

ENROPRO 100- enrofloxacin injection, solution
Cronus Pharma LLC

EnroPro™ 100
(enrofloxacin)
100 mg/mL Antimicrobial Injectable Solution



For Subcutaneous Use In Beef Cattle And Non-Lactating Dairy Cattle

For Intramuscular Or Subcutaneous Use In Swine

Not For Use In Female Dairy Cattle 20 Months Of Age Or Older

Or In Calves To Be Processed For Veal

CAUTION:

Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

Federal law prohibits the extra-label use of this drug in food-producing animals.

To assure responsible antimicrobial drug use, enrofloxacin should only be used as a second-line drug for colibacillosis in swine following consideration of other therapeutic options.

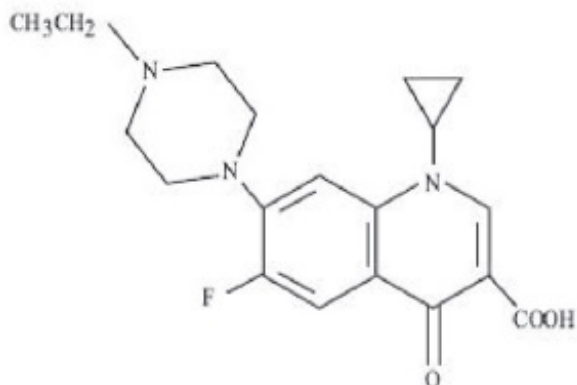
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION:

EnroPro™ 100 is a sterile, ready-to-use injectable antimicrobial solution that contains enrofloxacin, a broad-spectrum antimicrobial agent.

Each mL of EnroPro™ 100 contains 100 mg of enrofloxacin. Excipients are L-arginine base 200 mg, n-butyl alcohol 30 mg, benzyl alcohol (as a preservative) 20 mg and water for injection q.s.

CHEMICAL NOMENCLATURE AND STRUCTURE:

1-cyclopropyl-7-(4-ethyl-1-piperazinyl)-6-fluoro-1,4-dihydro-4-oxo-3-quinolinecarboxylic acid.



INDICATIONS:

Cattle - Single-Dose Therapy: EnroPro™ 100 is indicated for the treatment of bovine respiratory disease (BRD) associated with *Mannheimia haemolytica*, *Pasteurella multocida*, *Histophilus somni* and *Mycoplasma bovis* in beef and non-lactating dairy cattle; and for the control of BRD in beef and non-lactating dairy cattle at high risk of developing BRD associated with *M. haemolytica*, *P. multocida*, *H. somni* and *M. bovis*.

Cattle - Multiple-Day Therapy: EnroPro™ 100 is indicated for the treatment of bovine respiratory disease (BRD) associated with *Mannheimia haemolytica*, *Pasteurella multocida* and *Histophilus somni* in beef and non-lactating dairy cattle.

Swine: EnroPro™ 100 is indicated for the treatment and control of swine respiratory disease (SRD) associated with *Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae*, *Pasteurella multocida*, *Haemophilus parasuis*, *Streptococcus suis*, *Bordetella bronchiseptica* and *Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae*. EnroPro™ 100 is indicated for the control of colibacillosis in groups or pens of weaned pigs where colibacillosis associated with *Escherichia coli* has been diagnosed.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION:

EnroPro™ 100 provides flexible dosages and durations of therapy.

EnroPro™ 100 may be administered as a single dose for one day for treatment and control of BRD (cattle), for treatment and control of SRD or for control of colibacillosis (swine), or for multiple days for BRD treatment (cattle). Selection of the appropriate dose and duration of therapy for BRD treatment in cattle should be based on an assessment of the severity of the disease, pathogen susceptibility and clinical response.

Cattle:

Single-Dose Therapy (BRD Treatment): Administer, by subcutaneous injection, a single dose of 7.5-12.5 mg/kg of body weight (3.4-5.7 mL/100 lb).

Multiple-Day Therapy (BRD Treatment): Administer daily, a subcutaneous dose of 2.5-5 mg/kg of body weight (1.1-2.3 mL/100 lb). Treatment should be repeated at 24-hour intervals for three days. Additional treatments may be given on Days 4 and 5 to animals that have shown clinical improvement but not total recovery.

Single-Dose Therapy (BRD Control): Administer, by a subcutaneous injection, a

single dose of 7.5 mg/kg of body weight (3.4 ml/100 lb). Examples of conditions that may contribute to calves being at high risk of developing BRD include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Transportation with animals from two or more farm origins.
- An extended transport time with few to no rest stops.
- An environmental temperature change of $\geq 30^{\circ}\text{F}$ during transportation.
- A $\geq 30^{\circ}\text{F}$ range in temperature fluctuation within a 24-hour period.
- Exposure to wet or cold weather conditions.
- Excessive shrink (more than would be expected with a normal load of cattle).
- Stressful arrival processing procedures (e.g., castration or dehorning).
- Exposure within the prior 72 hours to animals showing clinical signs of BRD.

Administered dose volume should not exceed 20 mL per injection site.

Table 1- EnroPro™ 100 Dose and Treatment Schedule for cattle*

Weight (lb)	Treatment		Control
	Single-Dose Therapy 7.5 - 12.5 mg/kg Dose Volume (mL)	Multiple-Day Therapy 2.5 - 5.0 mg/kg Dose Volume (mL)	Single-Dose Therapy 7.5 mg/kg Dose Volume (mL)
100	3.5 - 5.5	1.5 - 2.0	3.5
200	7.0 - 11.0	2.5 - 4.5	7.0
300	10.5 - 17.0	3.5 - 6.5	10.5
400	14.0 - 22.5	4.5 - 9.0	14.0
500	17.0 - 28.5	5.5 - 11.5	17.0
600	20.5 - 34.0	7.0 - 13.5	20.5
700	24.0 - 39.5	8.0 - 16.0	24.0
800	27.5 - 45.5	9.0 - 18.0	27.5
900	31.0 - 51.0	10.0 - 20.5	31.0
1000	34.0 - 57.0	11.0 - 23.0	34.0
1100	37.5 - 62.5	12.5 - 25.0	37.5

*Dose volumes have been rounded to the nearest 0.5 mL within the dose range.

Swine:

Administer either by intramuscular or subcutaneous (behind the ear) injection, a single dose of 7.5 mg/kg of body weight (3.4 mL/100 lb). Administered dose volume should not exceed 5 mL per injection site.

For the control of colibacillosis, administration should be initiated within the first 60 days post-weaning when clinical signs are present in at least 2% of the animals in the group. If no improvement is noted with 48 hours, the diagnosis should be reevaluated.

Table 2- EnroPro™ 100 Dose Schedule for Swine

Weight (lb)	Dose Volume (mL)
15	0.5
30	1.0
50	1.7

100	3.4
150	5.1
200	6.8
250	8.5

Dilution of EnroPro™ 100: EnroPro™ 100 may be diluted with sterile water prior to injection.

The diluted product should be used within 24 hours. Store diluted solution in amber glass bottles between 4-40°C (36-104°F).

Table 3- Dilution Schedule*

Swine Weight	mL of EnroPro™ 100	mL of sterile water	Number of doses
10 lb	34 mL	66 mL	100
15 lb	51 mL	49 mL	100
20 lb	68 mL	32 mL	100
25 lb	85 mL	15 mL	100

*For 1 mL dose volume from diluted solution

Use within 30 days of first puncture and puncture a maximum of 30 times. If more than 30 punctures are anticipated, the use of multi-dosing equipment is recommended. When using a draw-off spike or needle with bore diameter larger than 16-gauge, discard any product remaining in the vial immediately after use.

RESIDUE WARNINGS:

Cattle: Animals intended for human consumption must not be slaughtered within 28 days from the last treatment. This product is not approved for female dairy cattle 20 months of age or older, including dry dairy cows. Use in these cattle may cause drug residues in milk and/or in calves born to these cows. A withdrawal period has not been established for this product in pre-ruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal.

Swine: Animals intended for human consumption must not be slaughtered within 5 days of receiving a single-injection dose.

HUMAN WARNINGS:

Not for use in humans. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with copious amounts of water for 15 minutes. In case of dermal contact, wash skin with soap and water. Consult a physician if irritation persists following ocular or dermal exposures. Individuals with a history of hypersensitivity to quinolones should avoid this product. In humans, there is a risk of user photosensitization within a few hours after excessive exposure to quinolones. If excessive accidental exposure occurs, avoid direct sunlight. To report suspected adverse drug events, for technical assistance or to obtain a copy of the SDS, contact Cronus Pharma LLC at 1-844-227-6687 or 1-844-2-CRONUS. For additional information

about adverse drug experience reporting for animal drugs, contact FDA at 1-888-FDA-VETS or online at www.fda.gov/reportanimalae

PRECAUTIONS:

The effects of enrofloxacin on cattle or swine reproductive performance, pregnancy and lactation have not been adequately determined.

The long-term effects on articular joint cartilage have not been determined in pigs above market weight.

Subcutaneous injection in cattle and swine, or intramuscular injection in swine, can cause a transient local tissue reaction that may result in trim loss of edible tissue at slaughter.

EnroPro™ 100 contains different excipients than other enrofloxacin products. The safety and efficacy of this formulation in species other than cattle and swine have not been determined.

Quinolone-class drugs should be used with caution in animals with known or suspected Central Nervous System (CNS) disorders. In such animals, quinolones have, in rare instances, been associated with CNS stimulation which may lead to convulsive seizures. Quinolone-class drugs have been shown to produce erosions of cartilage of weight-bearing joints and other signs of arthropathy in immature animals of various species. See Animal Safety section for additional information.

ADVERSE REACTIONS:

No adverse reactions were observed during clinical trials.

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MICROBIOLOGY:

Enrofloxacin is bactericidal and exerts its antibacterial effect by inhibiting bacterial DNA gyrase (a type II topoisomerase) thereby preventing DNA supercoiling and replication which leads to cell death.¹ Enrofloxacin is active against Gram-negative and Gram-positive bacteria.

EFFECTIVENESS:

Cattle: A total of 845 calves with naturally-occurring BRD were treated with enrofloxacin in eight field trials located in five cattle-feeding states. Response to treatment was compared to non-treated controls. Single-dose and multiple-day therapy regimens were evaluated. BRD and mortality were significantly reduced in enrofloxacin-treated calves. No adverse reactions were reported in treated animals.

The effectiveness of enrofloxacin for the control of respiratory disease in cattle at high risk of developing BRD was evaluated in a six-location study in the U.S. and Canada. A

total of 1,150 crossbred beef calves at high risk of developing BRD were enrolled in the study. Enrofloxacin (7.5 mg/kg BW) or an equivalent volume of sterile saline was administered as a single subcutaneous injection within two days after arrival. Cattle were observed daily for clinical signs of BRD and were evaluated for success on Day 14 posttreatment. Treatment success in the enrofloxacin group (497/573, 87.83%) was significantly higher ($P = 0.0013$) than success in the saline control group (455/571, 80.92%). In addition, there were more treatment successes ($n = 13$) than failures ($n = 3$) in the group of animals positive for *M. bovis* on Day 0 that were treated with enrofloxacin. No product-related adverse reactions were reported.

Swine: A total of 590 pigs were treated with enrofloxacin or saline in two separate natural infection SRD field trials. For the treatment of SRD, the success rate of enrofloxacin-treated pigs that were defined as “sick and febrile” (increased respiratory rate, labored or dyspneic breathing, depressed attitude and a rectal temperature $\geq 104^{\circ}\text{F}$) was statistically significantly greater than the success rate of saline-treated “sick and febrile” pigs. For the control of SRD, mean rectal temperature, mortality (one trial) and morbidity were statistically significantly lower for enrofloxacin-treated pigs in pens containing a percentage of “sick and febrile” pigs compared to saline-treated pigs.

The effectiveness of enrofloxacin administered as a single SC dose of 7.5 mg/kg BW for the treatment and control of SRD associated with *M. hyopneumoniae* was demonstrated using an induced infection model study and three single-site natural infection field studies. In the model study, 72 healthy pigs were challenged with a representative *M. hyopneumoniae* isolate and treated with enrofloxacin or saline. A statistically significant ($P < 0.0001$) decrease in the mean total lung lesion score was observed in the enrofloxacin-treated group (4%) compared with the saline-treated group (27%) at 10 days post-treatment. In two field studies evaluating effectiveness for treatment of SRD, a total of 300 pigs with clinical signs of SRD (moderate depression, moderately increased respiratory rate, and a rectal temperature of $\geq 104^{\circ}\text{F}$) were enrolled and treated with enrofloxacin or saline. At 7 days post-treatment, the cure rate was statistically significantly higher at each site ($P < 0.0001$) in the enrofloxacin-treated groups (61.3% and 92%) compared with the saline-treated groups (26.7% and 33.3%). In one field study evaluating effectiveness for control of SRD, a group of 400 pigs in which $> 15\%$ had clinical signs of SRD (moderate depression score, moderately increased respiratory rate, and a rectal temperature of $\geq 104^{\circ}\text{F}$) was enrolled and treated with enrofloxacin or saline. At 7 days post-treatment, the cure rate was statistically significantly higher ($P < 0.0002$) in the enrofloxacin-treated group (70.0%) compared with the saline-treated group (48.5%). In addition to *M. hyopneumoniae*, *B. bronchiseptica* was also isolated in sufficient numbers from these field studies to be included in the SRD treatment and control indications.

The effectiveness of enrofloxacin for the control of colibacillosis associated with *E. coli* was evaluated in a multi-site natural infection field study. At each site, when at least 5% of the pigs were defined as “clinically affected” (presence of diarrhea and either depression or gauntness), all pigs were administered enrofloxacin as a single IM dose of 7.5 mg/kg BW or an equivalent dose volume of saline. At 7 days posttreatment, the success rate was statistically significantly higher ($P = 0.0350$) in the enrofloxacin-treated group (61.5%) compared with the saline-treated group (44.7%).

The effectiveness of enrofloxacin administered as a single IM dose of 7.5 mg/kg BW for the treatment and control of SRD or as a single SC dose of 7.5 mg/kg BW for the control of colibacillosis was confirmed by demonstrating comparable serum enrofloxacin concentrations following IM or SC injection into the neck of healthy male and female pigs.

TOXICOLOGY:

The oral LD50 for laboratory rats was greater than 5000 mg/kg of body weight. Ninety-day feeding studies in dogs and rats revealed no observable adverse effects at treatment rates of 3 and 40 mg/kg respectively. Chronic studies in rats and mice revealed no observable adverse effects at 5.3 and 323 mg/kg respectively. There was no evidence of carcinogenic effect in laboratory animal models. A two-generation rat reproduction study revealed no effect with 10 mg/kg treatments. No teratogenic effects were observed in rabbits at doses of 25 mg/kg or in rats at 50 mg/kg.

ANIMAL SAFETY:

Cattle: Safety studies were conducted in feeder calves using single doses of 5, 15 and 25 mg/kg for 15 consecutive days and 50 mg/kg for 5 consecutive days. No clinical signs of toxicity were observed when a dose of 5 mg/kg was administered for 15 days. Clinical signs of depression, incoordination and muscle fasciculation were observed in calves when doses of 15 or 25 mg/kg were administered for 10 to 15 days. Clinical signs of depression, inappetance and incoordination were observed when a dose of 50 mg/kg was administered for 3 days. No drug-related abnormalities in clinical pathology parameters were identified. No articular cartilage lesions were observed after examination of stifle joints from animals administered 25 mg/kg for 15 days.

A safety study was conducted in 23-day-old calves using doses of 5, 15 and 25 mg/kg for 15 consecutive days. No clinical signs of toxicity or changes in clinical pathology parameters were observed. No articular cartilage lesions were observed in the stifle joints at any dose level at 2 days and 9 days following 15 days of drug administration.

An injection site study conducted in feeder calves demonstrated that the formulation may induce a transient reaction in the subcutaneous tissue and underlying muscle. No painful responses to administration were observed.

Swine: Subcutaneous Safety: A safety study was conducted in 32 pigs weighing approximately 57 kg (125 lb) using single doses of 5, 15, or 25 mg/kg daily for 15 consecutive days. Incidental lameness of short duration was observed in all groups, including the saline-treated controls. Musculoskeletal stiffness was observed following the 15 and 25 mg/kg treatments with clinical signs appearing during the second week of treatment. Clinical signs of lameness improved after treatment ceased and most animals were clinically normal at necropsy.

A second study was conducted in two pigs weighing approximately 23 kg (50 lb), treated with 50 mg/kg for 5 consecutive days. There were no clinical signs of toxicity or pathological changes.

An injection site study conducted in pigs demonstrated that the formulation may induce a transient reaction in the subcutaneous tissue. No painful responses to administration were observed.

Intramuscular Safety: A safety study was conducted in 48 weaned, 20- to 22-day-old pigs. Pigs were administered enrofloxacin, at 7.5, 22.5 and 37.5 mg/kg BW by IM injection into the neck once weekly for 3 consecutive weeks. All pigs remained clinically normal throughout the study. Transient decreases in feed and water consumption were observed after each treatment. Mild, transient, post-treatment injection site swellings were observed in pigs receiving the 37.5 mg/kg BW dose. Injection site inflammation was found on post-mortem examination in all enrofloxacin-treated groups.

STORAGE CONDITIONS:

Protect from direct sunlight. Do not refrigerate or freeze. Store at 20°C to 25°C (68°F to 77°F), with an excursion permitted between 15°C and 30°C (between 59°F and 86°F). Precipitation may occur due to cold temperature. To re-dissolve, warm and then shake the vial.

HOW SUPPLIED:

EnroPro™ 100:
100 mg/mL-100 mL Bottle
100 mg/mL-250 mL Bottle
100 mg/mL-500 mL Bottle

REFERENCES:

1. Hooper, D.C., Wolfson, J.S., Quinolone Antimicrobial Agents, 2nd ed, 59-75, 1993.

For customer service or to obtain product information, including a Safety Data Sheet and for medical emergencies or to report adverse reactions call 1-844-227-6687.

Approved by FDA under ANADA # 200-765

Manufactured for:

Cronus Pharma LLC,
East Brunswick, NJ 08816.
Contact No: 1-844-227-6687, (1-844-2-CRONUS)
Code: 4206162/TS/DRUGS/2023
Made in India

August 2024

Principal Display Panel:

NDC 69043-048-10

EnroPro™ 100
(enrofloxacin)

100 mg/mL

Antimicrobial

Injectable Solution

For Subcutaneous Use In Beef Cattle And Non-Lactating Dairy Cattle

For Intramuscular Or Subcutaneous Use In Swine

Not For Use In Female Dairy Cattle 20 Months Of Age Or Older Or In Calves To Be Processed For Veal

CAUTION: Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

Federal law prohibits the extra-label use of this drug in food-producing animals.

To assure responsible antimicrobial drug use, enrofloxacin should only be used as a second-line drug for colibacillosis in swine following consideration of other therapeutic options.

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100 mL



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(enrofloxacin)

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INDICATIONS:

Cattle: EnroPro™ 100 is indicated in beef and non-lactating dairy cattle for:
Single-Dose Therapy: The treatment of bovine respiratory disease (BRD) associated with *Mannheimia haemolytica*, *Pasteurella multocida*, *Histophilus somni* and *Mycoplasma bovis* in beef and non-lactating dairy cattle; and for the control of BRD in beef and non-lactating dairy cattle at high risk of developing BRD associated with *M. haemolytica*, *P. multocida*, *H. somni* and *M. bovis*.
Multiple-Day Therapy: The treatment of bovine respiratory disease (BRD) associated with *Mannheimia haemolytica*, *Pasteurella multocida* and *Histophilus somni* in beef and non-lactating dairy cattle.

Swine: EnroPro™ 100 is indicated for:

The treatment and control of swine respiratory disease (SRD) associated with *Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae*, *Pasteurella multocida*, *Haemophilus parasuis*, *Streptococcus suis*, *Bordetella bronchiseptica* and *Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae*. The control of colibacillosis in groups or pens of weaned pigs where colibacillosis associated with *Escherichia coli* has been diagnosed.

CONTAINS PER mL: Enrofloxacin 100 mg, Excipients: L-arginine base 200 mg, n-butyl alcohol 30 mg, benzylalcohol (as a preservative) 20 mg and water for injection q.s.

Use within 30 days of first puncture and puncture a maximum of 30 times. If more than 30 punctures are anticipated, the use of multi-dosing equipment is recommended. When using a draw-off spike or needle with bore diameter larger than 16-gauge, discard any product remaining in the vial immediately after use.

RESIDUE WARNINGS:

Cattle: Animals intended for human consumption must not be slaughtered within 28 days from the last treatment. This product is not approved for female dairy cattle 20 months of age or older, including dry dairy cows. Use in these cattle may cause drug residues in milk and/or in calves born to these cows. A withdrawal period has not been established for this product in pre-weaning calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal.
Swine: Animals intended for human consumption must not be slaughtered within 5 days of receiving a single-injection dose.

HUMAN WARNINGS: Not for use in humans. Keep out of reach of children. See package insert. To report suspected adverse drug events, for technical assistance or to obtain a copy of the SDS, contact Cronus Pharma LLC at 1-844-227-6687 or 1-844-2-CRONUS. For additional information about adverse drug experience reporting for animal drugs, contact FDA at 1-888-364-6773 or online at www.fda.gov/medwatch

STORAGE CONDITIONS: Protect from direct sunlight. Do not refrigerate or freeze. Store at 20°C to 25°C (68°F to 77°F), with an excursion permitted between 15°C and 30°C (between 59°F and 86°F). Precipitation may occur due to cold temperature. To re-dissolve, warm and then shake the vial.

Read package insert carefully for complete details.

NDC 69043-048-10

EnroPro™ 100

(enrofloxacin)

100 mg/mL

Antimicrobial
Injectable Solution

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION:

Cattle:

Single-Dose Therapy (BRD Treatment): Administer, by subcutaneous injection, a single dose of 7.5-12.5 mg/kg of body weight (3.4 – 5.7 mL/100 lb).

Multiple-Day Therapy (BRD Treatment): Administer daily, a subcutaneous dose of 2.5-5 mg/kg of body weight (1.1-2.3 mL/100 lb). Treatment should be repeated at 24 hour intervals for three days. Additional treatments may be given on Days 4 and 5 to animals that have shown clinical improvement but not total recovery.

Single-Dose Therapy (BRD Control):

Administer, by subcutaneous injection, a single dose of 7.5 mg/kg of body weight (3.4 mL/100 lb). See insert for examples of conditions that contribute to high risk.

Administered dose volume should not exceed 20 mL per injection site.

Swine: Administer, either by intramuscular or subcutaneous (behind the ear) injection, a single dose of 7.5 mg/kg of body weight (3.4 mL/100 lb). Administered dose volume should not exceed 5 mL per injection site.

For the control of colibacillosis, administration should be initiated within the first 60 days post-weaning when clinical signs are present in at least 2% of the animals in the group.

See package insert for full dosage and administration information.



CCC04810-01

EnroPro™ 100
Dose and Treatment Schedule for Cattle*

Weight (lb)	Treatment		Control
	Single-Dose Therapy 7.5–12.5 mg/kg Dose Volume (mL)	Multiple-Day Therapy 2.5–5.0 mg/kg Dose Volume (mL)	Single-Dose Therapy 7.5 mg/kg Dose Volume (mL)
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200	7.0–11.0	2.5–4.5	7.0
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400	14.0–22.5	4.5–9.0	14.0
500	17.0–28.5	5.5–11.5	17.0
600	20.5–34.0	7.0–13.5	20.5
700	24.0–39.5	8.0–16.0	24.0
800	27.5–45.5	9.0–18.0	27.5
900	31.0–51.0	10.0–20.5	31.0
1000	34.0–57.0	11.0–23.0	34.0
1100	37.5–62.5	12.5–25.0	37.5

*Dose volumes have been rounded to the nearest 0.5 mL within the dose range.

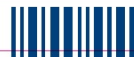
EnroPro™ 100
Dose Schedule for Swine

Weight (lb)	Dose volume (mL)
15	0.5
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50	1.7
100	3.4
150	5.1
200	6.8
250	8.5

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Exp:



Principal Display Panel:

NDC 69043-048-25

EnroPro™ 100

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250 mL

Cronus
Pharma
250 mL

Injectable Solution
Antimicrobial
100 mg/mL
(enrofloxacin)
EnroPro™ 100
NDC 69043-048-25

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EnroPro™ 100

(enrofloxacin)
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The treatment and control of swine respiratory disease (SRD) associated with *Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae*, *Pasteurella multocida*, *Haemophilus parasuis*, *Streptococcus suis*, *Bordetella bronchiseptica* and *Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae*. The control of colibacillosis in groups or pens of weaned pigs where colibacillosis associated with *Escherichia coli* has been diagnosed.

CONTAINS PER mL: Enrofloxacin 100 mg, Excipients: L-arginine base 200 mg, n-butyl alcohol 30 mg, benzyl alcohol (as a preservative) 20 mg and water for injection q.s.

Use within 30 days of first puncture and puncture a maximum of 30 times. If more than 30 punctures are anticipated, the use of multi-dosing equipment is recommended. When using a draw-off spike or needle with bore diameter larger than 18-gauge, discard any product remaining in the vial immediately after use.

RESIDUE WARNINGS:

Cattle: Animals intended for human consumption must not be slaughtered within 28 days from the last treatment. This product is not approved for female dairy cattle 20 months of age or older, including dry dairy cows. Use in these cattle may cause drug residues in milk and/or in calves born to these cows. A withdrawal period has not been established for this product in pre-weaning calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal.

Swine: Animals intended for human consumption must not be slaughtered within 5 days of receiving a single injection dose.

HUMAN WARNINGS: Not for use in humans. Keep out of reach of children. See package insert. To report suspected adverse drug events, for technical assistance or to obtain a copy of the SDS, contact Cronus Pharma LLC at 1-844-227-6687 or 1-844-2-CRONUS. For additional information about adverse drug experience reporting for animal drugs, contact FDA at 1-888-FDA-VETS or online at www.fda.gov/reportanimal

STORAGE CONDITIONS:

Protect from direct sunlight. Do not refrigerate or freeze. Store at 20°C to 25°C (68°F to 77°F), with an excursion permitted between 15°C and 30°C (between 59°F and 86°F). Precipitation may occur due to cold temperature. To re-dissolve, warm and then shake the vial.

Read package insert carefully for complete details.

NDC 69043-048-25

EnroPro™ 100

(enrofloxacin)
100 mg/mL
Antimicrobial
Injectable Solution



INDICATIONS:

Cattle:
Single-Dose Therapy (BRD Treatment): Administer, by subcutaneous injection, a single dose of 7.5-12.5 mg/kg of body weight (3.4 – 5.7 mL/100 lb).

Multiple-Day Therapy (BRD Treatment):
Administer daily, a subcutaneous dose of 2.5-5 mg/kg of body weight (1.1-2.3 mL/100 lb). Treatment should be repeated at 24 hour intervals for three days. Additional treatments may be given on Days 4 and 5 to animals that have shown clinical improvement but not total recovery.

Single-Dose Therapy (BRD Control):
Administer, by subcutaneous injection, a single dose of 7.5 mg/kg of body weight (3.4 mL/100 lb). See insert for examples of conditions that contribute to high risk.

Administered dose volume should not exceed 20 mL per injection site.

Swine: Administer, either by intramuscular or subcutaneous (behind the ear) injection, a single dose of 7.5 mg/kg of body weight (3.4 mL/100 lb). Administered dose volume should not exceed 5 mL per injection site.

For the control of colibacillosis, administration should be initiated within the first 60 days post-weaning when clinical signs are present in at least 2% of the animals in the group.

See package insert for full dosage and administration information.

250 mL

Cronus
Pharma

CCC04825-01

**EnroPro™ 100
Dose and Treatment Schedule for Cattle***

Weight (lb)	Treatment		Control Single-Dose Therapy 7.5 mg/kg Dose Volume (mL)
	Single-Dose Therapy 7.5-12.5 mg/kg Dose Volume (mL)	Multiple-Day Therapy 2.5-5.0 mg/kg Dose Volume (mL)	
100	3.5 - 5.5	1.5 - 2.0	3.5
200	7.0 - 11.0	2.5 - 4.5	7.0
300	10.5 - 17.0	3.5 - 6.5	10.5
400	14.0 - 22.5	4.5 - 9.0	14.0
500	17.0 - 28.5	5.5 - 11.5	17.0
600	20.5 - 34.0	7.0 - 13.5	20.5
700	24.0 - 39.5	8.0 - 16.0	24.0
800	27.5 - 45.5	9.0 - 18.0	27.5
900	31.0 - 51.0	10.0 - 20.5	31.0
1000	34.0 - 57.0	11.0 - 23.0	34.0
1100	37.5 - 62.5	12.5 - 25.0	37.5

*Dose volumes have been rounded to the nearest 0.5 mL within the dose range.

**EnroPro™ 100
Dose Schedule for Swine**

Weight (lb)	Dose volume (mL)
15	0.5
30	1.0
50	1.7
100	3.4
150	5.1
200	6.8
250	8.5

Lot:

Un Varnished area for
coding 62 x 40 mm

Exp:



Principal Display Panel:

NDC 69043-048-50

EnroPro™ 100

(enrofloxacin)

100 mg/mL

Antimicrobial Injectable Solution

For Subcutaneous Use In Beef Cattle And Non-Lactating Dairy Cattle

For Intramuscular Or Subcutaneous Use In Swine

Not For Use In Female Dairy Cattle 20 Months Of Age Or Older Or In Calves To Be Processed For Veal

CAUTION: Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

Federal law prohibits the extra-label use of this drug in food-producing animals.

To assure responsible antimicrobial drug use, enrofloxacin should only be used as a second-line drug for colibacillosis in swine following consideration of other therapeutic options.

Manufactured for:

Cronus Pharma LLC,

East Brunswick, NJ 08816.

Contact No: 1-844-227-6687

(1-844-2-CRONUS)

Made in India

Code: 4206162/TS/DRUGS/2023

Revised: 07/2024

Approved by FDA under ANADA # 200-765

500 mL



500 mL

Injectable Solution
Antimicrobial
100 mg/mL
(enrofloxacin)
EnroPro™ 100



NDC 69043-048-50

NDC 69043-048-50

EnroPro™ 100

(enrofloxacin)
100 mg/mL
Antimicrobial
Injectable Solution



For Subcutaneous Use In Beef Cattle And Non-Lactating Dairy Cattle

For Intramuscular Or Subcutaneous Use In Swine
Not For Use In Female Dairy Cattle 20 Months Of Age Or Older Or In Calves To Be Processed For Veal

CAUTION: Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

Federal law prohibits the extra-label use of this drug in food-producing animals.

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Manufactured by:
Cronus Pharma LLC,
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Contact No: 1-844-227-6687
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Made in India

Code: 4206162/TS/DRUGS/2023

Revised: 07/2024

Approved by FDA under ANADA # 200-765

500 mL



INDICATIONS:

Cattle: EnroPro™ 100 is indicated in beef and non-lactating dairy cattle for:

Single-Dose Therapy: The treatment of bovine respiratory disease (BRD) associated with *Mannheimia haemolytica*, *Pasteurella multocida*, *Histophilus somni* and *Mycoplasma bovis* in beef and non-lactating dairy cattle; and for the control of BRD in beef and non-lactating dairy cattle at high risk of developing BRD associated with *M. haemolytica*, *P. multocida*, *H. somni* and *M. bovis*.

Multiple-Day Therapy: The treatment of bovine respiratory disease (BRD) associated with *Mannheimia haemolytica*, *Pasteurella multocida* and *Histophilus somni* in beef and non-lactating dairy cattle.

Swine: EnroPro™ 100 is indicated for:

The treatment and control of swine respiratory disease (SRD) associated with *Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae*, *Pasteurella multocida*, *Haemophilus parasuis*, *Campylobacter coli*, *Bordetella bronchiseptica* and *Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae*. The control of colibacillosis in groups or pens of weaned pigs where colibacillosis associated with *Escherichia coli* has been diagnosed.

CONTAINS PER mL: Enrofloxacin 100 mg, Excipients: L-arginine base 200 mg, n-butyl alcohol 30 mg, benzyl alcohol (as a preservative) 20 mg and water for injection q.s.

Use within 30 days of first puncture and puncture a maximum of 30 times. If more than 30 punctures are anticipated, the use of multi-dosing equipment is recommended. When using a draw-off spike or needle with bore diameter larger than 1/6-gauge, discard any product remaining in the vial immediately after use.

RESIDUE WARNINGS:

Cattle: Animals intended for human consumption must not be slaughtered within 28 days from the last treatment. This product is not approved for female dairy cattle 20 months of age or older, including dry dairy cows. Use in these cattle may cause drug residues in milk and/or in calves born to these cows. A withdrawal period has not been established for this product in pre-urinating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal.

Swine: Animals intended for human consumption must not be slaughtered within 5 days of receiving a single injection dose.

HUMAN WARNINGS: Not for use in humans. Keep out of reach of children. See package insert. To report suspected adverse drug events, for technical assistance or to obtain a copy of the SDS, contact Cronus Pharma LLC at 1-844-227-6687 or 1-844-2-CRONUS. For additional information about adverse drug experience reporting for animal drugs, contact FDA at 1-888-FDA-VETS or online at www.fda.gov/reportanimalad

STORAGE CONDITIONS:

Protect from direct sunlight. Do not refrigerate or freeze. Store at 20°C to 25°C (68°F to 77°F), with an excursion permitted between 15°C and 30°C (between 59°F and 86°F). Precipitation may occur due to cold temperature. To re-dissolve, warm and then shake the vial.

Read package insert carefully for complete details.

NDC 69043-048-50

EnroPro™ 100

(enrofloxacin)
100 mg/mL
Antimicrobial
Injectable Solution



DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION:

Cattle:

Single-Dose Therapy (BRD Treatment): Administer, by subcutaneous injection, a single dose of 7.5-12.5 mg/kg of body weight (3.4 – 5.7 mL/100 lb).

Multiple-Day Therapy (BRD Treatment): Administer daily, a subcutaneous dose of 2.5-5 mg/kg of body weight (1.1-2.3 mL/100 lb). Treatment should be repeated at 24 hour intervals for three days. Additional treatments may be given on Days 4 and 5 to animals that have shown clinical improvement but not total recovery.

Single-Dose Therapy (BRD Control):

Administer, by subcutaneous injection, a single dose of 7.5 mg/kg of body weight (3.4 mL/100 lb). See insert for examples of conditions that contribute to high risk.

Administered dose volume should not exceed 20 mL per injection site.

Swine: Administer, either by intramuscular or subcutaneous (behind the ear) injection, a single dose of 7.5 mg/kg of body weight (3.4 mL/100 lb). Administered dose volume should not exceed 5 mL per injection site. For the control of colibacillosis, administration should be initiated within the first 60 days post-weaning when clinical signs are present in at least 2% of the animals in the group.

See package insert for full dosage and administration information.

500 mL



CCC04850-01

**EnroPro™ 100
Dose and Treatment Schedule for Cattle***

Weight (lb)	Treatment		Single-Dose Therapy 7.5 mg/kg Dose Volume (mL)
	Single-Dose Therapy 7.5-12.5 mg/kg Dose Volume (mL)	Multiple-Day Therapy 2.5-5.0 mg/kg Dose Volume (mL)	
100	3.5-6.5	1.5-2.0	3.5
200	7.0-11.0	2.5-4.5	7.0
300	10.5-17.0	3.5-6.5	10.5
400	14.0-22.5	4.5-9.0	14.0
500	17.0-28.5	5.5-11.5	17.0
600	20.5-34.0	7.0-13.5	20.5
700	24.0-39.5	8.0-16.0	24.0
800	27.5-45.5	9.0-18.0	27.5
900	31.0-51.0	10.0-20.5	31.0
1000	34.0-57.0	11.0-23.0	34.0
1100	37.5-62.5	12.5-25.0	37.5

*Dose volumes have been rounded to the nearest 0.5 mL within the dose range.

**EnroPro™ 100
Dose Schedule for Swine**

Weight (lb)	Dose volume (mL)
15	0.5
30	1.0
50	1.7
100	3.4
150	5.1
200	6.8
250	8.5

Lot:

Un Varnished area for coding 72 x 46 mm

Exp:



3 69043 04850 0



ENROPRO 100

enrofloxacin injection, solution

Product Information

Product Type

PRESCRIPTION ANIMAL DRUG

Item Code (Source)

NDC:69043-048

Route of Administration

SUBCUTANEOUS, INTRAMUSCULAR

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
ENROFLOXACIN (UNII: 3DX3XEK1BN) (ENROFLOXACIN - UNII:3DX3XEK1BN)	ENROFLOXACIN	100 mg in 1 mL

Product Characteristics

Color	yellow	Score	
Shape		Size	
Flavor		Imprint Code	
Contains			

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:69043-048-10	1 in 1 CARTON		
1		100 mL in 1 BOTTLE		
2	NDC:69043-048-25	1 in 1 CARTON		
2		250 mL in 1 BOTTLE		
3	NDC:69043-048-50	1 in 1 CARTON		
3		500 mL in 1 BOTTLE		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANADA	ANADA200765	03/01/2025	

Labeler - Cronus Pharma LLC (079421067)

Revised: 2/2025

Cronus Pharma LLC