

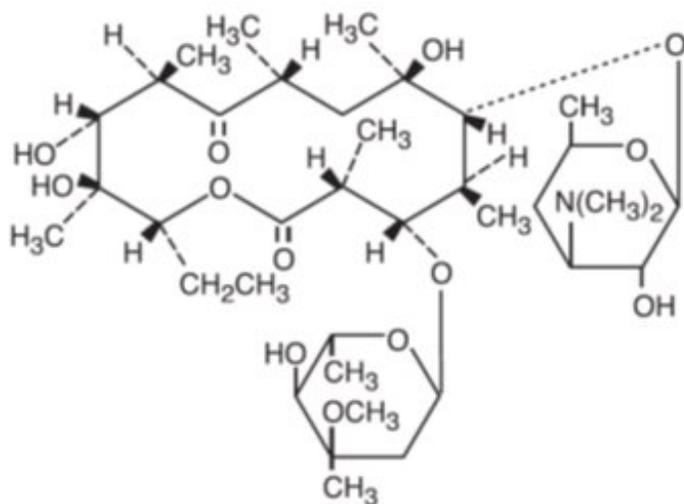
ERYTHROMYCIN- erythromycin ointment
Cardinal Health 107, LLC

Erythromycin
Ophthalmic
Ointment
USP
0.5%
(Sterile)

Rx only

DESCRIPTION

Erythromycin ophthalmic ointment, USP belongs to the macrolide group of antibiotics. The sterile ophthalmic ointment flows freely over the conjunctiva. Erythromycin base, as crystals or powder, is slightly soluble in water, moderately soluble in ether, and readily soluble in alcohol or chloroform. Erythromycin is an antibiotic produced from a strain of *Streptomyces erythraeus*. It is basic and readily forms a salt when combined with an acid. It has the following structural formula:



Molecular Formula: C₃₇H₆₇NO₁₃

Mol. Wt. 733.94

Chemical Name: ((3R ●,4S ●,5S ●,6R ●,7R ●,9R ●,11R ●,12R ●,13S ●,14R ●)-4-[(2,6-dideoxy-3- C-methyl-3- O-methyl-α-L- ribo-hexopyranosyl)oxy]-14-ethyl-7,12,13-trihydroxy-3,5,7,9,11,13-hexamethyl-6-[[3,4,6-trideoxy-3-(dimethylamino)- β-D- xylo-hexopyranosyl]oxy]oxacyclotetradecane-2,10-dione)

Each gram contains: Active: erythromycin USP, 5 mg (0.5%); Inactives: mineral oil and white petrolatum.

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Microbiology

Erythromycin inhibits protein synthesis without affecting nucleic acid synthesis. Erythromycin is usually active against the following organisms in vitro and in clinical infections: *Streptococcus pyogenes* (group A β -hemolytic), Alpha-hemolytic streptococci (viridans group); *Staphylococcus aureus*, including penicillinase-producing strains (methicillin-resistant staphylococci are uniformly resistant to erythromycin); *Streptococcus pneumoniae*; *Mycoplasma pneumoniae* (Eaton Agent, PPLO); *Haemophilus influenzae* (not all strains of this organism are susceptible at the erythromycin concentrations ordinarily achieved); *Treponema pallidum*; *Corynebacterium diphtheriae*; *Neisseria gonorrhoeae*; *Chlamydia trachomatis*.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

For the treatment of superficial ocular infections involving the conjunctiva and/or cornea caused by organisms susceptible to erythromycin.

For prophylaxis of ophthalmia neonatorum due to *N. gonorrhoeae* or *C. trachomatis*.

The effectiveness of erythromycin in the prevention of ophthalmia caused by penicillinase-producing *N. gonorrhoeae* is not established.

For infants born to mothers with clinically apparent gonorrhea, intravenous or intramuscular injections of aqueous crystalline penicillin G should be given: a single dose of 50,000 units for term infants or 20,000 units for infants of low birth weight. Topical prophylaxis alone is inadequate for these infants.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

This drug is contraindicated in patients with a history of hypersensitivity to erythromycin.

PRECAUTIONS

General

The use of antimicrobial agents may be associated with the overgrowth of non-susceptible organisms including fungi; in such a case, antibiotic administration should be stopped and appropriate measures taken.

Information for Patients: Avoid contaminating the applicator tip with material from the eye, fingers, or other source.

Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility: Two year oral studies conducted in rats with erythromycin did not provide evidence of tumorigenicity. Mutagenicity studies have not been conducted.

No evidence of impaired fertility that appeared related to erythromycin was reported in animal studies.

Pregnancy: Reproduction studies have been performed in rats, mice, and rabbits using

erythromycin and its various salts and esters, at doses that were several multiples of the usual human dose. No evidence of harm to the fetus that appeared related to erythromycin was reported in these studies. There are, however, no adequate and well-controlled studies in pregnant women. Because animal reproductive studies are not always predictive of human response, the erythromycins should be used during pregnancy only if clearly needed.

Nursing Mothers: Caution should be exercised when erythromycin is administered to a nursing woman.

Pediatric Use: See **INDICATIONS AND USAGE** and **DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION**.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

The most frequently reported adverse reactions are minor ocular irritations, redness, and hypersensitivity reactions.

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Bausch & Lomb Incorporated at 1-800-553-5340 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

In the treatment of superficial ocular infections, erythromycin ophthalmic ointment approximately 1 cm in length should be applied directly to the infected eye(s) up to six times daily, depending on the severity of the infection.

For prophylaxis of neonatal gonococcal or chlamydial ophthalmia, a ribbon of ointment approximately 1 cm in length should be instilled into each lower conjunctival sac. The ointment should not be flushed from the eye following instillation. A new tube should be used for each infant.

HOW SUPPLIED

Erythromycin ophthalmic ointment USP, 0.5% is available in the following sizes:

DO NOT USE IF CAP AND NECKRING ARE NOT INTACT.

Overbagged with 10 x 1 Net Wt. 1 g per unit dose tubes in each bag, NDC 55154-7850-0

DO NOT USE IF BOTTOM RIDGE OF TUBE CAP IS EXPOSED.

WARNING: This Unit Dose package is not child resistant and is Intended for Institutional Use Only. Keep this and all drugs out of the reach of children.

Storage: Store between 15°C to 25°C (59°F to 77°F).

Keep out of reach of children.

Distributed by:

Bausch & Lomb Americas Inc.
Bridgewater, NJ 08807 USA

Manufactured by:

Bausch & Lomb Incorporated
Tampa, FL 33637 USA

Distributed By:

Cardinal Health

Dublin, OH 43017

L28625630525

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9819800 **(Folded)**

9819900 **(Flat)**

Package/Label Display Panel

NDC 55154-7850-0

ERYTHROMYCIN OPHTHALMIC

OINTMENT, USP 0.5% (Sterile)

10 x 1 Net Wt. 1 g Per Unit Dose Tubes



S25

NDC 55154-7850-0

**ERYTHROMYCIN OPHTHALMIC
OINTMENT, USP 0.5% (Sterile)
10 x 1 Net Wt. 1 g Per Unit Dose Tubes**

FOR TOPICAL APPLICATION IN THE EYE

Each gram contains: **ACTIVE:** Erythromycin, USP 5 mg (0.5%)
INACTIVES: Mineral Oil and White Petrolatum.

USUAL DOSAGE: Apply to the infected eye(s) one or more times a day. See product insert for prescribing information, precautions and warnings.

STORAGE: Store between 15°C to 25°C (59°F to 77°F).
KEEP TIGHTLY CLOSED.

RX ONLY

WARNING: This Unit Dose package is not child resistant and is Intended for Institutional Use Only.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

DO NOT USE IF BOTTOM RIDGE OF TUBE CAP IS EXPOSED.

Distributed by: Bausch & Lomb Americas Inc.
Bridgewater, NJ 08807 USA
Product of India
Manufactured by: Bausch & Lomb Incorporated
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Distributed by Cardinal Health
Dublin, OH 43017
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ERYTHROMYCIN

erythromycin ointment

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:55154-7850(NDC:24208-910)
Route of Administration	OPHTHALMIC		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
ERYTHROMYCIN (UNII: 63937KV33D) (ERYTHROMYCIN - UNII:63937KV33D)	ERYTHROMYCIN	5 mg in 1 g

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
MINERAL OIL (UNII: T5L8T28FGP)	

PETROLATUM (UNII: 4T6H12BN9U)

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:55154-7850-0	10 in 1 BAG	07/29/1994	
1		1 g in 1 TUBE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA064067	07/29/1994	

Labeler - Cardinal Health 107, LLC (118546603)

Revised: 6/2025

Cardinal Health 107, LLC