

#### Regulatory Education for Industry (REdI): Focus on CGMPs & FDA Inspections

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# What To Expect When Being Inspected

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Facility Reviewer Division of Inspectional Assessment Office of Process and Facilities



- Types of inspections
- How investigators prepare for the inspection
- The FDA inspection begins...
- The FDA inspection ends...
- Questions



# What are your biggest concerns about a FDA Inspection? (select top 3)

View Votes	Edit	nd Poll
What are your biggest concerns about a FDA Inspection? (select top 3)	N	
Non-compliance with CGMPs	0%	(0)
Won't know the answers to the investigator's questions	0%	(0)
Won't have complete documentation	0%	(0)
Which investigator will conduct the inspection (i.e. lack of consistency of inspectional approach between investigators)	0%	(0)
Will not be prepared when FDA comes to inspect	0%	(0)



### Four Major CGMP Inspections

- 1. Pre-approval\*
- 2. Post-approval\*
- **3. Surveillance (CGMP, routine)\***

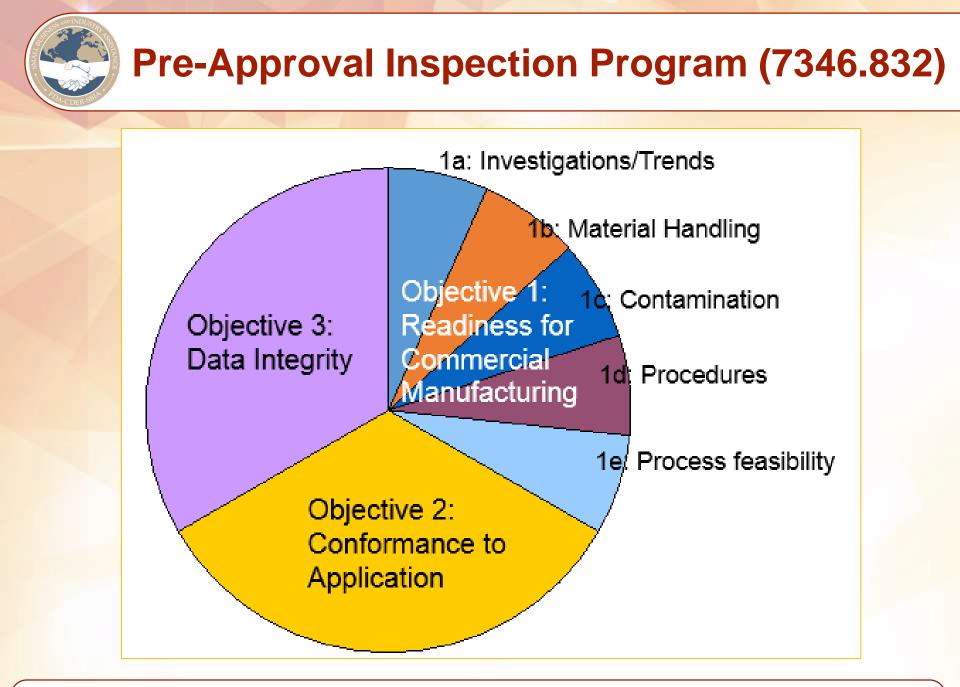
# 4. For-cause or directed\*\*

\*1-3 have compliance programs and FDA's procedures are available on the web

\*\*For cause/directed are the most unscripted ... is harder to prepare for and the investigator may have a specific assignment that is not publicly available



A pre-approval inspection (PAI) is performed to contribute to FDA's assurance that a manufacturing establishment named in a drug application is capable of manufacturing a drug, and that submitted data are accurate and complete.





- Inspection of products marketed under a recently approved application
- Monitor for changes in the production and control practices that occur after approval (6-24 months)
- Assignments issued by CDER based on recommendations and risk
- Coverage is based on reason for inspection (preapproval inspection, past history...)

### Surveillance Inspections (7356.002)

#### CP7356.002 "Drug Manufacturing Inspections"

**Covers both domestic and international inspections** 

Increased use of question-based inspection programs to focus and ensure consistent coverage regardless of location FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
COMPLIANCE PROGRAM GUIDANCE MANUAL PROGRAM
7356.802

SUBJECT: DRUG MANUFACTURING INSPECTIONS		IMPLEMENTATION DATE 2/1/2002	
		COMPLETION DATE Continuing	
1	DATA REPORTING		
PRODUCT CODES	PRODUCT/ASSIGNMENT CODES		
All Human Drugs Industry codes: 10, 54-56, 59, 60-66	Domestic / Fonign Impections: 56002 56002A. Sterile products manufactum 56002B Rapockers and relateders 56002C Radinactive drugs 56002E Compressed medical gases 56002E Bulk pharmaceutical obervicels		

#### FIELD REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Forward a copy of each Establishment Inspection Report (EIR) for inspections classified as OAI due to COMP deficiencies as part of any regulatory aution recommendation infomitted to 16FD-2006. For all inspections that result in the issuance of a Warning Lister, forward an electronic copy of each letter to the Division of Manufacturing and Product Quality, Case Management and Guidance Bench (HED-325). An e-mail account has been established to receive capies of Warning Letters. The account n-mail address is CDERCOMPWL.

This program provides guidance in evaluating compliance with CGMP requirements. As seon as the District becomes aware of any significant impedional, analytical, or other information developed under this program that may affect the agency's new drug approval decisions with respect to a firm, the District should report the information immediately occording to current FAC1S procedures. This includes filing OAI notifications and removing the notifications.

DATE OF ISSUANCE: 21/200 FORM FDA 2426 (7/80) PWGE 1



#### **New Inspection Protocol Project (NIPP)**

- New paradigm for inspections and reports that will advance pharmaceutical quality
- Standardized approach to inspection
- Data gathering to inform "quality intelligence" of sites and products: both positive and negative behaviors
- Risk-based and rule-based process using expert questions
- Semi-quantitative scoring to allow for comparisons within and between sites
- More common inspection report structure



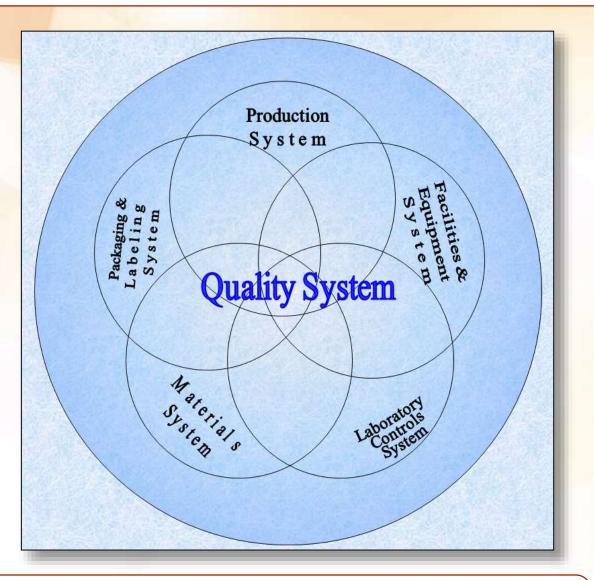
#### **Surveillance Inspections: Strategy**

- Activities in drug firms can be organized into systems that are sets of operations and related activities
- Control of all systems helps to ensure production of drugs that meet intended safety, identity, strength, quality and purity characteristics



# What are the systems?

- Quality
- Production
- Laboratory
- Materials
- Facilities & Equipment
- Packaging & Labeling





#### What are the Systems?

#### Six systems:

- Quality
- Facilities and Equipment
- Materials
- Production
- Packaging and Labeling
- Laboratory Controls

21 CFR 211:

- Subpart B Organization and Personnel
- Subpart C Buildings and Facilities
- Subpart D Equipment
- Subpart E Components and Container/Closures
- Subpart F Production and Process Controls
- Subpart G Packaging and Labeling
- Subpart I Laboratory



#### **Inspection of Systems**

- The inspection is defined as audit coverage of 2 or more systems, with <u>mandatory</u> coverage of the Quality System
- Different numbers of systems may be covered depending on the purpose of the inspection



#### **Inspection Options**

- Full inspection
  - Quality system plus three other systems
- Abbreviated inspection
  - Quality system plus one other system



#### **Full versus Abbreviated**

#### Full:

- Initial inspection
- History of noncompliance
- Significant changes
  - New technologies, equipment, facilities
- Follow-up to a W/L
- Revert to an Abbreviated Option with District Concurrence

#### **Abbreviated:**

- When not using the Full Inspection Option
- Surveillance inspections
- Adequate for routine coverage
- Rotate systems with the Abbreviated
   Option – District will monitor



#### **Abbreviated Inspection Option**

Abbreviated Inspection Option is meant to provide an efficient update evaluation of a firm's CGMP compliance.

**Generally done when:** 

- a firm has a record of satisfactory CGMP compliance
- with no significant recalls or product defects or field alert incidents
- with little shift in the manufacturing profiles of the firm within the previous two years



#### **For-cause and Directed inspections**

- Anything other than a routine inspection\*
- Investigate a specific problem that has come to FDA's attention:
  - NDA Field Alert report
  - Recall
  - Adverse event cluster (i.e. heparin)
  - or other "event"
- Generally the focus is on the specific event and the company response
- Determine state of control in a specific area of processing (i.e. verify correction of previous deficiencies)

\*Routine inspections are PAIs, post approval and surveillance



#### **Poll Question #2**

# What was the reason for your last FDA inspection?

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View Votes	Edit	End	Poll
What was the reason for your last FDA inspection?			
<ul> <li>Pre-approval inspection; your firm was named in the CMC section of A/NDA or BLA</li> </ul>		0%	(0)
O Post-approval inspection		0%	(0)
Surveillance inspection		0%	(0)
<ul> <li>For-cause; i.e. your firm had a recall or submitted an increased number FARs to the FDA recently</li> </ul>		0%	(0)
🔘 Not sure		0%	(0
Have not been inspected by the FDA, yet!		0%	(0)
No Vote			
	✓ Broadcast	Result	c



#### But what really happens ....





#### **FDA Inspections**

 An official examination of a facility to determine its compliance with laws and regulations administered by the FDA

- Are FACT finding
- Obtain EVIDENCE
- Are REGULATORY



#### **Authority to Enter and Inspect**

 Section 704(a) of the FD&C Act provides authority for FDA to conduct inspections.

"upon presenting appropriate credentials and a written notice to the owner, operator, or agent in charge."

Be reasonable (Time, Limits, Manner) in order to achieve the objective of the inspection



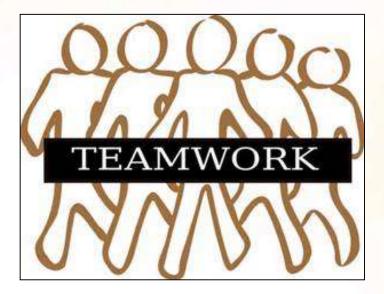
#### **Common FDA Inspection Forms**

- FDA-482 Notice of Inspection
- FDA-484 Receipt for Samples
- FDA-483 Inspectional Observations



## The inspection team

- Investigators
- Other Specialists
  - Chemistry Expert
  - Microbiology Expert
  - Process/Facility Expert
  - Formulation Expert



# **Preparing for an Inspection**

# Investigator(s) create an inspection plan based on the following information:

- Previous establishment inspection reports (EIRs)
- Previous FDA Form 483 observations
- Responses to FDA-483s and/or Warning Letters and related firm commitments
- Firm's website (including product literature, products manufactured, recent press releases, etc.)
- Consumer complaints, ADE's, Recalls, FARs since the last inspection

# A CORE AND A

# **Preparing for an Inspection**

- Review application or Drug Master File (DMF)
- Review guidance documents
- CGMPs and the FFDCA
- FDA compliance programs
- Investigations Operations Manual (IOM)
   Chapter 5 ESTABLISHMENT INSPECTIONS

http://intranet.ora.fda.gov/directives/cpgm/master\_list.htm



#### **Compliance Program Guidance Manuals**

#### Pre-approval:

7346.832/7352.832, Pre-Approval Inspections/Investigations

#### **Post-Approval/Surveillance:**

- 7346.843, Post-Approval Audit Inspections
- 7356.002, Drug Process Inspections (sub-programs follow...)
  - 7356.002A, Sterile Drug Process Inspections
  - 7356.002B, Drug Repackers and Relabelers
  - 7356.002C, Radioactive Drugs
  - 7356.002E, Compressed Medical Gases
  - 7356.002F, Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients Process Inspections
  - 7356.002M, Inspections of Licensed Biological Therapeutic Drug Products
  - 7356.002P, Positron Emission Tomography

http://www.fda.gov/Drugs/GuidanceComplianceRegulatoryInformation/ucm252671.htm



### "FDA Guide to Inspections of..."

- Topical Drug Products
- Pharmaceutical Quality Control Laboratories
- Validation of Cleaning Processes
- High Purity Water Systems
- Lyophilization of Parenterals
- Microbiological Pharmaceutical Quality Control Labs
- Dosage Form Drug Manufacturers CGMPs
- Solid Oral Dosage Forms Pre/Post Approval Issues
- Oral Solutions and Suspensions

http://www.fda.gov/ICECI/Inspections/default.htm

## "FDA Guidance for Industry"

- International Conference on Harmonization (ICH) Guidance
  - ICH Q7, Good Manufacturing Practice Guide for Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients
  - ICH Q8, Pharmaceutical Development
  - ICH Q9, Quality Risk Management
  - ICH Q10, Pharmaceutical Quality System
  - ICH Q11, Development and Manufacture of Drug Substances
- Sterile Drug Products Produced by Aseptic Processing Current Good Manufacturing Practice (September 2004)
- Investigating Out-of-Specification (OOS) Test Results for Pharmaceutical Production (October 2006)
- Process Validation: General Principles and Practices (Jan 2011)



#### **Investigations Operations Manual**

- Primary source of information regarding Agency administrative and general procedural rules for FDA employees who perform field investigational activities
- Assures quality, consistency, and efficiency in field operations
- Extends to all individuals who perform field investigational activities
- Available on-line at

http://www.fda.gov/ICECI/Inspections/IOM/default.htm



#### **Investigations Operations Manual**

#### Contents

- Administration
- Regulatory
- Sampling
- Establishment Inspections
- Imports
- Recall Activities
- ORA Directory
  - incl. field program monitors

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# **Credentials**

- Required by law to be shown upon starting an inspection
- Investigator displays credentials to the top management official ("owner, operator, or agent in charge")
- Management may examine the investigator's credentials and record the number and name
- Credentials are <u>not</u> to be photocopied



#### **Delegated Authority**

When investigators are issued *Credentials*, certain parts of the Commissioner's enforcement authority, as specified in <u>Staff</u> <u>Manual Guide 1410.32</u>, is re-delegated to them. (i.e. conduct examinations, inspections, and investigations; to collect and obtain samples; to have access to and to copy and verify records as authorized by law)

http://www.fda.gov/AboutFDA/ReportsManualsForms/StaffM anualGuides/ucm049578.htm



### **Notice of Inspection**

- Must be issued to start the inspection\*
- All team members must sign
- Original given to firm and copy included in EIR
- Also known as the FDA-482

\*A notice of inspection is not required to be issued during foreign inspections; however credentials should be presented to the top management official.



#### **Notice of Inspection**

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION	1 DISTRICT OFFICE ADDRESS & PHON 1431 Herbor Bay Parkway Alameda, CA 64502 (510)337-6700	66 MC		
2. NAME AND TITLE OF INDIVIDUAL		3. DATE		
Halen E. Castro, Prasklant a. Folia NAAKE		1 0	7/26/13	
ADC Bread Company		5	7:30 a.m.	
0. NUMBER AND STREET 570 Main Street		3	200	
7. CITY AND STATE & DF CODE		1.1	#.m. HONE NO & AREA CODE	
Richmond, CA 94805		(\$10)123-4507		
As a small business that is subject to FDA regulation, you Administration (BBA). This assistance includes a mechanism to National Ombudaman's Office that receives comments from a with to comment on the enforcement actions of FDA, CALL (BB FDA has an Office of the Ombudammen varian directly assist a That office can be reached by calling (301) 796-8530 or by emis	address the enforcement actions of Fr nell businesses about Federal agency () 734-3247. The website address is w nell business with complaints or dispute	enderial endos electros	agencies. SBA has a cement actions. If you is govforribudisman	
For industry information, go to www.tda.gov/bolndustry.	IS THE OF RENT NAMED AND TH	E-m-	FOA Employments	
Sidney H. Rogers	55. TYPE OR PRINT NAME, EXAND TYTUE IS (FDA Employee) (Sidney H. Rogers, Investigator			
<sup>1</sup> Applicative portions of Section 704 and other Bectletis of the Federal Feod, Drug, and Cosmetic Act [21 U.B.C. 374] and quoted below. Since 704(a)(1) For purphoses of enhorsement of this Act, officer or employees duly designated by the Sectedary, upon presenting appropriate co-develuals and a written notice in the zerose operator, or agent in charge, are authorized (A) to enter, a reasonable times, any factory, warehouse, or establishment a which food, drugs, directes, that actor products, or contaction in manufactured, processed, packed, or held, for impoduction into interestate commerce or after such introduction, or to enter a manufactured, processed, packed, or held, for impoduction into interestate commerce or after such introduction, or to enter any vehicle basing used to transport or hold such food, diseas, devices to impect, at reasonable times and within reasonable timits and in a reasonable memory, such factory, watehouse, and (B) to impect, and all performed equipment, finally and instru- materials, containers, and fabeling thereins in the case of any materials, containers, and labeling thereins. In the case of processes, packs, transports, distributes, holds, or imports foots to imspect, packed, transport, distributes, holds, or imports foots to imspect, packet, transports, distributes, holds, or imports foots	under paragraph (1) or (2) of sectory initiations exhabitishmed in sector 414 juantehouse, establishmet, or comprescription drugs, ramprescription greecration drugs, ramprescription (b) and (b) a	414bi d) In- subtry drugs drug	applies, subject to the the case of any factory, a laboratory in which intended for human cits are manufactured, all extend to all things notoesam, controls, and disups, nonpreservation det wolls, or tobacco ded within the meaning attured, antioduced into the being manufactured, in any such place, or to inspection authorized to nearly such place, or to inspection authorized (c) (3) shall extend to nearly such place, or to inspection authorized (c) and extend to nearly such place, or to inspection authorized (c) and extend to nearly authorized to nearly authorized to nearly authorized to nearly authorized to nearly a state of the through antications of the through	
ORM FDA 482 (9/11) PREVIOUS EDITION /S OESOLETE	Page 1 of 3		OTICE OF INSPECTIO	

### FDA-482 Notice of Inspection



## The FDA Inspection Begins...

- Issue Notice of Inspection
- Display Credentials
- Lead investigator states purpose of inspection
- Lead investigator provides general agenda
- Tour facility
- Get into details
- Daily wrap up meetings



#### What are Investigators Looking For?

Verification that a manufacturer is operating in a sufficient state of control by reference to the GMP regulations and policies; if not, the investigator must document accordingly to support necessary action

**CGMP violations include:** 

- Poorly trained employees
- Poorly maintained or contaminated equipment and facilities
- Lack of process control
- Failure to conduct investigations and resolve discrepancies/failures/deviations/complaints



### Investigators look at facility and operations

- Equipment and Facility
- Production
- Packaging and Labeling
- Laboratory
- Warehouse...reject cage

Investigators watch the manufacturing process and employee practices



- Can the firm produce documented evidence of past events?
- Is there scientific evidence to support conclusions made in reports?
- Do investigations or trending reports demonstrate issues that could effect the quality or safety of marketed product?



# **Key Post Market Information**

- Recall [21CFR 7]
- Complaints → FDA, firm, MedWatch
- Field Alert Reports and Biological Product Deviation Reports
  - NDA and ANDA holders are responsible for filing FARs [21CFR314.81(b)(1)]
  - BLA holders are responsible for filing BPDRs [21CFR601.12]
- Rejects

#### Investigators look for data integrity issues

- Not recording activities contemporaneously
- Fabricating data to create acceptable test results or copying existing data as new data
- Discarding data or re-running samples without appropriate documentation
- Data looks to good to be true
- Failing stability studies not submitted in the filing
- No raw data (i.e. sample weights, standard prep, sample solution prep)



#### **Documentation of inspectional findings**

Inspection findings that demonstrate that a firm is not operating in a state of control may be used as evidence for taking appropriate advisory, administrative and/or judicial actions.

#### **Examples of Evidence:**

- Direct observation of CGMP deviations
- Procedures
  - Observe not following or lack of a written procedure
- Verbal communications
  - Admission that a violation occurred
- Written records and documents
- Investigator's regulatory notes
  - Written record created during inspection



# **Regulatory Notes**

- Are the contemporaneous, sequential record of daily investigatory efforts
- They record observations relevant to violations
- They document positive findings and corrective actions
- Should be accurate, objective, factual and free of personal feelings or conclusions
- Are the property of the government and are releasable under the Freedom Of Information Act
- Are used to refresh the investigator's memory when reporting certain important details of the inspection and serves as the basis for reports



# The FDA inspection ends...

- Formal Close Out
- May include:
  - Sample Collections
  - Affidavits (domestic)
  - Issuance of FDA 483, Inspectional Observations

# The FDA inspection ends...

- Inspections are generally classified into one of three categories
  - NAI-No Action Indicated
  - VAI-Voluntary Action Indicated
  - OAI-Official Action Indicated
- Initial outcome:
  - PAI: Investigator informs firm management at the conclusion of the inspection of his/her initial recommendation
  - Post-Approval: Investigator will not provide recommendation at the conclusion of inspection
- Expect a copy of FDA inspection report



### Back at the FDA office investigators...

- Write the Establishment Inspection Report
  - Must be done in a timely manner
  - Incorporate all inspectional findings from each team member
- Communicate with District personnel
  - Investigations Branch
  - Compliance Branch
- Communicate with laboratory
  - Prepare sample collection reports
- Submit District recommendation



# **GMP Findings**

- FMD-86 Establishment Inspection Report Conclusions and Decisions
  - Voluntary Action
  - Advisory Action (i.e. Warning Letter, Untitled Letter)
  - Legal Sanctions (i.e. seizure, injunction, prosecution



http://www.fda.gov/downloads/ICECI/Inspection s/FieldManagementDirectives/UCM382035.pdf

Positive behaviors recognized



# **Poll Question #3**

# What would be most difficult in preparing for an FDA inspection?

Edit	) End	Poll
ion?		
	0%	(0)
_	0%	(0)
s	0%	(0)
	0%	(0)
	Edit	ion? 0% 0%



#### **To ensure a successful FDA inspection:**

- Know and comply with FDA regulations and policies
- Ensure an effective quality system.
- Say what you do, and do what you say... have written SOPs and train your staff to follow them
- Ask the investigator for clarification if you don't understand or agree with an observation
- Be proactive and have a good attitude
- Display a willingness to correct problems...but don't promise to make a correction if you don't agree or are not positive you will be able to follow through

#### ...and be prepared for the FDA inspection!!!



# **Take Home Message**

### **Be Prepared For the FDA Inspection**

- Assure you and your staff are following and know the cGMP regulations and related FDA guidance
- Assure management is aware of significant issues before inspection
- Define roles and have responsible person for issues identified and accountable
- Constantly improve systems and processes

# If you are committed to making a high quality drug you will not have a problem!!!

# **Questions?**

#### Evaluation: <a href="mailto:surveymonkey.com/r/CGMP-D2S3">surveymonkey.com/r/CGMP-D2S3</a>