# DIPHENHYDRAMINE - diphenhydramine hydrochloride injection, solution Micro Labs Limited

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### **DESCRIPTION**

Diphenhydramine hydrochloride USP is an antihistamine drug having the chemical name 2-(Diphenylmethoxy)-N,N-dimethylethylamine hydrochloride. It occurs as a white, crystalline powder, is freely soluble in water and alcohol and has a molecular weight of 291.82. The molecular formula is C <sub>17</sub>H <sub>21</sub>NO • HCI. The structural formula is as follows:

Diphenhydramine hydrochloride USP in the parenteral form is a sterile, pyrogen-free solution available in a concentration of 50 mg of diphenhydramine hydrochloride USP per mL. The solutions for parenteral use have been adjusted to a pH between 4 and 6.5 with either sodium hydroxide or hydrochloric acid.

### CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Diphenhydramine hydrochloride is an antihistamine with anticholinergic (drying) and sedative side effects. Antihistamines appear to compete with histamine for cell receptor sites on effector cells.

Diphenhydramine hydrochloride in the injectable form has a rapid onset of action. Diphenhydramine hydrochloride is widely distributed throughout the body, including the CNS. A portion of the drug is excreted unchanged in the urine, while the rest is metabolized via the liver. Detailed information on the pharmacokinetics of Diphenhydramine Hydrochloride Injection is not available.

### INDICATIONS AND USAGE

Diphenhydramine hydrochloride in the injectable form is effective in adults and pediatric patients, other than premature infants and neonates, for the following conditions when diphenhydramine hydrochloride in the oral form is impractical.

### **Antihis taminic**

For amelioration of allergic reactions to blood or plasma, in anaphylaxis as an adjunct to epinephrine and other standard measures after the acute symptoms have been controlled, and for other uncomplicated allergic conditions of the immediate type when oral therapy is impossible or contraindicated.

#### Motion sickness

For active treatment of motion sickness.

### **Antiparkins on is m**

For use in parkinsonism, when oral therapy is impossible or contraindicated, as follows: parkinsonism in the elderly who are unable to tolerate more potent agents; mild cases of parkinsonism in other age groups, and in other cases of parkinsonism in combination with centrally acting anticholinergic agents.

### CONTRAINDICATIONS

### **Use in Neonates or Premature Infants**

This drug should *not* be used in neonates or premature infants.

### **Use in Nursing Mothers**

Because of the higher risk of antihistamines for infants generally, and for neonates and prematures in particular, antihistamine therapy is contraindicated in nursing mothers.

### Use as a Local Anesthetic

Because of the risk of local necrosis, this drug should not be used as a local anesthetic.

### Antihistamines are also contraindicated in the following conditions

Hypersensitivity to diphenhydramine hydrochloride and other antihistamines of similar chemical structure.

### **WARNINGS**

Antihistamines should be used with considerable caution in patients with narrow-angle glaucoma, stenosing peptic ulcer, pyloroduodenal obstruction, symptomatic prostatic hypertrophy, or bladder-neck obstruction.

Local necrosis has been associated with the use of subcutaneous or intradermal use of intravenous diphenhydramine hydrochloride injection.

### **Use in Pediatric Patients**

In pediatric patients, especially, antihistamines in *overdosage* may cause hallucinations, convulsions, or death.

As in adults, antihistamines may diminish mental alertness in pediatric patients. In the young pediatric patient, particularly, they may produce excitation.

### Use in the Elderly (approximately 60 years or older)

Antihistamines are more likely to cause dizziness, sedation, and hypotension in elderly patients.

### **PRECAUTIONS**

#### General

Diphenhydramine hydrochloride has an atropine-like action and, therefore, should be used with caution in patients with a history of bronchial asthma, increased intraocular pressure, hyperthyroidism, cardiovascular disease or hypertension. Use with caution in patients with lower respiratory disease including asthma.

### **Information for Patients**

Patients taking diphenhydramine hydrochloride should be advised that this drug may cause drowsiness and has an additive effect with alcohol.

Patients should be warned about engaging in activities requiring mental alertness such as driving a car or operating appliances, machinery, etc.

### **Drug Interactions**

Diphenhydramine hydrochloride has additive effects with alcohol and other CNS depressants (hypnotics, sedatives, tranquilizers, etc).

MAO inhibitors prolong and intensify the anticholinergic (drying) effects of antihistamines.

### Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility

Long-term studies in animals to determine mutagenic and carcinogenic potential have not been performed.

### **Pregnancy**

Pregnancy Category B. Reproduction studies have been performed in rats and rabbits at doses up to 5 times the human dose and have revealed no evidence of impaired fertility or harm to the fetus due to diphenhydramine hydrochloride. There are, however, no adequate and well-controlled studies in pregnant women. Because animal reproduction studies are not always predictive of human response, this drug should be used during pregnancy only if clearly needed.

#### Pediatric Use

Diphenhydramine hydrochloride should not be used in neonates and premature infants (see **CONTRAINDICATIONS**).

Diphenhydramine hydrochloride injection may diminish mental alertness, or, in the young pediatric patient, cause excitation. Overdosage may cause hallucinations, convulsions, or death (see **WARNINGS** and **OVERDOSAGE**).

See also **DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION** section.

### ADVERSE REACTIONS

### The most frequent adverse reactions are underscored.

1. *General:* Urticaria, drug rash, anaphylactic shock, photosensitivity, excessive perspiration, chills,

dryness of mouth, nose, and throat.

- 2. *Cardiovascular System:* Hypotension, headache, palpitations, tachycardia, extrasystoles.
- 3. *Hematologic System:* Hemolytic anemia, thrombocytopenia, agranulocytosis.
- 4. *Nervous System:* <u>Sedation, sleepiness, dizziness, disturbed coordination</u>, fatigue, confusion, restlessness, excitation, nervousness, tremor, irritability, insomnia, euphoria, paresthesia, blurred vision, diplopia, vertigo, tinnitus, acute labyrinthitis, neuritis, convulsions.
- 5. GI System: Epigastric distress, anorexia, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, constipation.
- 6. *GU System*: Urinary frequency, difficult urination, urinary retention, early menses.
- 7. *Respiratory System*: Thickening of bronchial secretions, tightness of chest or throat and wheezing, nasal stuffiness.

#### **OVERDOSAGE**

Antihistamine overdosage reactions may vary from central nervous system depression to stimulation. Stimulation is particularly likely in pediatric patients. Atropine-like signs and symptoms; dry mouth; fixed, dilated pupils; flushing; and gastrointestinal symptoms may also occur.

Stimulants should not be used.

Vasopressors may be used to treat hypotension.

### DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

THIS PRODUCT IS FOR INTRAVENOUS OR INTRAMUSCULAR ADMINISTRATION ONLY.

Diphenhydramine hydrochloride in the injectable form is indicated when the oral form is impractical.

Parenteral drug products should be inspected visually for particulate matter and discoloration prior to administration, whenever solution and container permit.

DOSAGE SHOULD BE INDIVIDUALIZED ACCORDING TO THE NEEDS AND THE RESPONSE OF THE PATIENT.

### Pediatric Patients, other than premature infants and neonates

 $5 \text{ mg/kg/}24 \text{ hr or } 150 \text{ mg/m}^2/24 \text{ hr. Maximum daily dosage is } 300 \text{ mg.}$ 

Divide into four doses, administered intravenously at a rate generally not exceeding 25 mg/min, or deep intramuscularly.

#### **Adults**

10 to 50 mg intravenously at a rate generally not exceeding 25 mg/min, or deep intramuscularly, 100 mg if required; maximum daily dosage is 400 mg.

### **HOW SUPPLIED**

Diphenhydramine Hydrochloride Injection, USPin parenteral form is supplied as:

Sterile, pyrogen-free solution containing 50 mg diphenhydramine hydrochloride USP in a 1 mL amber color glass ampule with yellow bands and white OPC mark, and available in packages of ten packed in a PVC rondo tray in a single carton.

1 mL fill in 1 mL Ampule NDC 42571-169-54

Carton of 10 x 1 mL Ampule NDC 42571-169-55

Clear, colorless solution, free from any visible particles, no visible leaks or damage to the container closure system filled in tubular USP Type I glass vials.

1 mL fill in 2 mLVial NDC 42571-337-95

Carton of 25 x 1 mL Vial NDC 42571-337-87

Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Protect from freezing and light. Retain in carton until time of use.

Rx only

Manufactured by:

**Micro Labs Limited** 

Bangalore-560 099, India.

Manufactured for:

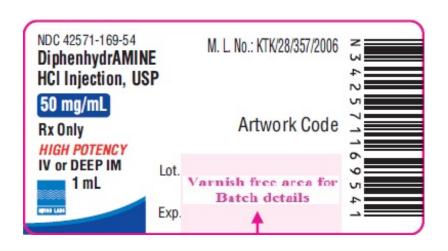
Micro Labs USA Inc.

Basking Ridge, NJ 07920

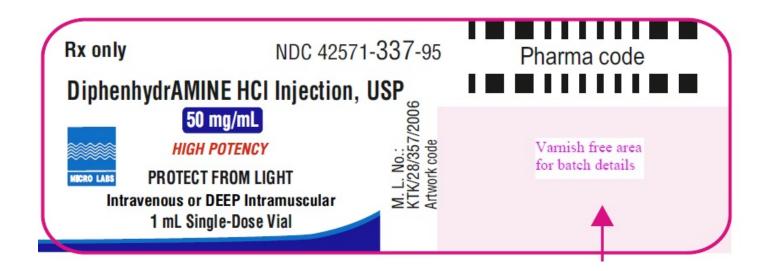
Revised: September 2018

### PACKAGE LABEL.PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL-1 mL Ampule Label

NDC 42571-169-54 DiphenhydrAMINE HCl Injection, USP 50 mg/mL Rx Only HIGH POTENCY IV or DEEP IM 1 mL MICRO LABS

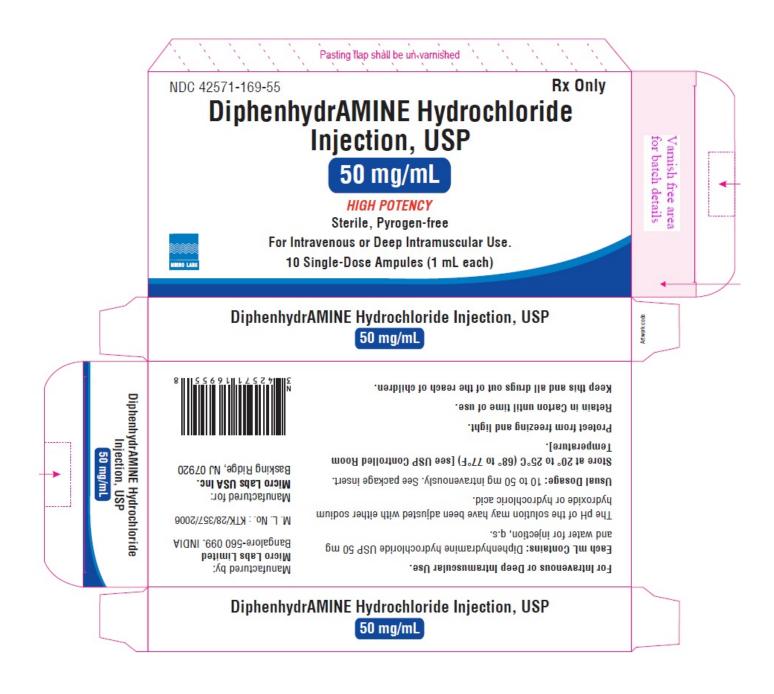


NDC 42571-337-95 DiphenhydrAMINE HCl Injection, USP 50 mg/mL Rx Only HIGH POTENCY IV or DEEP IM 1 mL Single-Dose Vial MICRO LABS

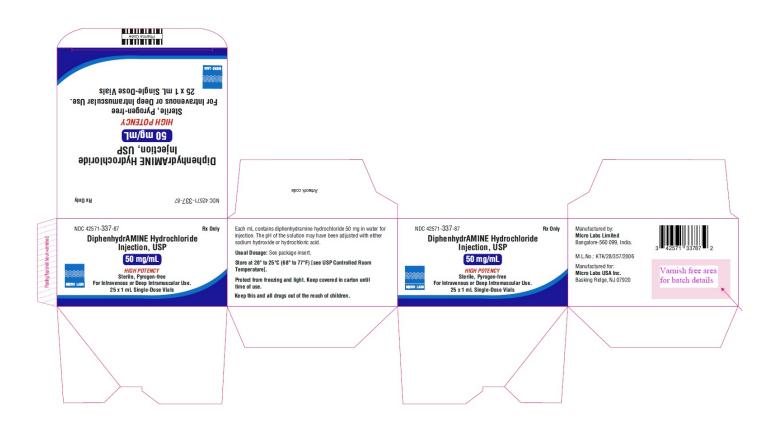


### PACKAGE LABEL.PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL-Carton of 10x1 mL Ampule

NDC 42571-169-55 Rx Only DiphenhydrAMINE Hydrochloride Injection, USP 50 mg/mL HIGH POTENCY Sterile, Pyrogen-free For Intravenous or Deep Intramuscular Use 10 Single-Dose Ampules (1 mL each) MICRO LABS



NDC 42571-337-87
Rx Only
DiphenhydrAMINE Hydrochloride
Injection, USP
50 mg/mL
HIGH POTENCY
Sterile, Pyrogen-free
For Intravenous or Deep Intramuscular Use
25 x 1 mL Single-Dose Vial
MICRO LABS



### **DIPHENHYDRAMINE**

diphenhydramine hydrochloride injection, solution

Product Information			
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:42571-169
Route of Administration	INTRAMUSCULAR, INTRAVENOUS		

l	Active Ingredient/Active Moiety				
l	Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength		
	<b>DIPHENHYDRAMINE HYDRO CHLO RIDE</b> (UNII: TC2D6JAD40) (DIPHENHYDRAMINE - UNII:8GTS82S83M)	DIPHENHYDRAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE	50 mg in 1 mL		

Inactive Ingredients		
Ingredient Name	Strength	
SO DIUM HYDRO XIDE (UNII: 55X04QC32I)		
HYDRO CHLO RIC ACID (UNII: QTT17582CB)		
WATER (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)		

l	Packaging			
ı	# Item Code	Package Description	<b>Marketing Start Date</b>	<b>Marketing End Date</b>
ı	1 NDC:42571-169-55	10 in 1 CARTON	12/04/2018	

1 NDC:42571-169-54 1 mL in 1 AMPULE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product

Marketing Information			
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA205723	12/04/2018	

### **DIPHENHYDRAMINE**

diphenhydramine hydrochloride injection, solution

Product Information			
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:42571-337
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS, INTRAMUSCULAR		

l	Active Ingredient/Active Moiety		
l	Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
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Inactive Ingredients		
Ingredient Name	Strength	
SO DIUM HYDRO XIDE (UNII: 55X0 4QC32I)		
HYDRO CHLO RIC ACID (UNII: QTT17582CB)		
WATER (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)		

	Packaging			
	# Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
	1 NDC:42571-337-87	25 in 1 CARTON	12/10/2019	
ı	1 NDC:42571-337-95	1 mL in 1 VIAL; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information			
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA205723	12/10/2019	

## Labeler - Micro Labs Limited (862174955)

Establishment			
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
Micro Labs Limited		677600482	analysis(42571-169, 42571-337), label(42571-169, 42571-337), manufacture(42571-169, 42571-337), pack(42571-169, 42571-337)

Revised: 12/2018 Micro Labs Limited