TELANGANA, INDIA.

Distributed By: ACI Healthcare USA, Inc. 10100 W. Sample Road, Suite 406 Coral Springs, FL 33065



500 tablets

Each film-coated tablet contains: Methocarbamol....750 mg





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METHOCARBAMOL

ACI Healthcare USA, Inc.

methocarbamol tablet, film coated

Product Information

 Product Type
 HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG
 Item Code (Source)
 NDC:17511-505

 Route of Administration
 ORAL

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

ı	Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
ı	METHO CARBAMO L (UNII: 125OD7737X) (METHOCARBAMOL - UNII:125OD7737X)	METHOCARBAMOL	500 mg

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name

Strength

SILICON DIO XIDE (UNII: ETJ7Z6XBU4)	
CROSCARMELLOSE SODIUM (UNII: M28 OL1HH48)	
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)	
MICRO CRYSTALLINE CELLULO SE (UNII: OP1R32D61U)	
PO VIDO NE (UNII: FZ989GH94E)	
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL, UNSPECIFIED (UNII: 532B59J990)	
POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL, UNSPECIFIED (UNII: 3WJQ0SDW1A)	
SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE (UNII: 368 GB5141J)	
TALC (UNII: 7SEV7J4R1U)	
TITANIUM DIO XIDE (UNII: 15FIX9 V2JP)	

Product Characteristics				
Color	white	Score	2 pieces	
Shape	ROUND	Size	13mm	
Flavor		Imprint Code	ASC;500	
Contains				

Packaging					
# Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date		
1 NDC:17511-505-01	100 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	02/08/2017			
2 NDC:17511-505-05	500 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	02/08/2017			

Marketing Information				
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
ANDA	ANDA203550	02/08/2017		

METHOCARBAMOL

methocarbamol tablet, film coated

Product Information				
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:17511-506	
Route of Administration	ORAL			

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety			
Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength	
METHO CARBAMO L (UNII: 1250D7737X) (METHO CARBAMO L - UNII:1250D7737X)	METHOCARBAMOL	750 mg	

Inactive Ingredients			
Ingredient Name	Strength		
SILICON DIO XIDE (UNII: ETJ7Z6 XBU4)			

CROSCARMELLOSE SODIUM (UNII: M28 OL1HH48)	
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)	
MICRO CRYSTALLINE CELLULO SE (UNII: OP1R32D61U)	
PO VIDO NE (UNII: FZ989 GH94E)	
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL, UNSPECIFIED (UNII: 532B59J990)	
POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL, UNSPECIFIED (UNII: 3WJQ0SDW1A)	
SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE (UNII: 368GB5141J)	
TALC (UNII: 7SEV7J4R1U)	
TITANIUM DIO XIDE (UNII: 15FIX9 V2JP)	

Product Characteristics				
Color	white	Score	no score	
Shape	CAPSULE	Size	19 mm	
Flavor		Imprint Code	ASC;750	
Contains				

	Packaging					
Ш	# Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date		
П	1 NDC:17511-506-01	100 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	02/08/2017			
ľ	2 NDC:17511-506-05	500 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	02/08/2017			

Marketing Information					
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date		
ANDA	ANDA203550	02/08/2017			

Labeler - RA CHEM PHARMA LIMITED (650488088)

Registrant - DBL Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (080431908)

Establishment			
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
RA CHEM PHARMA LIMITED		677637710	manufacture(17511-505, 17511-506)

Revised: 12/2018 RA CHEM PHARMA LIMITED