
Pyridos tigmine Bromide Tablets

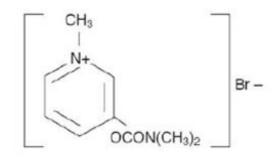
PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE TABLETS

Method Pharmaceuticals, LLC

PYRIDOSTIGMINE BROMIDE TABLETS

DESCRIPTION

Pyridostigmine bromide tablets, USP (pyridostigmine bromide) are an orally active cholinesterase inhibitor. Chemically, pyridostigmine bromide is 3-hydroxy-1-methylpyridinium bromide dimethylcarbamate. Its structural formula is:



Pyridostigmine bromide tablets, USP are available in the following form:

Tablets containing 30 mg pyridostigmine bromide; each tablet also contains anhydrous lactose, colloidal silicon dioxide and stearic acid.

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Pyridostigmine bromide tablets inhibits the destruction of acetylcholine by cholinesterase and thereby permits freer transmission of nerve impulses across the neuromuscular junction. Pyridostigmine is an analog of neostigmine (Prostigmin), but differs from it in certain clinically significant respects; for example, pyridostigmine is characterized by a longer duration of action and fewer gastrointestinal side effects.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

Pyridostigmine bromide tablets are useful in the treatment of myasthenia gravis.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Pyridostigmine bromide tablets are contraindicated in mechanical intestinal or urinary obstruction, and particular caution should be used in its administration to patients with bronchial asthma. Care should be observed in the use of atropine for counteracting side effects, as discussed below.

Although failure of patients to show clinical improvement may reflect under dosage, it can also be indicative of overdosage. As is true of all cholinergic drugs, overdosage of pyridostigmine bromide may result in cholinergic crisis, a state characterized by increasing muscle weakness which, through involvement of the muscles of respiration, may lead to death. Myasthenic crisis due to an increase in the severity of the disease is also accompanied by extreme muscle weakness, and thus may be difficult to distinguish from cholinergic crisis on a symptomatic basis. Such differentiation is extremely important, since increases in doses of pyridostigmine bromide or other drugs of this class in the presence of cholinergic crisis or of a refractory or "insensitive" state could have grave consequences. Osserman and Genkins¹ indicate that the differential diagnosis of the two types of crisis may require the use of TensilonTM (edrophonium chloride) as well as clinical judgment. The treatment of the two conditions obviously differs radically. Whereas the presence of myasthenic crisis suggests the need for more intensive anticholinesterase therapy, the diagnosis of cholinergic crisis, according to Osserman and Genkins¹, calls for the prompt withdrawal of all drugs of this type. The immediate use of atropine in cholinergic crisis is also recommended.

Atropine may also be used to abolish or obtund gastrointestinal side effects or other muscarinic reactions; but such use, by masking signs of overdosage, can lead to inadvertent induction of cholinergic crisis.

For detailed information on the management of patients with myasthenia gravis, the physician is referred to one of the excellent reviews such as those by Osserman and Genkins², Grob³ or Schwab^{4,5}

Usage in Pregnancy

The safety of pyridostigmine bromide tablets during pregnancy or lactation in humans has not been established. Therefore, use of pyridostigmine bromide tablets in women who may become pregnant requires weighing the drug's potential benefits against its possible hazards to mother and child.

PRECAUTIONS

Pyridostigmine is mainly excreted unchanged by the kidney. ^{6,7,8} Therefore, lower doses may be required in patients with renal disease, and treatment should be based on titration of drug dosage to effect.^{6,7}

Pediatric Use

Safety and effectiveness in pediatric patients have not been established.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

The side effects of pyridostigmine bromide tablets are most commonly related to overdosage and generally are of two varieties, muscarinic and nicotinic. Among those in the former group are nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal cramps, increased peristalsis, increased salivation, increased bronchial secretions, miosis and diaphoresis. Nicotinic side effects are comprised chiefly of muscle cramps, fasciculation and weakness. Muscarinic side effects can usually be counteracted by atropine, but for reasons shown in the preceding section the expedient is not without danger. As with any compound containing the bromide radical, a skin rash may be seen in an occasional patient. Such reactions usually subside promptly upon discontinuance of the medication.

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

Pyridostigmine bromide tablets, USP are available in following dosage form:

Conventional Tablets

each containing 30 mg pyridostigmine bromide.

Dosage

The size and frequency of the dosage must be adjusted to the needs of the individual patient.

Conventional Tablets

The average dose is twenty 30 mg tablets, spaced to provide maximum relief when maximum strength is needed. In severe cases as many as 50 tablets a day may be required, while in mild cases two to twelve tablets a day may suffice.

NOTE: For information on a diagnostic test for myasthenia gravis, and for the evaluation and stabilization of therapy, please see product literature on Tensilon (edrophonium chloride).

HOW SUPPLIED

Tablets, are available as white, flat-faced tablets containing 30 mg pyridostigmine bromide, USP in bottles of 21 (NDC 58657-810-21) and cartons of 30 (3 x 10 blister packs - NDC 58657-810-30) and cartons of 210 tablets (21 blister cards of 10 tablets - NDC 58657-810-10). Each tablet is White to off white, round, flat tablet, debossed IT above bisect and 106 below bisect on one side, other side is plain.

Store pyridostigmine bromide tablets, USP at 25°C (77°F); excursions permitted to 15° -30°C (59° - 86°F) [See USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Keep pyridostigmine bromide tablets, USP in a dry place with the silica gel enclosed

REFERENCES

- 1. Osserman KE, Genkins G. Studies in myasthenia gravis: Reduction in mortality rate after crisis. JAMA. Jan 1963; 183:97-101.
- 2. Osserman KE, Genkins G. Studies in myasthenia gravis. NY State J Med. June 1961; 61:2076-2085.
- 3. Grob D. Myasthenia gravis. A review of pathogenesis and treatment. Arch Intern Med. Oct 1961;108:615-638.
- 4. Schwab RS. Management of myasthenia gravis. New Eng J Med. Mar 1963; 268:596-597.
- 5. Schwab RS. Management of myasthenia gravis. New Eng J Med. Mar 1963; 268:717-719.
- 6. Cronnelly R, Stanski DR, Miller RD, Sheiner LB. Pyridostigmine kinetics with and without renal function. Clin Pharmacol Ther. 1980; 28:No. 1,78-81.
- Miller RD. Pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetics of anticholinesterase. In: Ruegheimer E, Zindler M, ed. Anaesthesiology. (Hamburg, Germany: Congress; Sep 14-21, 1980; 222-223.) (Int Congr. No. 538), Amsterdam, Netherlands: Excerpta Medica; 1981.
- 8. Breyer-Pfaff U, Maier U, Brinkmann AM, Schumm F. Pyridostigmine kinetics in healthy subjects and patients with myasthenia gravis. Clin Pharmacol Ther. 1985; 5:495-501.

Manufactured by:

InvaTech Pharma Solutions LLC

East Brunswick, NJ 08816

Distributed by:

Method Pharmaceuticals, LLC

Fort Worth, Texas 76118

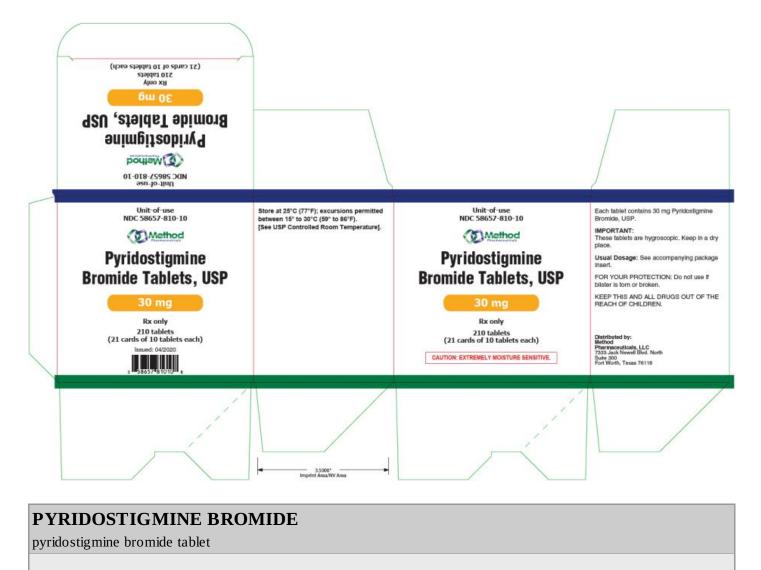
Revised: 04/2020

PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

Unit-Of-Use NDC 58657-810-21 Pyridostigmine Bromide Tablets, USP 30 mg Rx Only 21 Tablets Each tablet contains 30 mg Pyridostigmine Method Bromide, USP 4 Dispense in original container. Unit-Of-Use NDC 58657-810-21 IMPORTANT: These tablets are hygroscopic. Keep in a dry place with the silica gel enclosed. Pyridostigmine Usual Dosage: See accompanying package insert. Store at 25°C (77°F) excursions permitted between 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F). [see USP **Bromide Tablets, USP** S Controlled Room Temperature]. 30 mg Preserve in a tight, light-resistant container. 0 **Rx only** KEEP THIS AND ALL DRUGS OUT OF THE REACH 20 OF CHILDREN. CAUTION: EXTREMELY MOISTURE SENSITIVE DO NOT REMOVE DESICCANT. CLOSE TIGHTLY. Distributed by: Method Pharmaceuticals, LLC 7333 Jack Newell Blvd. North, Suite 300 ZM 21 Tablets Fort Worth, Texas 76118 Issued: 02/2019 1

PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

Unit-Of-Use NDC 58657-810-10 Pyridostigmine Bromide Tablets, USP 30 mg Rx Only 210 Tablets (21 cards of 10 tablets each)



Product Information					
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:58657-810		
Route of Administration	ORAL				

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
PYRIDO STIGMINE BRO MIDE (UNII: KVI30 1NA53) (PYRIDO STIGMINE - UNII: 19 QM6 9 HH2 1)	PYRIDO STIGMINE BROMIDE	30 mg

Inactive Ingredients					
Ingredient Name			Strength		
SILICON DIO XIDE (UNII: ETJ7Z6 XBU4)					
ANHYDRO US LACT					
STEARIC ACID (UNII: 4ELV7Z65AP)					
Product Characteristics					
Color	WHITE (white to off white)	Score	2 pieces		

Shape	ROUND (flat-faced)	Size	7mm		
Flavor		Imprint Code	IT;106		
Contains					
Packaging					
# Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date		
1 NDC:58657-810-30	30 in 1 CARTON	06/01/2019			
1	3 in 1 CARTON				
1	10 in 1 BLISTER PACK; Type 0: Not a Combination Produc	et			
2 NDC:58657-810-10	21 in 1 CARTON	06/01/2019			
2	10 in 1 BLISTER PACK; Type 0: Not a Combination Produc	et			
3 NDC:58657-810-21	21 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	06/01/2019			
Marketing Information					
Marketing Categor	y Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date		
ANDA	ANDA211181	06/01/2019			
ANDA	ANDAZ 1110 I	00/01/2019			

Labeler - Method Pharmaceuticals, LLC (060216698)

Revised: 4/2020

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