

**BROMPHENIRAMINE MALEATE, PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE, -
brompheniramine maleate, pseudoephedrine hydrochloride, syrup
Eywa Pharma Inc**

**Brompheniramine Maleate, Pseudoephedrine Hydrochloride, and Dextromethorphan
Hydrobromide Syrup,
2 mg/30 mg/10 mg per 5 mL
Rx only**

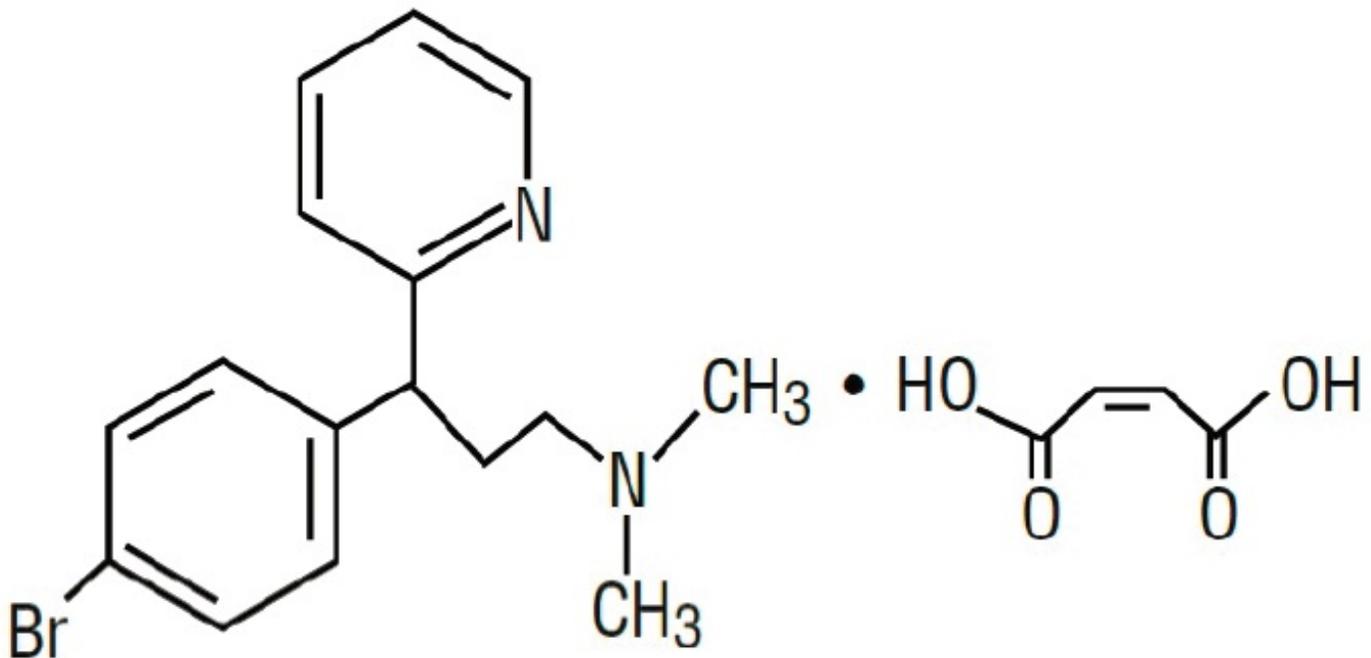
DESCRIPTION

Brompheniramine maleate, pseudoephedrine hydrochloride, and dextromethorphan hydrobromide syrup, 2 mg/30 mg/10 mg per 5 mL is a clear, light pink syrup with a butterscotch flavour.

Each 5 mL (1 teaspoonful) contains:

Brompheniramine Maleate, USP 2 mg
Pseudoephedrine Hydrochloride, USP 30 mg
Dextromethorphan Hydrobromide, USP 10 mg
Alcohol 0.95% v/v
In a palatable, aromatic vehicle.

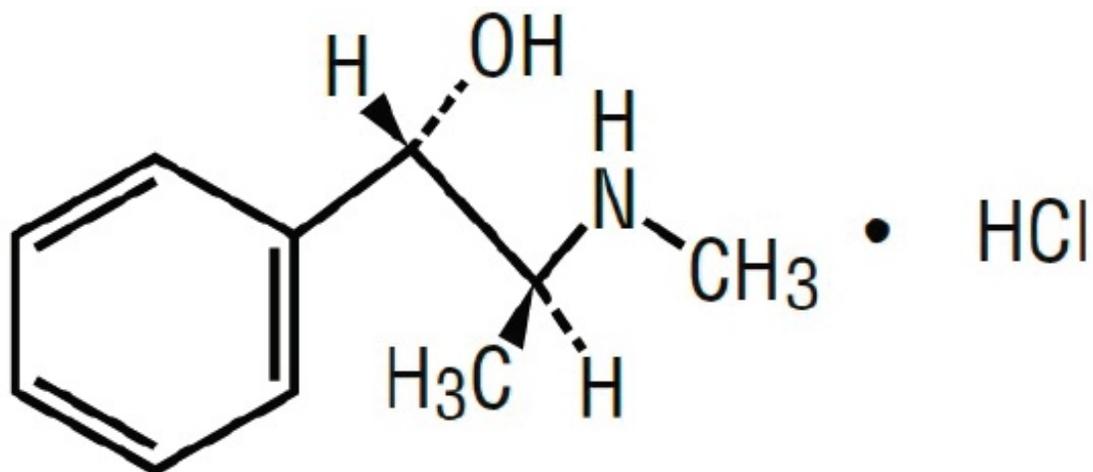
Inactive Ingredients: artificial butterscotch flavor, citric acid anhydrous, alcohol, FD&C Red No. 40, glycerin, sucrose, methylparaben, propylene glycol, purified water and sodium benzoate. It may contain 10% citric acid solution or 10% sodium citrate solution for pH adjustment. The pH range is between 4.0 and 6.0.



$C_{16}H_{19}BrN_2 \cdot C_4H_4O_4$

M.W. 435.31

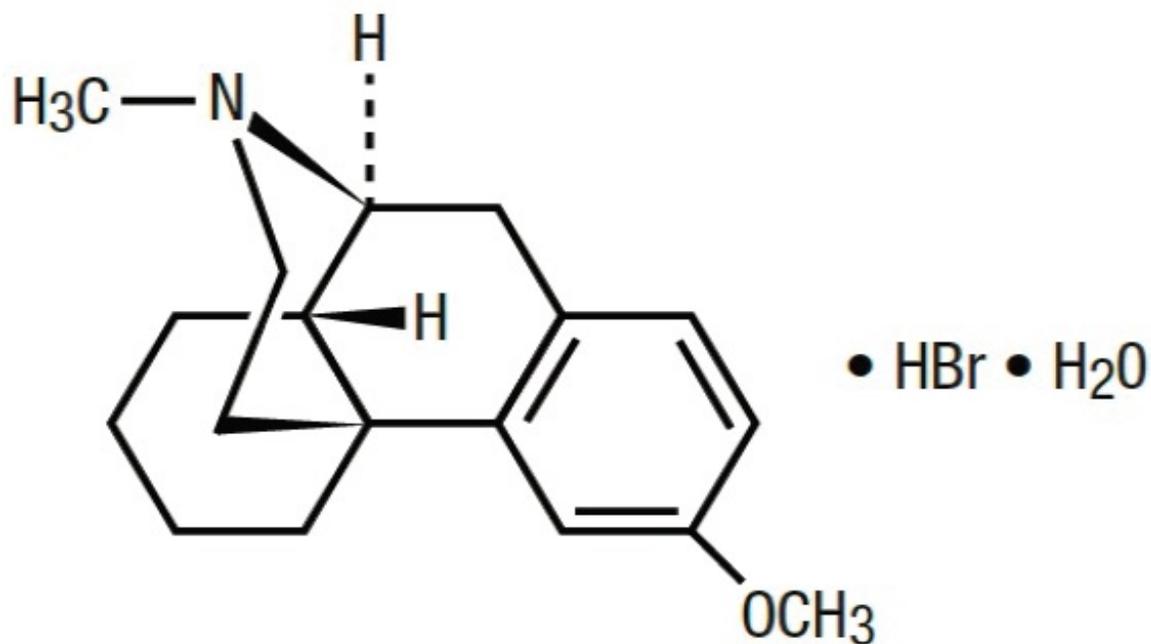
Brompheniramine Maleate, USP(±)-2- p-Bromo-α-2-(dimethylamino)ethylbenzylpyridine maleate (1:1)



C₁₀H₁₅NO • HCl

M.W. 201.69

Pseudoephedrine Hydrochloride, USP (+)-Pseudoephedrine hydrochloride



C₁₈H₂₅NO • HBr • H₂O

M.W. 370.32

Dextromethorphan Hydrobromide, USP 3-Methoxy-17-methyl-9 α , 13 α , 14 α -morphinan hydrobromide monohydrate

Antihistamine/Nasal Decongestant/Antitussive syrup for oral administration.

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Brompheniramine maleate is a histamine antagonist, specifically an H₁-receptor-blocking agent belonging to the alkylamine class of antihistamines. Antihistamines appear to compete with histamine for receptor sites on effector cells. Brompheniramine also has anticholinergic (drying) and sedative effects. Among the antihistaminic effects, it antagonizes the allergic response (vasodilation, increased vascular permeability, increased mucus secretion) of nasal tissue. Brompheniramine is well absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract, with peak plasma concentration after single, oral dose of 4 mg reached in 5 hours; urinary excretion is the major route of elimination, mostly as products of biodegradation; the liver is assumed to be the main site of metabolic transformation.

Pseudoephedrine acts on sympathetic nerve endings and also on smooth muscle, making it useful as a nasal decongestant. The nasal decongestant effect is mediated by the action of pseudoephedrine on α -sympathetic receptors, producing vasoconstriction of the dilated nasal arterioles. Following oral administration, effects are noted within 30 minutes with peak activity occurring at approximately one hour.

Dextromethorphan acts centrally to elevate the threshold for coughing. It has no analgesic or addictive properties. The onset of antitussive action occurs in 15 to 30 minutes after administration and is of long duration.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

For relief of coughs and upper respiratory symptoms, including nasal congestion, associated with allergy or the common cold.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Hypersensitivity to any of the ingredients. Do not use in the newborn, in premature infants, in nursing mothers, or in patients with severe hypertension or severe coronary artery disease. Do not use dextromethorphan in patients receiving monoamine oxidase (MAOI) inhibitors (see PRECAUTIONS - Drug Interactions).

Antihistamines should not be used to treat lower respiratory tract conditions including asthma.

WARNINGS

Especially in infants and small children, antihistamines in overdosage may cause hallucinations, convulsions, and death.

Antihistamines may diminish mental alertness. In the young child, they may produce excitation.

PRECAUTIONS

General

Because of its antihistamine component, brompheniramine maleate, pseudoephedrine hydrochloride, and dextromethorphan hydrobromide syrup should be used with caution in patients with a history of bronchial asthma, narrow angle glaucoma, gastrointestinal obstruction, or urinary bladder neck obstruction. Because of its sympathomimetic component, brompheniramine maleate, pseudoephedrine hydrochloride, and dextromethorphan hydrobromide syrup should be used with caution in patients with diabetes, hypertension, heart disease, or thyroid disease.

Information for Patients

Patients should be warned about engaging in activities requiring mental alertness, such as driving a car or operating dangerous machinery.

Drug Interactions

Monoamine oxidase (MAO) inhibitors

Hyperpyrexia, hypotension, and death have been reported coincident with the coadministration of MAO inhibitors and products containing dextromethorphan. In addition, MAO inhibitors prolong and intensify the anticholinergic (drying) effects of antihistamines and may enhance the effect of pseudoephedrine. Concomitant administration of brompheniramine maleate, pseudoephedrine hydrochloride, and dextromethorphan hydrobromide syrup and MAO inhibitors should be avoided (see CONTRAINDICATIONS).

Central nervous system (CNS) depressants

Antihistamines have additive effects with alcohol and other CNS depressants (hypnotics, sedatives, tranquilizers, antianxiety agents, etc.)

Antihypertensive drugs

Sympathomimetic may reduce the effects of antihypertensive drugs.

Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility

Animal studies of Brompheniramine maleate, pseudoephedrine hydrochloride, and dextromethorphan hydrobromide syrup to assess the carcinogenic and mutagenic potential or the effect on fertility have not been performed.

Pregnancy

Teratogenic Effects

Pregnancy Category C

Animal reproduction studies have not been conducted with brompheniramine maleate, pseudoephedrine hydrochloride, and dextromethorphan hydrobromide syrup. It is also not known whether brompheniramine maleate, pseudoephedrine hydrochloride, and dextromethorphan hydrobromide syrup can cause fetal harm when administered to a pregnant woman or can affect reproduction capacity. It should be given to a pregnant woman only if clearly needed.

Reproduction studies of brompheniramine maleate (a component of brompheniramine maleate, pseudoephedrine hydrochloride, and dextromethorphan hydrobromide syrup) in rats and mice at doses up to 16 times the maximum human doses have revealed no evidence of impaired fertility or harm to the fetus.

Nursing Mothers

Because of the higher risk of intolerance of antihistamines in small infants generally, and in newborns and prematures in particular, brompheniramine maleate, pseudoephedrine hydrochloride, and

dextromethorphan hydrobromide syrup is contraindicated in nursing mothers.

Pediatric Use

Safety and effectiveness in pediatric patients below the age of 6 months have not been established (see DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION).

Geriatric Use

Clinical studies of brompheniramine maleate, pseudoephedrine hydrochloride and dextromethorphan hydrobromide syrup did not include sufficient numbers of subjects aged 65 and over to determine whether they respond differently from younger subjects. However, antihistamines are more likely to cause dizziness, sedation, and hypotension in elderly patients. The elderly are also more likely to experience adverse reactions to sympathomimetics.

In general, dose selection for an elderly patient should be cautious, usually starting at the low end of the dosing range, reflecting the greater frequency of decreased hepatic, renal, or cardiac function, and of concomitant disease or other drug therapy.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

The most frequent adverse reactions to brompheniramine maleate, pseudoephedrine hydrochloride, and dextromethorphan hydrobromide syrup are: sedation; dryness of mouth, nose and throat; thickening of bronchial secretions; dizziness. Other adverse reactions may include:

Dermatologic: Urticaria, drug rash, photosensitivity, pruritus.

Cardiovascular System: Hypotension, hypertension, cardiac arrhythmias, palpitation.

CNS: Disturbed coordination, tremor, irritability, insomnia, visual disturbances, weakness, nervousness, convulsions, headache, euphoria, and dysphoria.

G.U. System: Urinary frequency, difficult urination.

G.I. System: Epigastric discomfort, anorexia, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, constipation.

Respiratory System: Tightness of chest and wheezing, shortness of breath.

Hematologic System: Hemolytic anemia, thrombocytopenia, agranulocytosis.

OVERDOSAGE

Signs and Symptoms

Central nervous system effects from overdosage of brompheniramine may vary from depression to stimulation, especially in children. Anticholinergic effects may be noted. Toxic doses of pseudoephedrine may result in CNS stimulation, tachycardia, hypertension, and cardiac arrhythmias; signs of CNS depression may occasionally be seen. Dextromethorphan in toxic doses will cause drowsiness, ataxia, nystagmus, opisthotonos, and convulsive seizures.

Toxic Doses

Data suggest that individuals may respond in an unexpected manner to apparently small amounts of a particular drug. A 2½-year-old child survived the ingestion of 21 mg/kg of dextromethorphan exhibiting only ataxia, drowsiness, and fever, but seizures have been reported in 2 children following the ingestion of 13-17 mg/kg. Another 2½-year-old child survived a dose of 300-900 mg of brompheniramine. The toxic dose of pseudoephedrine should be less than that of ephedrine, which is estimated to be 50 mg/kg.

Treatment

Induce emesis if patient is alert and is seen prior to 6 hours following ingestion. Precautions against aspiration must be taken, especially in infants and small children. Gastric lavage may be carried out, although in some instances tracheostomy may be necessary prior to lavage. Naloxone hydrochloride 0.005 mg/kg intravenously may be of value in reversing the CNS depression that may occur from an overdose of dextromethorphan. CNS stimulants may counter CNS depression. Should CNS hyperactivity or convulsive seizures occur, intravenous shortacting barbiturates may be indicated. Hypertensive responses and/or tachycardia should be treated appropriately. Oxygen, intravenous fluids, and other supportive measures should be employed as indicated.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

Adults and pediatric patients 12 years of age and over: 10 mL (2 teaspoonfuls) every 4 hours. Children 6 to under 12 years of age: 5 mL (1 teaspoonful) every 4 hours. Children 2 to under 6 years of age: 2.5 mL (½ teaspoonful) every 4 hours. Infants 6 months to under 2 years of age: Dosage to be established by a physician.

Do not exceed 6 doses during a 24-hour period.

HOW SUPPLIED

Brompheniramine maleate, pseudoephedrine hydrochloride, and dextromethorphan hydrobromide syrup is a clear, light pink-colored, butterscotch-flavored syrup containing in each 5 mL (1 teaspoonful) brompheniramine maleate 2 mg, pseudoephedrine hydrochloride 30 mg and dextromethorphan hydrobromide 10 mg, available in the following sizes:

4 fl oz (118 mL)	NDC 71930-026-18
1 pint (473 mL)	NDC 71930-026-43

RECOMMENDED STORAGE

Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F) [See USP Controlled Room Temperature].

KEEP TIGHTLY CLOSED

Dispense in a tight, light-resistant container as defined in the USP

Rx Only

Manufactured by:
WES Pharma Inc
Westminster, MD – 21157
USA

Distributed by:
Eywa Pharma Inc.,
2 Research Way, Floor 3,
Princeton, NJ 08540

REV. 04/20

PACKAGE LABEL.PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

4 fl oz (118 mL)

NDC 71930-026-18

**Brompheniramine Maleate,
Pseudoephedrine Hydrochloride,
and Dextromethorphan
Hydrobromide Syrup**

Each 5 mL (teaspoonful) contains:
Brompheniramine Maleate, USP 2 mg
Pseudoephedrine Hydrochloride, USP ...30 mg
Dextromethorphan Hydrobromide, USP..10 mg
Alcohol 0.95% v/v

USUAL DOSAGE: See accompanying package insert.
WARNINGS: KEEP THIS AND ALL DRUGS OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.
In case of accidental overdose, seek professional assistance or contact a Poison Control Center immediately.
Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F) [See USP Controlled Room Temperature].
KEEP TIGHTLY CLOSED
Dispense in a tight, light-resistant container as defined in the USP

Distributed by:
Eywa Pharma Inc.,
2 Research Way,
Floor 3,
Princeton, NJ 08540

Manufactured by:
WES Pharma Inc
Westminster,
MD 21157

Rev. 04/20

DO NOT USE IF INNER FOIL SEAL IS BROKEN OR MISSING

NO VARNISH

eywa
pharma

R_xonly
NET: 4 fl oz (118 mL)

1 pint (473 mL)

NDC 71930-026-43

Brompheniramine Maleate, Pseudoephedrine Hydrochloride, and Dextromethorphan Hydrobromide Syrup

Distributed by:
Eywa Pharma Inc.,
2 Research Way, Floor 3,
Princeton, NJ 08540

Manufactured by:
WES Pharma Inc
Westminster, MD 21157

Rev. 04/20

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Alcohol 0.95% v/v

DO NOT USE IF INNER FOIL SEAL IS BROKEN OR MISSING

"BULK CONTAINER —
NOT FOR HOUSEHOLD USE"

Ronly

NET: 1 pint (473 mL)



NO VARNISH

BROMPHENIRAMINE MALEATE, PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE,

brompheniramine maleate, pseudoephedrine hydrochloride, syrup

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:71930-026
Route of Administration	ORAL		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
BROMPHENIRAMINE MALEATE (UNII: IXA7C9ZN03) (BROMPHENIRAMINE - UNII:H57G17P2FN)	BROMPHENIRAMINE MALEATE	2 mg in 5 mL
PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE (UNII: 6V9V2RYJ8N) (PSEUDOEPHEDRINE - UNII:7CUC9DDI9F)	PSEUDOEPHEDRINE HYDROCHLORIDE	30 mg in 5 mL
DEXTROMETHORPHAN HYDROBROMIDE (UNII: 9D2RTI9KYH) (DEXTROMETHORPHAN - UNII:7355X3ROTS)	DEXTROMETHORPHAN HYDROBROMIDE	10 mg in 5 mL

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
ANHYDROUS CITRIC ACID (UNII: XF417D3PSL)	
FD&C RED NO. 40 (UNII: WZB9127XOA)	
GLYCERIN (UNII: PDC6A3C0OX)	
SUCROSE (UNII: C151H8M554)	
METHYLPARABEN (UNII: A2I8C7HI9T)	
PROPYLENE GLYCOL (UNII: 6DC9Q167V3)	
WATER (UNII: 059QF0K00R)	

SODIUM BENZOATE (UNII: OJ245FE5EU)			
ALCOHOL (UNII: 3K9958V90M)			
Product Characteristics			
Color	PINK (Light Pink)	Score	
Shape		Size	
Flavor	BUTTERSCOTCH	Imprint Code	
Contains			
Packaging			
#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date Marketing End Date
1	NDC:71930-026-18	118 mL in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	06/26/2020
2	NDC:71930-026-43	473 mL in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	06/26/2020
Marketing Information			
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA211170	06/26/2020	

Labeler - Eywa Pharma Inc (080465609)

Establishment

Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
Wes Pharma Inc		078706898	LABEL(71930-026) , MANUFACTURE(71930-026) , PACK(71930-026)

Revised: 6/2020

Eywa Pharma Inc