# TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE- triamcinolone acetonide ointment Asclemed USA, Inc.

-----

### TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE OINTMENT USP, 0.025%, 0.1%

Rx only

For Dermatologic Use Only.

Not For Ophthalmic Use.

#### **DESCRIPTION:**

The topical corticosteroids constitute a class of primarily synthetic steroids used as anti-inflammatory and anti-pruritic agents. Triamcinolone Acetonide Ointment USP contains Triamcinolone Acetonide [Pregna-1,4-diene-3,20-dione,9-fluoro-11,21-dihydroxy-16,17-[(1-methylethylidene)bis-(oxy)]-, (11 $\beta$ ,16 $\alpha$ )-], with the molecular formula C  $_{24}$ H  $_{31}$ FO  $_{6}$ and molecular weight 434.51. CAS 76-25-5.

Triamcinolone Acetonide Ointment USP, 0.025% contains: 0.25 mg of triamcinolone acetonide per gram in a base containing white petrolatum and mineral oil.

Triamcinolone Acetonide Ointment USP, 0.1% contains: 1 mg triamcinolone acetonide per gram in a base containing white petrolatum and mineral oil.

### **CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY:**

Topical corticosteroids share anti-inflammatory, anti-pruritic and vasoconstrictive actions. The mechanism of anti-inflammatory activity of the topical corticosteroids is unclear. Various laboratory methods, including vasoconstrictor assays, are used to compare and predict potencies and/or clinical efficacies of the topical corticosteroids. There is some evidence to suggest that a recognizable correlation exists between vasoconstrictor potency and therapeutic efficacy in man.

**Pharmacokinetics:** The extent of percutaneous absorption of topical corticosteroids is determined by many factors including the vehicle, the integrity of the epidermal barrier, and the use of occlusive dressings. Topical corticosteroids can be absorbed from normal intact skin. Inflammation and/or other disease processes in the skin increase

percutaneous absorption. Occlusive dressings substantially increase the percutaneous absorption of topical corticosteroids. Thus, occlusive dressings may be a valuable therapeutic adjunct for treatment of resistant dermatoses (See **DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION**). Once absorbed through the skin, topical corticosteroids are handled through pharmacokinetic pathways similar to systemically administered corticosteroids. Corticosteroids are bound to plasma proteins in varying degrees. Corticosteroids are metabolized primarily in the liver and are then excreted by the kidneys. Some of the topical corticosteroids and their metabolites are also excreted into the bile.

#### INDICATIONS AND USAGE:

Topical corticosteroids are indicated for the relief of the inflammatory and pruritic manifestations of corticosteroid-responsive dermatoses.

#### **CONTRAINDICATIONS:**

Topical corticosteroids are contraindicated in those patients with a history of hypersensitivity to any of the components of the preparation.

#### **PRECAUTIONS:**

**General:**Systemic absorption of topical corticosteroids has produced reversible hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal (HPA) axis suppression, manifestations of Cushing's syndrome, hyperglycemia, and glucosuria in some patients. Conditions which augment systemic absorption include the application of the more potent steroids, use over large surface areas, prolonged use, and the addition of occlusive dressings. Therefore, patients receiving a large dose of a potent topical steroid applied to a large surface area or under an occlusive dressing should be evaluated periodically for evidence of HPA axis suppression by using the urinary free cortisol and ACTH stimulation tests. If HPA axis suppression is noted, an attempt should be made to withdraw the drug, to reduce the frequency of application, or to substitute a less potent steroid. Recovery of HPA axis function is generally prompt and complete upon discontinuation of the drug. Infrequently, signs and symptoms of steroid withdrawal may occur, requiring supplemental systemic corticosteroids.

Children may absorb proportionally larger amounts of topical corticosteroids and thus be more susceptible to systemic toxicity (See **PRECAUTIONS-Pediatric Use**). If irritation develops, topical corticosteroids should be discontinued and appropriate therapy instituted. In the presence of dermatological infections, the use of an appropriate antifungal or antibacterial agent should be instituted. If a favorable response does not occur promptly, the corticosteroid should be discontinued until the infection has been adequately controlled.

**Information for the Patient:** Patients using topical corticosteroids should receive the following information and instructions.

- 1. This medication is to be used as directed by the physician. It is for external use only. Avoid contact with the eyes.
- 2. Patients should be advised not to use this medication for any disorder other than for which it was prescribed.

- 3. The treated skin area should not be bandaged or otherwise covered or wrapped as to be occlusive unless directed by the physician.
- 4. Patients should report any signs of local adverse reactions especially under occlusive dressing.
- 5. Parents of pediatric patients should be advised not to use tight fitting diapers or plastic pants on a child being treated in the diaper area, as these garments may constitute occlusive dressings.

**Laboratory Tests:** The following tests may be helpful in evaluating the HPA axis suppression: Urinary free cortisol test; ACTH stimulation test.

**Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, and Impairment of Fertility:**Long-term animal studies have not been performed to evaluate the carcinogenic potential or the effect on fertility of topical corticosteroids. Studies to determine mutagenicity with prednisolone and hydrocortisone have revealed negative results.

**Pregnancy:**Teratogenic Effects: *Pregnancy Category C-* Corticosteroids are generally teratogenic in laboratory animals when administered systemically at relatively low dosage levels. The more potent corticosteroids have been shown to be teratogenic after dermal application in laboratory animals. There are no adequate and well-controlled studies in pregnant women on teratogenic effects from topically applied corticosteroids. Therefore, topical corticosteroids should be used during pregnancy only if the potential benefit justifies the potential risk to the fetus. Drugs of this class should not be used extensively on pregnant patients, in large amounts, or for prolonged periods of time.

**Nursing Mothers:** It is not known whether topical administration of corticosteroids could result in sufficient systemic absorption to produce detectable quantities in breast milk. Systemically administered corticosteroids are secreted into breast milk in quantities not likely to have a deleterious effect on the infant. Nevertheless, caution should be exercised when topical corticosteroids are administered to a nursing woman.

**Pediatric Use:**Pediatric patients may demonstrate greater susceptibility to topical corticosteroid-induced HPA axis suppression and Cushing's syndrome than mature patients because of a larger skin surface area to body weight ratio. Hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal (HPA) axis suppression, Cushing's syndrome, and intracranial hypertension have been reported in children receiving topical corticosteroids. Manifestations of adrenal suppression in children include linear growth retardation, delayed weight gain, low plasma cortisol levels, and absence of response to ACTH stimulation. Manifestations of intracranial hypertension include bulging fontanelles, headaches, and bilateral papilledema. Administration of topical corticosteroids to children should be limited to the least amount compatible with an effective therapeutic regimen. Chronic corticosteroid therapy may interfere with the growth and development of children.

#### **ADVERSE REACTIONS:**

The following local adverse reactions are reported infrequently with topical corticosteroids, but may occur more frequently with the use of occlusive dressings. These reactions are listed in an approximate decreasing order of occurrence: burning, itching, irritation, dryness, folliculitis, hypertrichosis, acneiform eruptions, hypopigmentation, perioral dermatitis, allergic contact dermatitis, maceration of the skin,

secondary infection, skin atrophy, striae and miliaria.

#### **OVERDOSAGE:**

Topically applied corticosteroids can be absorbed in sufficient amounts to produce systemic effects (See **PRECAUTIONS**).

#### **DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION:**

Apply to the affected area as a thin film as follows: Triamcinolone Acetonide Ointment USP, 0.025% two to four times daily; Triamcinolone Acetonide Ointment USP, 0.1% two or three times daily depending on the severity of the condition. Occlusive dressings may be used for the management of psoriasis or recalcitrant conditions. If an infection develops, the use of occlusive dressings should be discontinued and appropriate antimicrobial therapy instituted.

#### **HOW SUPPLIED:**

Triamcinolone Acetonide Ointment USP, 0.025% is available as follows: 80 gram tubes NDC 76420-360-80 (relabeled from NDC 0168-0005-80)

Triamcinolone Acetonide Ointment USP, 0.1% is available as follows:

15 gram tubes NDC 76420-361-15 (relabeled from NDC 0168-0006-15) 80 gram tubes NDC 76420-361-80 (relabeled from NDC 0168-0006-80) 453.6 gram (1lb) jars NDC 76420-361-16 (relabeled from NDC 0168-0006-16)

Store at 20 to 25°C (68 to 77°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature].

## Relabeled by:

**Enovachem PHARMACEUTICALS** 

Torrance, CA 90501

#### PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL-0.025%





MACEUTICALS Torrance, CA 90501 TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE OINTMENT USP, 0.1%

NDC: 76420-361-15

Qty: 15

Manufactured For: Fougera Pharmaceuticals Inc.

Source NDC: 0168-0006-15 Description: 15g cream in tube Lot #: 00000000

Batch #: 00000000 Drug Status: RX

CAUTION: FEDERAL LAW PROHIBITS DISPENSING WITHOUT PRESCRIPTION. SEE PACKAGE INSERT. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. STORE AT 20-25C (68-77F) [SEE USP CONTROLLED ROOM TEMP].

Exp:

(01) 0 0376420 36115 2

(17)(10) 00000000 (21)

(01) 0 0376420 36100 8

(10) 000000000

(01) 0 0376420 36180 0

(10) 000000000

(17)

(21)

(17)

(21)

NDC: 76420-361-15 S/N:

Qty: 15

Relabeled By:

Enovachem 379 Van Ness Ave.
Sulte 1403-1406
PHARMACEUTICALS Torrance, CA 90501 TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE OINTMENT USP, 0.1%

NDC: 76420-361-00

Qty: 454

Manufactured For: Fougera Pharmaceuticals Inc.

Source NDC: 0168-0006-16 Description: 453.6g cream in tube Lot #: 00000000

Batch #: 00000000 Drug Status: RX

CAUTION: FEDERAL LAW PROHIBITS DISPENSING WITHOUT PRESCRIPTION, SEE PACKAGE INSERT. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. STORE AT 20-25C (68-77F) [SEE USP CONTROLLED ROOM TEMP].

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE OINTMENT USP, 0.1%

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE OINTMENT USP, 0.1%

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE ONTMENT USP, 0.1%

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE ONTMENT USP, 0.1%

NDC: 78420-381-15

NDC: 76420-361-15

S/N:

S/N:

Qty: 15

Qty: 15

NDC: 76420-361-00

S/N: Qtv: 454

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE ONTMENT USP, 0.1%

NDC: 76420-361-00

S/N: Qty: 454

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE ONTMENT USP. 0.1%

NDC: 76420-361-00

S/N: Qty: 454

Relabeled By:

Enovachem 379 Van Ness Ave. Sulte 1403-1406 PHARMACEUTICALS TOTTANCE, CA 90501 TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE OINTMENT USP, 0.1%

NDC: 76420-361-80

Qty: 80

Manufactured For: Fougera Pharmaceuticals Inc.

Source NDC: 0168-0006-80 Description: 80g cream in tube Lot # 000000000 Exp:

Batch #: 00000000 Drug Status: RX

CAUTION: FEDERAL LAW PROHIBITS DISPENSING WITHOUT PRESCRIPTION. SEE PACKAGE INSERT. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. STORE AT 20-25C (68-77F) [SEE USP CONTROLLED ROOM TEMP].

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE OINTMENT USP, 0.1%

NDC: 76420-361-80

Qty: 80

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE ONTMENT USP. 0.1%

NDC: 76420-361-80

S/N: Qty: 80

TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE OINTMENT USP. 0.1%

NDC: 76420-361-80

Qty: 80

## TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE

triamcinolone acetonide ointment

**Product Information** 

**HUMAN PRESCRIPTION Product Type DRUG** 

**Route of Administration** 

**TOPICAL** 

**Item Code** NDC:76420-360(NDC:0168-(Source) 0005)

**Active Ingredient/Active Moiety** 

Ingredient Name	<b>Basis of Strength</b>	Strength
<b>RIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE</b> (UNII: F446C597KA) (TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE UNII:F446C597KA)	TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE	0.25 mg in 1 g

Inactive Ingredients				
Ingredient Name Strength				
PETROLATUM (UNII: 4T6H12BN9U)				
MINERAL OIL (UNII: T5L8T28FGP)				

ı	Packaging				
	# Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
	<b>1</b> NDC:76420-360-80	80 g in 1 TUBE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	05/23/2025		

Marketing Information				
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
ANDA	ANDA085691	02/14/1978		

## TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE

triamcinolone acetonide ointment

Product Information				
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:76420-361(NDC:0168- 0006)	
Route of Administration	TOPICAL			

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety					
Ingredient Name	<b>Basis of Strength</b>	Strength			
<b>TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE</b> (UNII: F446C597KA) (TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE - UNII:F446C597KA)	TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE	1 mg in 1 g			

Inactive Ingredients				
Ingredient Name Strength				
PETROLATUM (UNII: 4T6H12BN9U)				
MINERAL OIL (UNII: T5L8T28FGP)				

Packaging			
# Home Code	Dackers Description	Marketing Start	Marketing End

#	item Code	Раскаде резсприон	Date	Date
	NDC:76420-361- 15	15 g in 1 TUBE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	05/23/2025	
	NDC:76420-361- 80	80 g in 1 TUBE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	05/23/2025	
3	NDC:76420-361- 00	454 g in 1 JAR; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	05/23/2025	

Marketing Information			
Marketing Application Number or Monogra Category Citation		Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA085691	02/14/1978	

## Labeler - Asclemed USA, Inc. (059888437)

Establishment				
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations	
ASCLEMED USA INC. DBA ENOVACHEM		059888437	relabel(76420-360, 76420-361)	

Revised: 5/2025 Asclemed USA, Inc.