

HYOSCYAMINE SULFATE- hyoscyamine sulfate tablet **NCS HealthCare of KY, LLC dba Vanguard Labs**

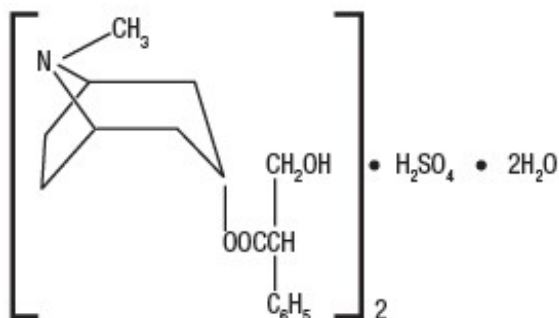
Disclaimer: This drug has not been found by FDA to be safe and effective, and this labeling has not been approved by FDA. For further information about unapproved drugs, click here.

Hyoscyamine Sulfate Sublingual Tablets

DESCRIPTION

Hyoscyamine Sulfate Sublingual Tablets contain 0.125 mg hyoscyamine sulfate formulated for sublingual administration. However, the tablets may be chewed or taken orally.

Hyoscyamine sulfate is one of the principal anticholinergic/antispasmodic components of belladonna alkaloids. The empirical formula is $(C_{17}H_{23}NO_3)_2 \cdot H_2SO_4 \cdot 2H_2O$ and the molecular weight is 712.85. Chemically, it is benzeneacetic acid, α -(hydroxymethyl)-, 8-methyl-8-azabicyclo [3.2.1] oct-3-yl ester, [3(S)-endo]-, sulfate (2:1), dihydrate with the following structure:



Each tablet also contains as inactive ingredients: colloidal silicon dioxide, crospovidone, magnesium stearate, mannitol, sorbitol and flavor.

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Hyoscyamine sulfate inhibits specifically the actions of acetylcholine on structures innervated by postganglionic cholinergic nerves and on smooth muscles that respond to acetylcholine but lack cholinergic innervation. These peripheral cholinergic receptors are present in the autonomic effector cells of the smooth muscle, cardiac muscle, the sinoatrial node, the atrioventricular node and the exocrine glands. At therapeutic doses, it is completely devoid of any action on the autonomic ganglia. Hyoscyamine sulfate inhibits gastrointestinal propulsive motility and decreases gastric acid secretion. Hyoscyamine sulfate also controls excessive pharyngeal, tracheal and bronchial secretions.

Hyoscyamine sulfate is absorbed totally and completely by oral administration. Once absorbed, hyoscyamine sulfate disappears rapidly from the blood and is distributed

throughout the entire body. The half-life of hyoscyamine sulfate is 2 to 3 1/2 hours. Hyoscyamine sulfate is partly hydrolyzed to tropic acid and tropine but the majority of the drug is excreted in the urine unchanged within the first 12 hours. Only traces of this drug are found in breast milk. Hyoscyamine sulfate passes the blood brain barrier and the placental barrier. The tablets can be taken orally with the same pharmacological effects occurring; however, the effects may not occur as rapidly as with sublingual administration.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

Hyoscyamine Sulfate Sublingual Tablets are effective as adjunctive therapy in the treatment of peptic ulcer. They can also be used to control gastric secretions, visceral spasm and hypermotility in spastic colitis, spastic bladder, cystitis, pylorospasm and associated abdominal cramps. May be used in functional intestinal disorders to reduce symptoms such as those seen in mild dysenteries, diverticulitis and acute enterocolitis. For use as adjunctive therapy in the treatment of irritable bowel syndrome (irritable colon, spastic colon, mucous colitis) and functional gastrointestinal disorders. Also used as adjunctive therapy in the treatment of neurogenic bladder and neurogenic bowel disturbances (including the splenic flexure syndrome and neurogenic colon). Hyoscyamine Sulfate Sublingual Tablets are indicated along with morphine or other narcotics in symptomatic relief of biliary and renal colic; as a "drying agent" in the relief of symptoms of acute rhinitis; in the therapy of parkinsonism to reduce rigidity and tremors and to control associated sialorrhea and hyperhidrosis. May be used in the therapy of poisoning by anticholinesterase agents.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Glaucoma; obstructive uropathy (for example, bladder neck obstruction due to prostatic hypertrophy); obstructive disease of the gastrointestinal tract (as in achalasia, pyloroduodenal stenosis); paralytic ileus, intestinal atony of elderly or debilitated patients; unstable cardiovascular status in acute hemorrhage; severe ulcerative colitis; toxic megacolon complicating ulcerative colitis; myasthenia gravis.

WARNINGS

In the presence of high environmental temperature, heat prostration can occur with drug use (fever and heat stroke due to decreased sweating). Diarrhea may be an early symptom of incomplete intestinal obstruction, especially in patients with ileostomy or colostomy. In this instance, treatment with this drug would be inappropriate and possibly harmful. Like other anticholinergic agents, hyoscyamine sulfate may produce drowsiness, dizziness or blurred vision. In this event, the patient should be warned not to engage in activities requiring mental alertness such as operating a motor vehicle or other machinery or to perform hazardous work while taking this drug.

Psychosis has been reported in sensitive individuals given anticholinergic drugs including hyoscyamine sulfate. CNS signs and symptoms include confusion, disorientation, short-term memory loss, hallucinations, dysarthria, ataxia, coma, euphoria, anxiety, decreased anxiety, fatigue, insomnia, agitation and mannerisms and inappropriate affect. These CNS signs and symptoms usually resolve within 12 to 48 hours after discontinuation of

the drug.

PRECAUTIONS

General

Use with caution in patients with: autonomic neuropathy, hyperthyroidism, coronary heart disease, congestive heart failure, cardiac arrhythmias, hypertension and renal disease. Investigate any tachycardia before giving any anticholinergic drugs since they may increase the heart rate. Use with caution in patients with hiatal hernia associated with reflux esophagitis.

Information for Patients

Like other anticholinergic agents, hyoscyamine sulfate may produce drowsiness, dizziness or blurred vision. In this event, the patient should be warned not to engage in activities requiring mental alertness such as operating a motor vehicle or other machinery or to perform hazardous work while taking this drug.

Use of hyoscyamine sulfate may decrease sweating resulting in heat prostration, fever or heat stroke; febrile patients or those who may be exposed to elevated environmental temperatures should use caution.

Drug Interactions

Additive adverse effects resulting from cholinergic blockade may occur when hyoscyamine sulfate is administered concomitantly with other antimuscarinics, amantadine, haloperidol, phenothiazines, monoamine oxidase (MAO) inhibitors, tricyclic antidepressants or some antihistamines.

Antacids may interfere with the absorption of hyoscyamine sulfate. Administer Hyoscyamine Sulfate Sublingual Tablets before meals; antacids after meals.

Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility

No long-term studies in animals have been performed to determine the carcinogenic, mutagenic or impairment of fertility potential of hyoscyamine sulfate; however, 40 years of marketing experience with hyoscyamine sulfate shows no demonstrable evidence of a problem.

Pregnancy

Animal reproduction studies have not been conducted with hyoscyamine sulfate. It is also not known whether hyoscyamine sulfate can cause fetal harm when administered to a pregnant woman or can affect reproduction capacity. Hyoscyamine Sulfate Sublingual Tablets should be given to a pregnant woman only if clearly needed.

Nursing Mothers

Hyoscyamine sulfate is excreted in human milk. Caution should be exercised when Hyoscyamine Sulfate Sublingual Tablets are administered to a nursing woman.

Geriatric Use

Reported clinical experience has not identified differences in safety between patients aged 65 and over and younger patients. In general, dose selection for an elderly patient should be cautious, usually starting at the low end of the dosing range, reflecting the greater frequency of decreased hepatic, renal, or cardiac function and of concomitant disease or other drug therapy.

This drug is known to be substantially excreted by the kidney, and the risk of toxic reactions to this drug may be greater in patients with impaired renal function. Because elderly patients are more likely to have decreased renal function, care should be taken in dose selection, and it may be useful to monitor renal function.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

The following adverse reactions have been reported for hyoscyamine sulfate and for pharmacologically similar drugs with anticholinergic/antispasmodic action. Adverse reactions may include dryness of the mouth; urinary hesitancy and retention; blurred vision; tachycardia; palpitations; mydriasis; cycloplegia; increased ocular tension; loss of taste; headache; nervousness; drowsiness; weakness; fatigue; dizziness; insomnia; nausea; vomiting; impotence; suppression of lactation; constipation; bloated feeling; abdominal pain; diarrhea; allergic reactions or drug idiosyncrasies; urticaria and other dermal manifestations; ataxia; speech disturbance; some degree of mental confusion and/or excitement (especially in elderly persons); short-term memory loss; hallucinations; and decreased sweating.

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact ANI Pharmaceuticals, Inc. at 1-800-308-6755 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch.

OVERDOSAGE

The signs and symptoms of overdose are headache, nausea, vomiting, blurred vision, dilated pupils, hot dry skin, dizziness, dryness of the mouth, difficulty in swallowing and CNS stimulation.

Measures to be taken are immediate lavage of the stomach and injection of physostigmine 0.5 to 2 mg intravenously and repeated as necessary up to a total of 5 mg. Fever may be treated symptomatically (tepid water sponge baths, hypothermic blanket). Excitement to a degree which demands attention may be managed with sodium thiopental 2% solution given slowly intravenously or chloral hydrate (100-200 mL of a 2% solution) by rectal infusion. In the event of progression of the curare-like effect to paralysis of the respiratory muscles, artificial respiration should be instituted and maintained until effective respiratory action returns.

In rats, the LD₅₀ for hyoscyamine is 375 mg/kg. Hyoscyamine sulfate is dialyzable.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

Dosage may be adjusted according to the conditions and severity of symptoms. The tablets may be taken sublingually, orally or chewed.

Adults and pediatric patients 12 years of age and older: 1 to 2 tablets every four hours or as needed. Do not exceed 12 tablets in 24 hours.

Pediatric patients 2 to under 12 years of age: 1/2 to 1 tablet every four hours or as needed. Do not exceed 6 tablets in 24 hours.

HOW SUPPLIED

Hyoscyamine Sulfate Sublingual Tablets, 0.125 mg are white, round, flat-faced, beveled edge, mint flavored tablets debossed with “CL” on one side and “11” on the other.

Blistercards of 30 NDC 0615-8554-39

Store at controlled room temperature 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F); excursion permitted to 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F). Please refer to current USP.

Dispense in tight, light-resistant containers as defined in USP/NF with a child-resistant closure.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Distributed by:
ANI Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
Baudette, MN 56623



10698 Rev 12/23

PACKAGE/LABEL PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL



VG NDC 0615-8554-39

Hyoscyamine Sulfate
Sublingual Tablets
0.125 mg

LOT 8554-

EXP

QTY 30

Rx only

(ANI Pharmaceuticals NDC 62559-424-01)

Hyoscyamine Sulfate
Sublingual Tablets 0.125 mg

8554-AA-39 v00

Mfg By ANI
Pharmaceuticals
(NDC 62559-424-01)
PKG BY VANJAARD
GLASGOW, KY 42141

			16	8
30	23			7
29	22		14	6
28	21		13	5
27	20		12	4
26	19		11	3
25	18		10	2
	24	17	9	1



The overall configuration of this package is a trademark of Omnicare, Inc.

Received: _____

31	23	15	7
30	22	14	6
29	21	13	5
28	20	12	4
27	19	11	3
26	18	10	2
25	17	9	1

Start Date _____ Start Time _____

Each Sublingual Tablet Contains:
0.125 mg hyoscyamine sulfate, USP.

Store at controlled room temperature
20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F); excursions
permitted to 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F).
Please refer to the current USP.

Usual Dosage: See package insert for full
prescribing information.

FOR INSTITUTIONAL USE ONLY

<p>Pkg by Vangard, Glasgow, KY 42141 Hyoscyamine Sulfate Sublingual Tablet 0.125 mg</p> <p>LOT 8554- </p>	<p>Pkg by Vangard, Glasgow, KY 42141 Hyoscyamine Sulfate Sublingual Tablet 0.125 mg</p> <p>LOT 8554- </p>	<p>Pkg by Vangard, Glasgow, KY 42141 Hyoscyamine Sulfate Sublingual Tablet 0.125 mg</p> <p>LOT 8554- </p>	<p>8554-AA-B-V00 Vangard Labs Glasgow, KY 42141</p> <p>LOT 8554- </p>
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HYOSCYAMINE SULFATE

hyoscyamine sulfate tablet

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:0615-8554(NDC:62559-424)
Route of Administration	SUBLINGUAL		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
HYOSCYAMINE SULFATE (UNII: F2R8V82B84) (HYOSCYAMINE - UNII:PX44XO846X)	HYOSCYAMINE SULFATE	0.125 mg

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
SILICON DIOXIDE (UNII: ETJ7Z6XBU4)	
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6130)	

MANNITOL (UNII: 3OWL53L36A)	
SORBITOL (UNII: 506T60A25R)	
CROSPROVIDONE (UNII: 2S7830E561)	

Product Characteristics

Color	white	Score	no score
Shape	ROUND	Size	6mm
Flavor	MINT	Imprint Code	CL;11
Contains			

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:0615-8554-39	30 in 1 BLISTER PACK; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	11/07/2024	

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
unapproved drug other		02/15/2024	

Labeler - NCS HealthCare of KY, LLC dba Vanguard Labs (050052943)

Establishment

Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
NCS HealthCare of KY, LLC dba Vanguard Labs		050052943	repack(0615-8554)

Revised: 11/2024

NCS HealthCare of KY, LLC dba Vanguard Labs