# METAXALONE- metaxalone tablet Quality Care Products, LLC

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Metaxalone Tablets, USP RX ONLY

### **DESCRIPTION**

Metaxalone is available as an 800 mg pink, capsule shaped, scored tablet.

Chemically, metaxalone is 5-[(3,5-dimethylphenoxy)methyl]-2-oxazolidinone. The empirical formula is  $C_{12}H_{15}NO_3$ , which corresponds to a molecular weight of 221.25. The structural formula is:

Metaxalone is a white to almost white, odorless crystalline powder freely soluble in chloroform, soluble in methanol and in 96% ethanol, but practically insoluble in ether or water.

Each tablet contains 800 mg metaxalone and the following inactive ingredients: carboxymethylcellulose sodium, alginic acid, stearic acid, hydrogenated castor oil, magnesium stearate, colloidal silicon dioxide, sodium lauryl sulfate, and FD&C Red #40 Aluminum Lake.

### CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

#### Mechanism of Action

The mechanism of action of metaxalone in humans has not been established, but may be due to general central nervous system depression. Metaxalone has no direct action on the contractile mechanism of striated muscle, the motor end plate, or the nerve fiber.

### **Pharmacokinetics**

The pharmacokinetics of metaxalone have been evaluated in healthy adult volunteers after single dose administration of metaxalone under fasted and fed conditions at doses ranging from 400 mg to 800 mg.

### **Absorption**

Peak plasma concentrations of metaxalone occur approximately 3 hours after a 400 mg oral dose under fasted conditions. Thereafter, metaxalone concentrations decline log-linearly with a terminal half-life of  $9.0 \pm 4.8$  hours. Doubling the dose of metaxalone from 400 mg to 800 mg results in a roughly proportional increase in metaxalone exposure as indicated by peak plasma concentrations ( $C_{max}$ ) and area under the curve (AUC). Dose proportionality at doses above 800 mg has not been studied. The absolute bioavailability of metaxalone is not known.

The single-dose pharmacokinetic parameters of metaxalone in two groups of healthy volunteers are shown in Table 1.

Table 1: Mean (%CV) Metaxalone Pharmacokinetic Parameters

Dose	C <sub>max</sub>	T <sub>max</sub>	AUC∞	t <sub>1/2</sub>	CL/F
(mg)	(ng/mL)	(h)	(ng•h/mL)	(h)	(L/h)
400 <sup>1</sup>	983 (53)	3.3 (35)	7479 (51)	9.0 (53)	68 (50)
800 <sup>2</sup>	1816	3.0 (39)	15044	8.0 (58)	66 (51)
	(43)		(46)		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Subjects received  $1\times400$  mg tablet under fasted conditions (N=42)

### Food Effects

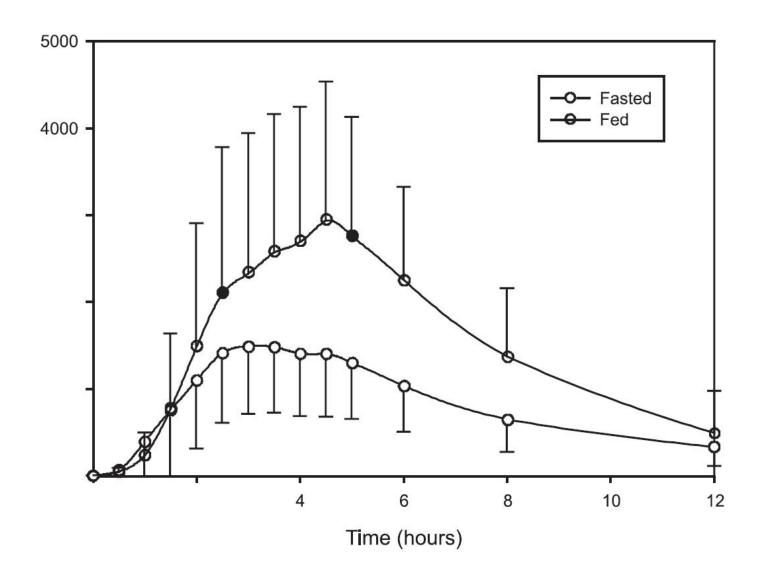
A randomized, two-way, crossover study was conducted in 42 healthy volunteers (31 males, 11 females) administered one 400 mg metaxalone tablet under fasted conditions and following a standard high-fat breakfast. Subjects ranged in age from 18 to 48 years (mean age = 23.5  $\pm$  5.7 years). Compared to fasted conditions, the presence of a high fat meal at the time of drug administration increased  $C_{max}$  by 177.5% and increased AUC (AUC<sub>0-t</sub>, AUC<sub>\infty</sub>) by 123.5% and 115.4%, respectively. Time-to-peak concentration (T<sub>max</sub>) was also delayed (4.3 h *versus* 3.3 h) and terminal half-life was decreased (2.4 h *versus* 9.0 h) under fed conditions compared to fasted.

In a second food effect study of similar design, two 400 mg metaxalone tablets (800 mg) were administered to healthy volunteers (N=59, 37 males, 22 females), ranging in age from 18-50 years (mean age =  $25.6 \pm 8.7$  years). Compared to fasted conditions,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Subjects received 2×400 mg tablets under fasted conditions (N=59)

the presence of a high fat meal at the time of drug administration increased  $C_{max}$  by 193.6% and increased AUC (AUC<sub>0-t</sub>, AUC<sub> $\infty$ </sub>) by 146.4% and 142.2%, respectively. Time-to-peak concentration ( $T_{max}$ ) was also delayed (4.9 h *versus* 3.0 h) and terminal half-life was decreased (4.2 h *versus* 8.0 h) under fed conditions compared to fasted conditions. Similar food effect results were observed in the above study when one metaxalone 800 mg tablet was administered in place of two metaxalone 400 mg tablets. The increase in metaxalone exposure coinciding with a reduction in half-life may be attributed to more complete absorption of metaxalone in the presence of a high fat meal (Figure 1).

Figure 1. Mean (SD) Concentrations of Metaxalone following an 800 mg Dose under Fasted and Fed Conditions



### Distribution, Metabolism, and Excretion

Although plasma protein binding and absolute bioavailability of metaxalone are not known, the apparent volume of distribution (V/F  $\sim$  800 L) and lipophilicity (log P = 2.42) of metaxalone suggest that the drug is extensively distributed in the tissues. Metaxalone is metabolized by the liver and excreted in the urine as unidentified metabolites. Hepatic Cytochrome P450 enzymes play a role in the metabolism of metaxalone. Specifically, CYP1A2, CYP2D6, CYP2E1, and CYP3A4 and, to a lesser extent, CYP2C8, CYP2C9, and CYP2C19 appear to metabolize metaxalone. Metaxalone does not

significantly inhibit major CYP enzymes such as CYP1A2, CYP2A6, CYP2B6, CYP2C8, CYP2C9, CYP2C19, CYP2D6, CYP2E1, and CYP3A4. Metaxalone does not significantly induce major CYP enzymes such as CYP1A2, CYP2B6, and CYP3A4 *in vitro*.

### Pharmacokinetics in Special Populations

**Age:** The effects of age on the pharmacokinetics of metaxalone were determined following single administration of two 400 mg tablets (800 mg) under fasted and fed conditions. The results were analyzed separately, as well as in combination with the results from three other studies. Using the combined data, the results indicate that the pharmacokinetics of metaxalone are significantly more affected by age under fasted conditions than under fed conditions, with bioavailability under fasted conditions increasing with age.

The bioavailability of metaxalone under fasted and fed conditions in three groups of healthy volunteers of varying age is shown in Table 2.

Table 2: Mean (%CV) Pharmacokinetics Parameters Following Single Administration of Two 400 mg Metaxalone Tablets (800 mg) under Fasted and Fed Conditions

	Younger Volunteers		Older Volunteers			
<b>Age</b> (years)	25.6 ± 8.7		39.3 ± 10.8		71.5 ± 5.0	
N	59 21		1	23		
Food	Fasted	Fed	Fasted Fed		Fasted	Fed
C <sub>max</sub>	1816	3510	2719	2915	3168	3680
(ng/mL)	(43)	(41)	(46)	(55)	(43)	(59)
T <sub>max</sub>	3.0	4.9	3.0	8.7	2.6	6.5
(h)	(39)	(48)	(40)	(91)	(30)	(67)
AUC <sub>0-t</sub>	14531	20683	19836	20482	23797	24340
(ng•h/mL)	(47)	(41)	(40)	(37)	(45)	(48)
<b>AUC</b> <sub>∞</sub>	15045	20833	20490	20815 (37)	24194	24704
(ng•h/mL)	(46)	(41)	(39)		(44)	(47)

**Gender:** The effect of gender on the pharmacokinetics of metaxalone was assessed in an open label study, in which 48 healthy adult volunteers (24 males, 24 females) were administered two metaxalone 400 mg tablets (800 mg) under fasted conditions. The bioavailability of metaxalone was significantly higher in females compared to males as evidenced by  $C_{max}$  (2115 ng/mL versus 1335 ng/mL) and  $AUC_{\infty}$  (17884 ng•h/mL versus 10328 ng•h/mL). The mean half-life was 11.1 hours in females and 7.6 hours in males. The apparent volume of distribution of metaxalone was approximately 22% higher in males than in females, but not significantly different when adjusted for body weight. Similar findings were also seen when the previously described combined dataset was used in the analysis.

**Hepatic/Renal Insufficiency:** The impact of hepatic and renal disease on the pharmacokinetics of metaxalone has not been determined. In the absence of such information, metaxalone should be used with caution in patients with hepatic and/or

renal impairment.

### INDICATIONS AND USAGE

Metaxalone is indicated as an adjunct to rest, physical therapy, and other measures for the relief of discomforts associated with acute, painful musculoskeletal conditions. The mode of action of this drug has not been clearly identified, but may be related to its sedative properties. Metaxalone does not directly relax tense skeletal muscles in man.

#### CONTRAINDICATIONS

Known hypersensitivity to any components of this product.

Known tendency to drug induced, hemolytic, or other anemias.

Significantly impaired renal or hepatic function.

### WARNINGS

Metaxalone may enhance the effects of alcohol and other CNS depressants.

### **PRECAUTIONS**

Metaxalone should be administered with great care to patients with pre-existing liver damage. Serial liver function studies should be performed in these patients.

False-positive Benedict's tests, due to an unknown reducing substance, have been noted. A glucose-specific test will differentiate findings.

Taking metaxalone with food may enhance general CNS depression; elderly patients may be especially susceptible to this CNS effect. (See CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY: Pharmacokinetics and PRECAUTIONS: Information for Patients section).

### Information for Patients

Metaxalone may impair mental and/or physical abilities required for performance of hazardous tasks, such as operating machinery or driving a motor vehicle, especially when used with alcohol or other CNS depressants.

### **Drug Interactions**

The sedative effects of metaxalone and other CNS depressants (e.g., alcohol, benzodiazepines, opioids, tricyclic antidepressants) may be additive. Therefore, caution should be exercised with patients who take more than one of these CNS depressants simultaneously.

### Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility

The carcinogenic potential of metaxalone has not been determined.

### **Pregnancy**

Reproduction studies in rats have not revealed evidence of impaired fertility or harm to the fetus due to metaxalone. Post marketing experience has not revealed evidence of fetal injury, but such experience cannot exclude the possibility of infrequent or subtle damage to the human fetus. Safe use of metaxalone has not been established with regard to possible adverse effects upon fetal development. Therefore, metaxalone tablets should not be used in women who are or may become pregnant and particularly during early pregnancy unless, in the judgement of the physician, the potential benefits outweigh the possible hazards.

### **Nursing Mothers**

It is not known whether this drug is secreted in human milk. As a general rule, nursing should not be undertaken while a patient is on a drug since many drugs are excreted in human milk.

### **Pediatric Use**

Safety and effectiveness in children 12 years of age and below have not been established.

### **ADVERSE REACTIONS**

The most frequent reactions to metaxalone include:

CNS: drowsiness, dizziness, headache, and nervousness or "irritability";

Digestive: nausea, vomiting, gastrointestinal upset.

Other adverse reactions are:

Immune System: hypersensitivity reaction, rash with or without pruritus;

Hematologic: leukopenia; hemolytic anemia;

Hepatobiliary: jaundice.

Though rare, anaphylactoid reactions have been reported with metaxalone.

#### **OVERDOSAGE**

Deaths by deliberate or accidental overdose have occurred with metaxalone, particularly in combination with antidepressants, and have been reported with this class of drug in combination with alcohol.

When determining the  $LD_{50}$  in rats and mice, progressive sedation, hypnosis, and finally respiratory failure were noted as the dosage increased. In dogs, no  $LD_{50}$  could be determined as the higher doses produced an emetic action in 15 to 30 minutes.

*Treatment* - Gastric lavage and supportive therapy. Consultation with a regional poison control center is recommended.

#### DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

The recommended dose for adults and children over 12 years of age is one 800 mg

tablet three to four times a day.

### **HOW SUPPLIED**

Metaxalone Tablets, USP are available as 800 mg pink, capsule shaped, scored tablets, debossed "LCI" on one side and "14" bisect "35" on the other side.

55700-494-21

55700-494-30

55700-494-60

55700-494-90

Store at 20°C to 25°C (68° to 77°F) [See USP Controlled Room Temperature].

Distributed by:

Lannett Company, Inc. Philadelphia, PA 19154

Made in the USA

CIB71144B

Rev. 05/16

### Packaged and Distributed by Quality Care Products, LLC 1-800-337-8603

See Full Prescribing Information Store at 68 to 77 degrees F.

Holland, OH 43528

### Metaxalone 800 mg

GTIN: 00355700494902

NDC: 55700-494-90 Serial:

Lot:

**EXP:** //

#90 Tablets

Rx only

Each tablet contains Metaxalone

Keep all medication out of reach of children

Distributed by: Lannett Company, Inc., Philadelphia, PA 19136

### **METAXALONE**

metaxalone tablet

Product Informa
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**Product Type** 

**HUMAN PRESCRIPTION** DRUG

**Item Code** (Source)

NDC:55700-494(NDC:0527-

**Route of Administration** 

ORAL

1435)

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety				
Ingredient Name	<b>Basis of Strength</b>	Strength		
METAXALONE (UNII: 1NMA9J598Y) (METAXALONE - UNII:1NMA9J598Y)	METAXALONE	800 mg		

Inactive Ingredients					
Ingredient Name	Strength				
CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE SODIUM (UNII: K6790BS311)					
ALGINIC ACID (UNII: 8C3Z4148WZ)					
SILICON DIOXIDE (UNII: ETJ7Z6XBU4)					
FD&C RED NO. 40 (UNII: WZB9127XOA)					
ALUMINUM OXIDE (UNII: LMI26O6933)					
HYDROGENATED CASTOR OIL (UNII: ZF94AP8MEY)					
STEARIC ACID (UNII: 4ELV7Z65AP)					
SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE (UNII: 368GB5141J)					
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)					

Product Characteristics				
Color	PINK	Score	2 pieces	
Shape	OVAL (capsule-shaped)	Size	19mm	
Flavor		Imprint Code	LCI;1435	
Contains				

P	Packaging					
#	# Item Code Package Description		Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date		
1	NDC:55700-494- 21	21 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	11/03/2017	10/11/2019		
2	NDC:55700-494- 30	30 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	02/10/2017	02/28/2027		
3	NDC:55700-494- 60	60 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	02/10/2017	06/30/2022		
4	NDC:55700-494- 90	90 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	02/10/2017	09/30/2026		

Marketing Information				
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
ANDA	ANDA204770	11/22/2016	02/28/2027	

## **Labeler -** Quality Care Products, LLC (831276758)

Establishment					
Name	Address	ID/FEI	<b>Business Operations</b>		
Quality Care Products, LLC		831276758	repack(55700-494)		

Revised: 12/2024 Quality Care Products, LLC