

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE- triamcinolone acetonide ointment
Glenmark Pharmaceuticals Inc., USA

Triamcinolone Acetonide Ointment USP

0.1%, 0.5%

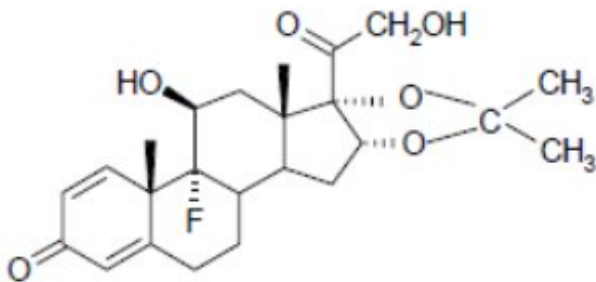
For Dermatologic Use Only

Rx Only

Not For Ophthalmic Use

DESCRIPTION

The topical corticosteroids constitute a class of primarily synthetic steroids used as anti-inflammatory and antipruritic agents. The steroids in this class include triamcinolone acetonide. Triamcinolone acetonide USP is designated chemically as 9-Fluoro-11 β , 16 β , 17,21-tetrahydroxypregna-1,4-diene-3,20-dione cyclic 16,17-acetal with acetone. Structural Formula:



$C_{24}H_{31}FO_6$, MW 434.50

Each gram of 0.1% and 0.5% Triamcinolone Acetonide Ointment USP contains 1 mg or 5 mg triamcinolone acetonide, respectively, in an ointment base of light mineral oil and white petrolatum.

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Topical corticosteroids share anti-inflammatory, antipruritic and vasoconstrictive actions.

The mechanism of anti-inflammatory activity of the topical corticosteroids is unclear. Various laboratory methods, including vasoconstrictor assays, are used to compare and predict potencies and/or clinical efficacies of the topical corticosteroids. There is some evidence to suggest that a recognizable correlation exists between vasoconstrictor potency and therapeutic efficacy in man.

Pharmacokinetics

The extent of percutaneous absorption of topical corticosteroids is determined by many factors including the vehicle, the integrity of the epidermal barrier, and the use of occlusive dressings.

Topical corticosteroids can be absorbed from normal intact skin. Inflammation and/or other disease processes in the skin increase percutaneous absorption. Occlusive dressings substantially increase the percutaneous absorption of topical corticosteroids. Thus, occlusive dressings may be a valuable therapeutic adjunct for treatment of resistant dermatoses (see **DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION**).

Once absorbed through the skin, topical corticosteroids are handled through pharmacokinetic pathways similar to systemically administered corticosteroids. Corticosteroids are bound to plasma proteins in varying degrees. Corticosteroids are metabolized primarily in the liver and are then excreted by the kidneys. Some of the topical corticosteroids and their metabolites are also excreted into the bile.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

Triamcinolone Acetonide Ointment 0.1% and 0.5% are indicated for the relief of the inflammatory and pruritic manifestations of corticosteroid-responsive dermatoses.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Topical corticosteroids are contraindicated in those patients with a history of hypersensitivity to any of the components of the preparations.

PRECAUTIONS

General

Systemic absorption of topical corticosteroids has produced reversible hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal (HPA) axis suppression, manifestations of Cushing's syndrome, hyperglycemia, and glucosuria in some patients.

Conditions which augment systemic absorption include the application of the more potent steroids, use over large surface areas, prolonged use, and the addition of occlusive dressings.

Therefore, patients receiving a large dose of any potent topical steroid applied to a large surface area or under an occlusive dressing should be evaluated periodically for evidence of HPA axis suppression by using the urinary free cortisol and ACTH stimulation tests, and for impairment of thermal homeostasis. If HPA axis suppression or elevation of the body temperature occurs, an attempt should be made to withdraw the drug, to reduce the frequency of application, substitute a less potent steroid, or use a sequential approach when utilizing the occlusive technique.

Recovery of HPA axis function and thermal homeostasis are generally prompt and complete upon discontinuation of the drug. Infrequently, signs and symptoms of steroid withdrawal may occur, requiring supplemental systemic corticosteroids. Occasionally, a patient may develop a sensitivity reaction to a particular occlusive dressing material or adhesive and a substitute material may be necessary.

Children may absorb proportionally larger amounts of topical corticosteroids and thus be more susceptible to systemic toxicity (see **PRECAUTIONS, Pediatric Use**).

If irritation develops, topical corticosteroids should be discontinued and appropriate

therapy instituted.

In the presence of dermatological infections, the use of an appropriate antifungal or antibacterial agent should be instituted. If a favorable response does not occur promptly, the corticosteroid should be discontinued until the infection has been adequately controlled.

These preparations are not for ophthalmic use.

Information for the Patient

Patients using topical corticosteroids should receive the following information and instructions:

1. This medication is to be used as directed by the physician. It is for external use only. Avoid contact with the eyes.
2. Patients should be advised not to use this medication for any disorder other than for which it was prescribed.
3. The treated skin area should not be bandaged or otherwise covered or wrapped as to be occlusive unless directed by the physician.
4. Patients should report any signs of local adverse reactions especially under occlusive dressing.
5. Parents of pediatric patients should be advised not to use tight-fitting diapers or plastic pants on a child being treated in the diaper area, as these garments may constitute occlusive dressings.

Laboratory Tests

A urinary free cortisol test and ACTH stimulation test may be helpful in evaluating HPA axis suppression.

Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility -

Long-term animal studies have not been performed to evaluate the carcinogenic potential or the effect on fertility of topical corticosteroids.

Studies to determine mutagenicity with prednisolone and hydrocortisone showed negative results.

Pregnancy: Teratogenic Effects

Category C. Corticosteroids are generally teratogenic in laboratory animals when administered systemically at relatively low dosage levels. The more potent corticosteroids have been shown to be teratogenic after dermal application in laboratory animals. There are no adequate and well-controlled studies in pregnant women on teratogenic effects from topically applied corticosteroids. Therefore, topical corticosteroids should be used during pregnancy only if the potential benefit justifies the potential risk to the fetus. Drugs of this class should not be used extensively on pregnant patients, in large amounts, or for prolonged periods of time.

Nursing Mothers

It is not known whether topical administration of corticosteroids could result in sufficient systemic absorption to produce detectable quantities in breast milk. Systemically

administered corticosteroids are secreted into breast milk in quantities not likely to have a deleterious effect on the infant. Nevertheless, caution should be exercised when topical corticosteroids are administered to a nursing woman.

Pediatric Use

Pediatric patients may demonstrate greater susceptibility to topical corticosteroid-induced HPA axis suppression and Cushing's syndrome than mature patients because of a larger skin surface area to body weight ratio.

HPA axis suppression, Cushing's syndrome, and intracranial hypertension have been reported in children receiving topical corticosteroids. Manifestations of adrenal suppression in children include linear growth retardation, delayed weight gain, low plasma cortisol levels, and absence of response to ACTH stimulation. Manifestations of intracranial hypertension include bulging fontanelles, headaches, and bilateral papilledema.

Administration of topical corticosteroids to children should be limited to the least amount compatible with an effective therapeutic regimen. Chronic corticosteroid therapy may interfere with the growth and development of children.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

The following local adverse reactions are reported infrequently with topical corticosteroids, but may occur more frequently with the use of occlusive dressings (reactions are listed in an approximate decreasing order of occurrence): burning, itching, irritation, dryness, folliculitis, hypertrichosis, acneiform eruptions, hypopigmentation, perioral dermatitis, allergic contact dermatitis, maceration of the skin, secondary infection, skin atrophy, striae, and miliaria.

OVERDOSAGE

Topically applied corticosteroids can be absorbed in sufficient amounts to produce systemic effects (see **PRECAUTIONS, General**).

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

Apply a thin film of Triamcinolone Acetonide Ointment USP, 0.1% or 0.5%, as appropriate, to the affected area two to three times daily.

Occlusive Dressing Technique

Occlusive dressings may be used for the management of psoriasis or other recalcitrant conditions. Apply a thin film of ointment to the lesion, cover with a pliable nonporous film, and seal the edges. If needed, additional moisture may be provided by covering the lesion with a dampened clean cotton cloth before the nonporous film is applied or by briefly wetting the affected area with water immediately prior to applying the medication. The frequency of changing dressings is best determined on an individual basis. It may be convenient to apply triamcinolone acetonide ointment under an occlusive dressing in the evening and to remove the dressing in the morning (i.e., 12-hour occlusion). When utilizing the 12-hour occlusion regimen, additional ointment should be applied, without

occlusion, during the day. Reapplication is essential at each dressing change.

If an infection develops, the use of occlusive dressings should be discontinued and appropriate antimicrobial therapy instituted.

HOW SUPPLIED

Triamcinolone Acetonide Ointment USP, 0.1% is available as follows:

15 g tube NDC 68462-797-17
80 g tube NDC 68462-797-49
454 g jar NDC 68462-797-59

Triamcinolone Acetonide Ointment USP, 0.5% is available as follows:

15 g tube NDC 68462-798-17

Storage

Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F); [See USP Controlled Room Temperature]

Manufactured by:

Glenmark Pharmaceuticals Limited
Village Kishanpura, Baddi Nalagarh Road,
District: Solan, Himachal Pradesh 173205, India

Manufactured for:

Glenmark Pharmaceuticals Inc., USA
Mahwah, NJ 07430

Questions? 1 (888)721-7115
www.glenmarkpharma.com/usa

December 2016

PACKAGE LABEL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 68462-797-49

Triamcinolone Acetonide Ointment USP, **0.1%**

FOR EXTERNAL USE ONLY. NOT FOR OPHTHALMIC USE.



Rx only

80 g

Contains: Each gram contains triamcinolone acetonide USP 1 mg in an ointment base consisting of light mineral oil and white petrolatum.

USUAL DOSAGE: Apply 2 to 3 times a day; see insert.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F) [See USP Controlled Room Temperature].

For lot number and expiration date, see crimp of tube or carton.

Directions for puncturing tube seal: Remove cap. Turn cap upside down and place puncture tip onto tube seal; push down until seal is punctured. Screw cap back on to close.

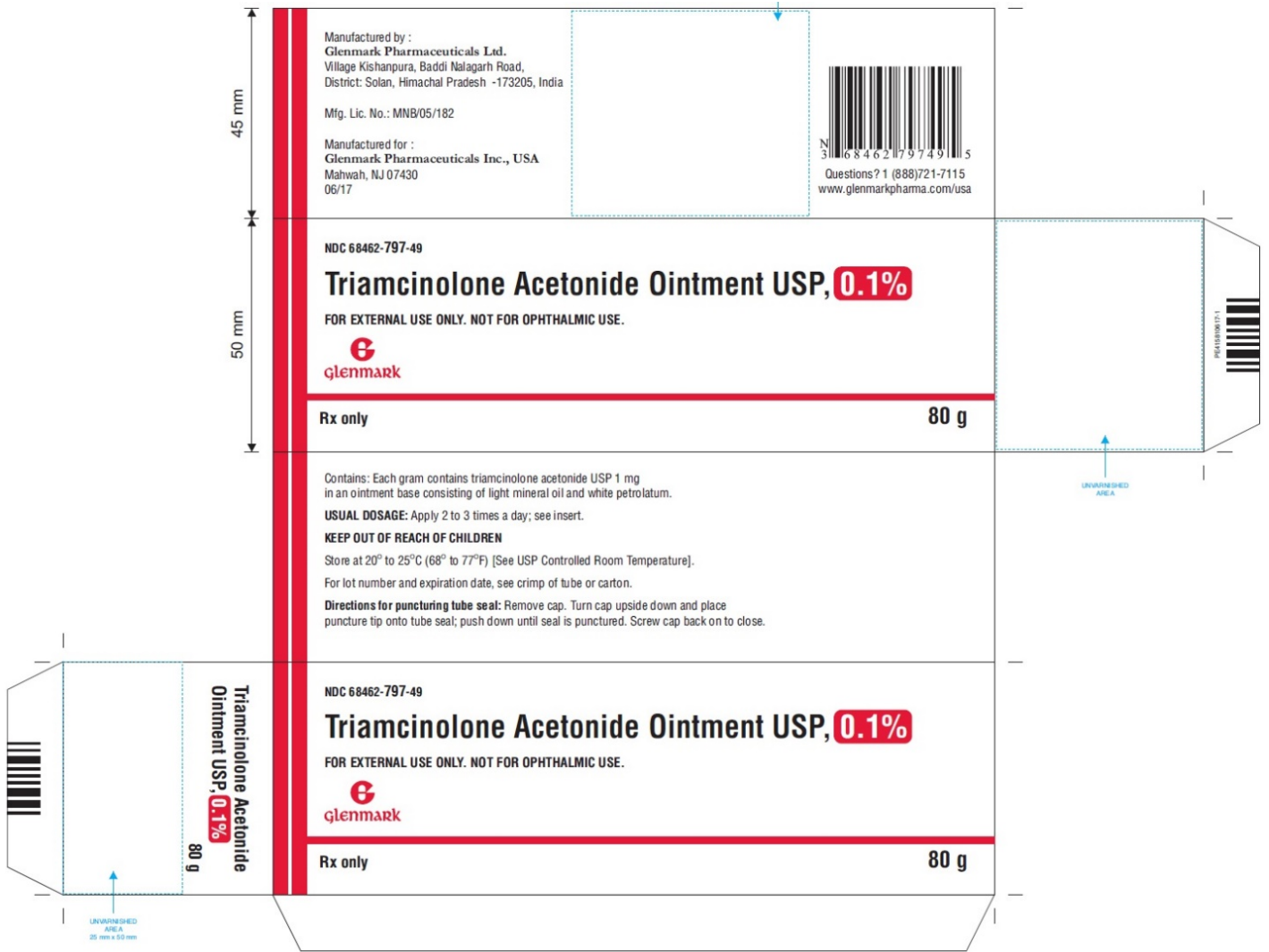
Manufactured by :
Glenmark Pharmaceuticals Ltd.
Village Kishanpura,
Baddi Nalagarh Road, District: Solan,
Himachal Pradesh -173205, India
Mfg. Lic. No.: MNB/05/182

Manufactured for :
**Glenmark
Pharmaceuticals Inc., USA**
Mahwah, NJ 07430
06/17 PE379010617-1



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PACKAGE LABEL DISPLAY PANEL



PACKAGE LABEL DISPLAY PANEL



PACKAGE LABEL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 68462-798-17

Triamcinolone Acetonide Ointment USP, 0.5%



Rx only

NET WT 15 g

Contains: Each gram contains triamcinolone acetonide USP 5 mg in an ointment base consisting of light mineral oil and white petrolatum.

USUAL DOSAGE: Apply 2 to 3 times a day; see insert.

FOR EXTERNAL USE ONLY. NOT FOR OPHTHALMIC USE.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

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04/16

PE357280416-1



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 05/16

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NDC 68462-798-17

Triamcinolone Acetonide Ointment USP, 0.5%



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NET WT 15 g

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TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE

triamcinolone acetonide ointment

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:68462-797
Route of Administration	TOPICAL		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE (UNII: F446C597KA) (TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE - UNII:F446C597KA)	TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE	1 mg in 1 g

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
LIGHT MINERAL OIL (UNII: N6K5787QVP)	
PETROLATUM (UNII: 4T6H12BN9U)	

Packaging				
#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:68462-797-17	1 in 1 CARTON	08/22/2017	
1		15 g in 1 TUBE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		
2	NDC:68462-797-49	1 in 1 CARTON	08/22/2017	
2		80 g in 1 TUBE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		
3	NDC:68462-797-59	454 g in 1 JAR; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/22/2017	

Marketing Information			
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA208320	08/22/2017	

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE

triamcinolone acetonide ointment

Product Information			
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:68462-798
Route of Administration	TOPICAL		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety			
Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength	
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE (UNII: F446C597KA) (TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE - UNII:F446C597KA)	TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE	5 mg in 1 g	

Inactive Ingredients	
Ingredient Name	Strength
LIGHT MINERAL OIL (UNII: N6K5787QVP)	
PETROLATUM (UNII: 4T6H12BN9U)	

Packaging				
#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:68462-798-17	1 in 1 CARTON	07/22/2016	
1		15 g in 1 TUBE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA206379	07/22/2016	

Labeler - Glenmark Pharmaceuticals Inc., USA (130597813)

Establishment

Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
Glenmark Pharmaceuticals Limited		676115028	MANUFACTURE(68462-797, 68462-798) , ANALYSIS(68462-797, 68462-798)

Revised: 8/2017

Glenmark Pharmaceuticals Inc., USA